



Precision 8-Channels, Differential 4-Channels, 36V Analog Multiplexers

Features

→ Low On-Capacitance

PS508: 30pF

PS509: 20pF

→ Low Input Leakage: 30pA

→ Low Charge Injection: 0.9pC

→ Rail-to-Rail Operation

→ Wide Supply Range: ±5V to ±18V, 10V to 36V

→ Low On-Resistance: 125Ω
 → Transition Time: 171ns

→ Break-Before-Make Switching Action

→ EN Pin Connectable to VDD

→ Logic Levels: 2V to VDD

→ Low Supply Current: 135μA

→ ESD Protection HBM: 2000V

→ Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)

→ Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)

→ For automotive applications requiring specific change control (i.e. parts qualified to AEC-Q100/101/200, PPAP capable, and manufactured in IATF 16949 certified facilities), please contact us or your local Diodes representative.

https://www.diodes.com/quality/product-definitions/

- → Packaging (Pb-free & Green):
 - □ 16-pin TSSOP (L)
 - 16-pin QSOP (Q)
 - 16-pin SOIC (W)

Truth Tables

PS509						
EN	A1	A0	STATE			
0	X*	X*	All channels are off			
1	0	0	Channels 1A and 1B on			
1	0	1	Channels 2A and 2B on			
1	1	0	Channels 3A and 3B on			
1	1	1	Channels 4A and 4B on			

^{*} X denotes don't care.

Description

The PS508 and PS509 are modern, complementary metal-oxide semiconductor (CMOS), analog multiplexers (muxes). The PS508 offers 8:1 single-ended channels, whereas the PS509 offers differential 4:1 or dual 4:1 single-ended channels. The PS508 and PS509 work equally well with either dual supplies (\pm 5V to \pm 18V) or a single supply (10 V to 36 V). They also perform well with symmetric supplies (such as VDD = 12V, VSS = -12V), and unsymmetric supplies (such as VDD = 12V, VSS = -5V). All digital inputs have TTL-logic compatible thresholds, ensuring both TTL and CMOS logic compatibility when operating in the valid supply voltage range.

The PS508 and PS509 have very low on and off leakage currents, allowing these multiplexers to switch signals from high input impedance sources with minimal error. A low supply current of 135 μ A allows for use in portable applications.

Applications

- → Factory Automation and Industrial Process Controls
- → Programmable Logic Controllers (PLC)
- → Analog Input Modules
- → ATE Test Equipment
- → Digital Multimeters
- → Battery Monitoring Systems

Truth Tables

	PS508							
EN	A2	A1	A0	STATE				
0	X*	X*	Х*	All channels are off				
1	0	0	0	Channel 1 on				
1	0	0	1	Channel 2 on				
1	0	1	0	Channel 3 on				
1	0	1	1	Channel 4 on				
1	1	0	0	Channel 5 on				
1	1	0	1	Channel 6 on				
1	1	1	0	Channel 7 on				
1	1	1	1	Channel 8 on				

^{*} X denotes don't care.

Notes:

^{1.} No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.

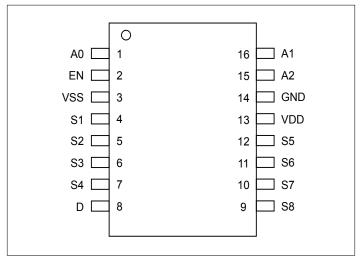
^{2.} See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.

^{3.} Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.





Pin Configuration PS508



Pin Description

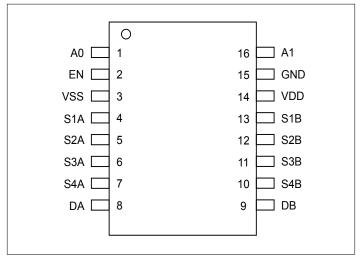
Pin#	Pin Name	Type	Description
1	A0	I	Address line 0.
16	A1	I	Address line 1.
15	A2	I	Address line 2.
8	D	I/O	Drain pin.
2	EN	I	Active high digital input. When this pin is low, all switches are turned off. When this pin is high, the A[2:0] logic inputs determine which switch is turned on.
14	GND	Power	Ground.
4	S1	I/O	Source pin 1.
5	S2	I/O	Source pin 2.
6	S3	I/O	Source pin 3.
7	S4	I/O	Source pin 4.
12	S5	I/O	Source pin 5.
11	S6	I/O	Source pin 6.
10	S7	I/O	Source pin 7.
9	S8	I/O	Source pin 8.
13	VDD	Power	Positive power supply. This pin is the most positive power-supply potential. For reliable operation, connect a decoupling capacitor ranging from 0.1µF to 10µF between VDD and GND.
3	VSS	Power	Negative power supply. This pin is the most negative power-supply potential. In single-supply applications, this pin can be connected to ground. For reliable operation, connect a decoupling capacitor ranging from $0.1\mu F$ to $10\mu F$ between VSS and GND.

Note: I = Input, O = Output and I/O = Input/Output





Pin Configuration PS509



Pin Description

Pin#	Pin Name	Type	Description
1	A0	I	Address line 0.
16	A1	I	Address line 1.
8	DA	I/O	Drain pin A. Can be an input or output.
9	DB	I/O	Drain pin B. Can be an input or output.
2	EN	I	Active high digital input. When this pin is low, all switches are turned off. When this pin is high, the A[1:0] logic inputs determine which pair of switches is turned on.
15	GND	Pwr	Ground (0 V) reference
4	S1A	I/O	Source pin 1A. Can be an input or output.
5	S2A	I/O	Source pin 2A. Can be an input or output.
6	S3A	I/O	Source pin 3A. Can be an input or output.
7	S4A	I/O	Source pin 4A. Can be an input or output.
13	S1B	I/O	Source pin 1B. Can be an input or output.
12	S2B	I/O	Source pin 2B. Can be an input or output.
11	S3B	I/O	Source pin 3B. Can be an input or output.
10	S4B	I/O	Source pin 4B. Can be an input or output.
14	VDD	Pwr	Positive power supply. This pin is the most positive power supply potential. For reliable operation, connect a decoupling capacitor ranging from 0.1 μ F to 10 μ F between VDD and GND.
3	VSS	Pwr	Negative power supply. This pin is the most negative power supply potential. In single supply applications, this pin can be connected to ground. For reliable operation, connect a decoupling capacitor ranging from 0.1 μF to 10 μF between VSS and GND.

Note: I = Input, O = Output and I/O = Input/Output





Maximum Ratings

(Above which useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

Storage Temperature65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature
Operating Temperature –40°C to +125°C
Supply Voltage to Ground Potential, V _{DD} 0.3V to +40V
Supply Voltage to Ground Potential, V_{SS} 40 to +0.3V
Supply Voltage, V _{DD} -V _{SS} +40V
Digital Input Voltage (EN A0, A1, A2 pins) V_{SS} –0.3 to V_{dd} +0.3 V_{dd}
Digital Input Current (EN A0, A1, A2 pins)30 to +30 mA
Analog Input Voltage (Sx, SxA, SxB pins)V _{SS} –2 to V _{dd} +2V
Analog Input Current (Sx, SxA, SxB pins)30 to +30 mA
Analog Output Voltage (D, DA, DB pins)V _{SS} -2 to V _{dd} +2V
Analog Output Current (D, DA, DB pins)30 to +30 mA

Note:

Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

ESD Ratings

Symbol	Parameters	Conditions	Value	Units		
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	2000	V		
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	500	V		

Note:

Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameters		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
1 7 (1)	Docitivo movem summly voltage	Dual supply	5		18	V
$V_{DD}^{(1)}$	Positive power-supply voltage	Single supply	10		36	V
$V_{ss}^{(2)}$	Negative power-supply voltage (dual supply)		-5		-18	V
V _{DD} - V _{SS}	Supply voltage				36	V
VS	Source pins voltage ⁽³⁾		V _{ss}		V _{DD}	V
VD	Drain pins voltage				V _{DD}	V
V _{EN}	Enable pin voltage		V _{ss}		V _{DD}	V
VA	Address pins voltage		V _{ss}		V _{DD}	V
I _{CH}	Channel current (TA = 25°C)		-25		25	mA
TA	Operating temperature		-40		125	°C

Note:

- 1. When VSS = 0 V, VDD can range from 10 V to 36 V.
- 2. VDD and VSS can be any value as long as 10 V \leq (VDD VSS) \leq 36 V, and VDD \geq 5 V.
- 3. VS is the voltage on all the S pins.

^{1.} JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allow safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

^{2.} JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V HBM allow safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.





Electrical Characteristics: Dual Supply At $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = 15$ V, and $V_{SS} = -15$ V (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameters	Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Analog Swi	tch						
	Analog signal range	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$		V _{ss}		V _{DD}	V
		$V_S = 0V$, $I_{CH} = 1mA$			125	170	Ω
D	On-resistance				145	200	Ω
R _{ON}	On-resistance	$V_{S} = \pm 10V$, $I_{CH} = 1mA$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			230	Ω
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			250	Ω
	On-resistance mis-				2.4	6	Ω
$\Delta R_{_{\mathrm{ON}}}$	match between chan-	$V_{S} = \pm 10V, I_{CH} = 1mA$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			9	Ω
	nels		$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			11	Ω
					22	45	Ω
R _{FLAT}	On-resistance flatness	$V_{S} = 10V, 0V, -10V$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			53	Ω
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			58	Ω
	On-resistance drift	$V_S = 0V$			0.52		%/°C
		Switch state is off, $V_S = \pm 10V$, $V_D = \pm 10V^{(1)}$		-1	0.03	1	nA
I _{S(OFF)} Input	Input leakage current		$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C	-10		10	nA
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	-25		25	nA
	Output off leakage current	Switch state is off, $V_S = \pm 10V$, $V_D = \pm 10V^{(1)}$		-1	0.22	1	nA
$I_{D(OFF)}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$	-10		10	nA
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	-50		50	nA
				-1	0.25	1	nA
$I_{D(ON)}$	Output on leakage current	Switch state is on, $V_D = \pm 10V$, $V_S = \text{floating}$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$	-10		10	nA
	current	210 v, v _s – Hoating	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	-50		50	nA
Logic Input	<u> </u>					_	
$V_{_{\mathrm{IH}}}$	High-level input voltage			2.0			V
$V_{_{\mathrm{IL}}}$	Low-level input voltage					0.8	V
ID	Input current					0.15	μА
Switch Dyn	aamics ⁽²⁾						
					126	210	ns
t _{on}	Enable turn-on time	$V_S = \pm 10V, R_L = 300\Omega,$	$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C			210	ns
		$C_L = 35pF$	$T_A = -40$ °C to +125°C			210	ns
					125	191	ns
t _{OFF}	Enable turn-off time	$V_{S} = \pm 10V, R_{L} = 300\Omega,$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			191	ns
OFF		$C_L = 35 \text{pF}$ $T_A = -40 \text{ C to } +125 \text{ C}$ $T_A = -40 \text{ C to } +125 \text{ C}$		1	1	1	1





Electrical Characteristics: Dual Supply Cont.

Symbol	Parameters Conditions			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
		W 10W B 2000			171	310	ns
t _t	Transition time	$V_{S} = 10V, R_{L} = 300\Omega,$ $C_{I} = 35pF,$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			310	ns
		C _L = 33pF,	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			310	ns
t _{BBM}	Break-before-make time delay	$V_{s} = 10V, R_{L} = 300\Omega, C$ +125°C	$_{L} = 35 \text{pF}, T_{A} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C to}$	30	75		ns
0	Charge injection	$C_1 = 1$ nF, $R_S = 0$ Ω	$V_S = 0V$		0.9		рC
Q_{J}	Charge injection	$C_L = IIIF, K_S = 022$	$V_{s} = -15V \text{ to } +15V$		±2		рC
	00.14	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $V_S = 1V_{RMS}$,	Nonadjacent channel to D, DA, DB		-96		dB
	Off-isolation	f = 1MHz	Adjacent channel to D, DA, DB		-85		dB
	Channel-to-channel	$R_{L} = 50\Omega, V_{S} = 1V_{RMS},$ $f = 1MHz$	Nonadjacent channels		-96		dB
	crosstalk		Adjacent channels		-88		dB
C _{S(OFF)}	Input off-capacitance	$f = 1MHz$, $V_s = 0V$			5	7	pF
	Output off-capacitance	$f = 1MHz, V_s = 0V$	PS508		24	30	pF
$C_{D(OFF)}$	Output on-capacitance	1 – 111112, V _S – 0 V	PS509		15	20	pF
C	Input/Output on-ca-	f 1MII- W OW	PS508		30	36	pF
$C_{D(ON)}$	pacitance	$f = 1MHz, V_S = 0V$	PS509		20	25	pF
Power Supp	ly						
					135	200	μΑ
	V _{DD} supply current	All $V_A = 0V$ or 3.3V,	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			200	μA
		$V_{S} = 0V, V_{EN} = 3.3V$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			200	μA
		A 11 17 OV 2 CV			135	200	μA
	V _{ss} supply current	All $V_A = 0V$ or 3.3V, $V_S = 0V$, $V_{EN} = 3.3V$,	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			200	μΑ
		$v_S - v_V, v_{EN} = 3.3V,$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			200	μA

Note:

 $^{1.\} When\ VS$ is positive, VD is negative, and vice versa.

^{2.} Specified by design, not production tested.





Electrical Characteristics: Single Supply at $\rm T_A=25^{\circ}C$, $\rm V_{DD}=12V$, and $\rm V_{SS}=0V$ (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameters	Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Analog Swi	tch					1	
	Analog signal range	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$		V _{ss}		V _{DD}	V
					235	340	Ω
R_{ON}	On-resistance	$V_{S} = +10V, I_{CH} = 1mA$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			390	Ω
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			430	Ω
	On-resistance				3.1	12	Ω
$\Delta R_{_{ON}}$	mismatch between	$V_{S} = +10V, I_{CH} = 1mA$	$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C			19	Ω
	channels		$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			23	Ω
	On-resistance drift	$V_s = 10V$			0.47		%/°C
		Switch state is off, $V_s =$		-1	0.03	1	nA
$I_{S(OFF)}$	Input leakage current	$1V \text{ and } V_D = 10V, \text{ or } V_S$	$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C	-10		10	nA
		$= 10V \text{ and } V_D = 1V^{(1)}$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	-25		25	nA
$I_{D(OFF)}$		Switch state is off, $V_S = 1V$ and $V_D = 10V$, or $V_S = 10V$ and $V_D = 1V^{(1)}$		-1	0.22	1	nA
	Output off leakage current		$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$	-10		10	nA
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	-50		50	nA
	Output on leakage	Switch state is on, V_D = 1V and 10V, V_S =		-1	0.25	1	nA
$\boldsymbol{I}_{D(ON)}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$	-10		10	nA
	current	floating	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	-50		50	nA
Logic Input	:						
$V_{_{\mathrm{IH}}}$	High-level input voltage			2.0			V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage					0.8	V
ID	Input current					0.15	μА
Switch Dyn	amics ⁽²⁾					•	
					115	220	ns
t _{on}	Enable turn-on time	$V_S = 8V, R_L = 300\Omega,$ $C_I = 35pF$	$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C			220	ns
		S _L -33Pi	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			220	ns
					118	200	ns
t_{OFF}	Enable turn-off time	$\begin{vmatrix} V_s = 8V, R_L = 300\Omega, \\ C_L = 35pF \end{vmatrix}$	$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C			200	ns
		C _L – 33pr	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			200	ns





Electrical Characteristics: Single Supply Cont.

Symbol	Parameters	Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
		$V_{S} = 8V, R_{L} = 300\Omega, C_{L}$	= 35pF		212	418	ns
t _t	Transition time	$V_{\rm S} = 8V, R_{\rm L} = 300\Omega,$ $C_{\rm L} = 35 {\rm pF}$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			418	ns
		$V_{S} = 8V, R_{L} = 300\Omega,$ $C_{L} = 35pF$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			418	ns
$t_{_{\rm BBM}}$	Break-before-make time delay	$V_{S} = 8V, R_{L} = 300\Omega, C_{L} = 125^{\circ}C$	= 35pF, $T_A = -40$ °C to	30	120		ns
0	Charge injection	$C_{t} = 1nF, R_{s} = 0\Omega$	$V_s = 6 \text{ V}$		0.5		рC
Q_{J}	Charge injection	$C_L = IIII^*, K_S = 022$	$V_{s} = 0 \text{ V to } 12 \text{ V},$		±1.5		рC
	Off :1-4:	$R_{L} = 50\Omega, V_{S} = 1V_{RMS},$	Nonadjacent channel to D, DA, DB		-96		dB
	Off-isolation	f = 1MHz	Adjacent channel to D, DA, DB		-85		dB
	Channel-to-channel	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $V_S = 1V_{RMS}$,	Nonadjacent channels		-96		dB
	crosstalk	f = 1MHz	Adjacent channels		-88		dB
C _{S(OFF)}	Input off-capacitance	$f = 1MHz, V_s = 6V$			5	7	pF
	Output off-capaci-	C IMIL W CV	PS508		24	30	pF
$C_{D(OFF)}$	tance	$f = 1MHz$, $V_s = 6V$	PS509		15	20	pF
C	Input/Output on-	f _ 1MHz V _ 6V	PS508		30	36	pF
$C_{D(ON)}$	capacitance	$f = 1MHz, V_S = 6V$	PS509		21	25	pF
Power Suppl	y						
					104	160	μA
	VDD supply current	All $V_A = 0V$ or 3.3V, $V_S = 0V$, $V_{EN} = 3.3V$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			160	μA
		v _S -0v, v _{EN} -3.3v	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			160	μΑ
					104	160	μΑ
	VSS supply current	All $V_A = 0V$ or 3.3V, $V_S = 0V$, $V_{EN} = 3.3V$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			160	μA
		v _S - 0v, v _{EN} - 3.3 v	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			160	μΑ

Note:

^{1.} When VS is 1 V, VD is 10 V, and vice versa.

^{2.} Specified by design, not production tested.





Test Circuit

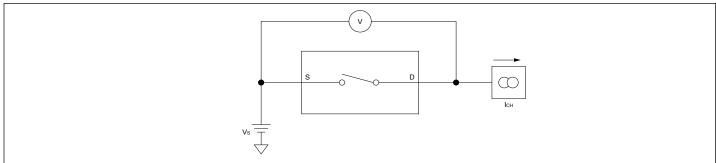


Figure 1. On-Resistance Measurement Setup

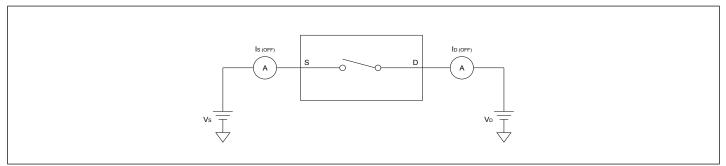


Figure 2. Off-Leakage Measurement Setup

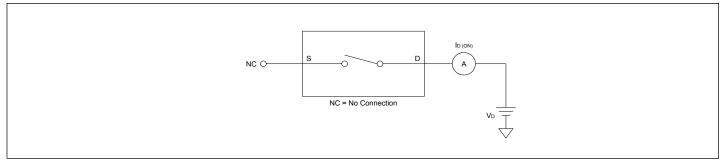


Figure 3. On-Leakage Measurement Setup

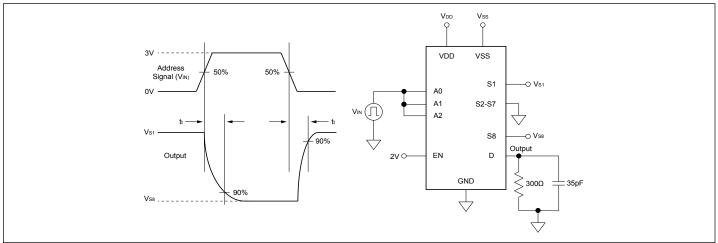


Figure 4. Transition-Time Measurement Setup



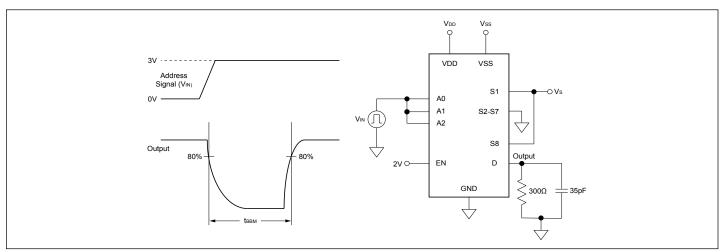


Figure 5. Break-Before-Make Delay Measurement Setup

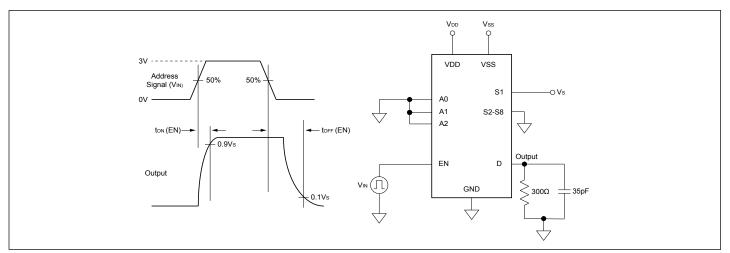


Figure 6. Turn-On and Turn-Off Time Measurement Setup

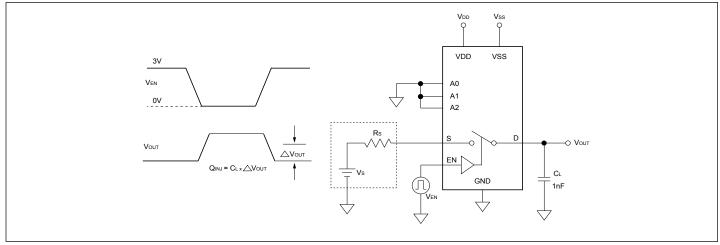


Figure 7. Charge-Injection Measurement Setup





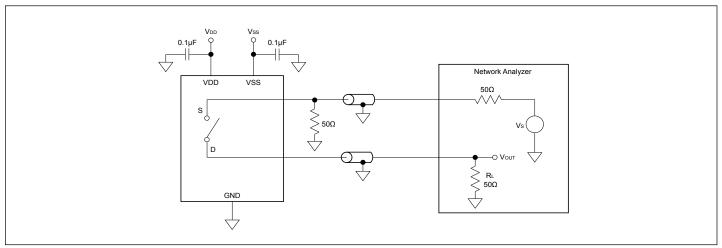


Figure 8. Off Isolation Measurement Setup

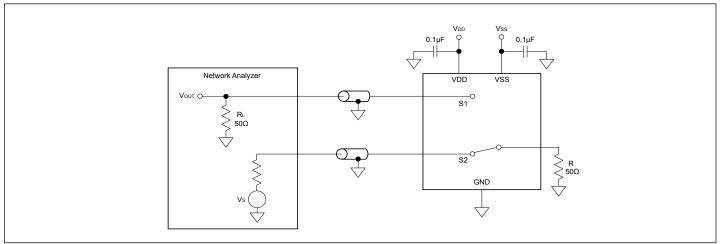


Figure 9. Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk Measurement Setup

Part Marking

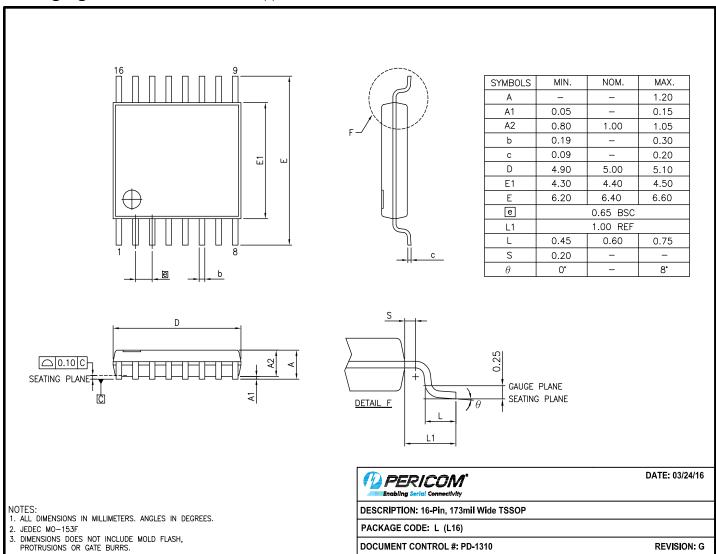
Top mark not available at this time. To obtain advance information regarding the top mark, please contact your local sales representative.

www.diodes.com





Packaging Mechanical: 16-TSSOP (L)

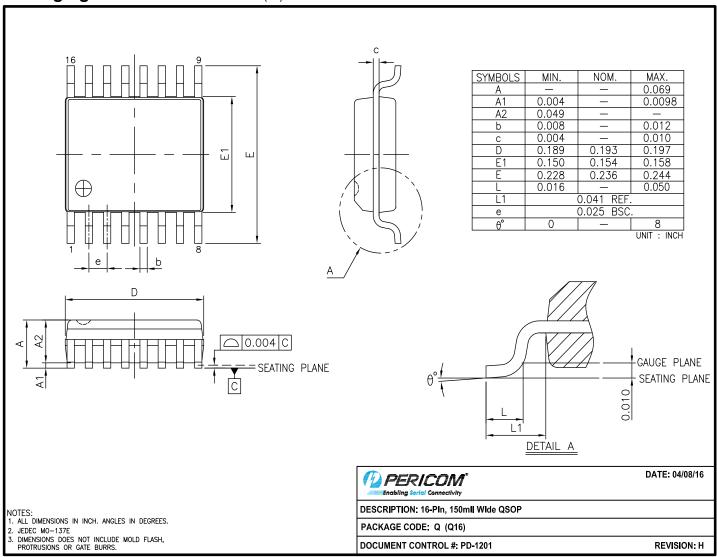


16-0061





Packaging Mechanical: 16-QSOP (Q)

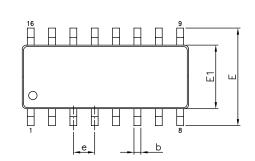


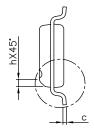
16-0056



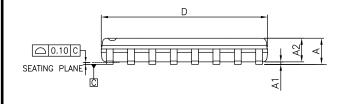


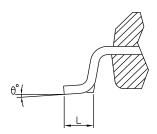
Packaging Mechanical: 16-SOIC (W)





SYMBOLS	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
Α	I	_	1.75
A1	0.10	_	0.25
A2	1.00	_	_
b	0.31	_	0.51
С	0.10	_	0.25
D	9.80	9.90	10.0
E	5.80	6.00	6.20
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00
е		1.27 BSC	
L	0.40	_	1.27
h	0.15	_	0.50
θ°	0	_	8





- NOTES:

 1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES IN DEGREES.

 2. JEDEC OUTLINE: MS-012 AC

 3. DIMENSIONS DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS.

 4. THE MIN. DIMENSION OF A2 AND h ARE OUT OF JEDEC SPEC.

DECES.	PERICON APPROPRIATE PROPERTY P	DATE: 06/30/16		
DESCRIPTION: 16-Pin, 150mil Wide SOIC				
PACKAGE CODE: W				
DOCUMENT CONTROL #: PD-1004		REVISION: G		

For latest package info.

please check: http://www.diodes.com/design/support/packaging/pericom-packaging/packaging-mechanicals-and-thermal-characteristics/

Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Package Code	Package Description
PS508LEX	L	16-pin, 173mil Wide (TSSOP)
PS508QEX	Q	16-pin, 150mil Wide (QSOP)
PS508WEX	W	16-pin, 150mil Wide (SOIC)
PS509LEX	L	16-pin, 173mil Wide (TSSOP)
PS509QEX	Q	16-pin, 150mil Wide (QSOP)
PS509WEX	W	16-pin, 150mil Wide (SOIC)

Notes:

- 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.
- 2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
- 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.
- 4. E = Pb-free and Green
- 5. X suffix = Tape/Reel





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- 2. support or sustain life and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
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