

CY62167G30/CY62167GE30

16-Mbit (1M words × 16-bit/ 2M words × 8-bit) Static RAM with Error-Correcting Code (ECC)

Features

- Ultra-low standby current □ Typical standby current: 1.5 µA Maximum standby current: 8 µA
- High speed: 45 ns
- Embedded error-correcting code (ECC) for single-bit error correction^[1]
- Operating voltage range: 2.2 V to 3.6 V
- 1.0-V data retention
- Transistor-transistor logic (TTL) compatible inputs and outputs
- Error indication (ERR) pin to indicate 1-bit error detection and correction
- 48-pin TSOP I package configurable as 1M × 16 or 2M × 8 SRAM
- Available in Pb-free 48-ball VFBGA and 48-pin TSOP I packages

Functional Description

CY62167G30 and CY62167GE30 are high-performance CMOS, low-power (MoBL[®]) SRAM devices with embedded ECC^[2]. Both devices are offered in single and dual chip enable options and in multiple pin configurations. The CY62167GE30 device includes an ERR pin that signals a single-bit error-detection and correction event during a read cycle.

To access devices with a single chip enable input, assert the chip enable (CE) input LOW. To access dual chip enable devices, assert both chip enable inputs – CE_1 as LOW and CE_2 as HIGH.

To perform data writes, assert the Write Enable (WE) input LOW, and provide the data and address on the device data pins (I/O₀

Product Portfolio

through I/O₁₅) and address pins (A₀ through A₁₉) respectively. The Byte High Enable (BHE) and Byte Low Enable (BLE) inputs control byte writes and write data on the corresponding I/O lines to the memory location specified. BHE controls I/O8 through I/O_{15} and \overline{BLE} controls I/O_0 through I/O_7 .

To perform data reads, assert the Output Enable (\overline{OE}) input and provide the required address on the address lines. You can access read data on the I/O lines (I/O₀ through I/O₁₅). To perform byte accesses, assert the required byte enable signal (BHE or BLE) to read either the upper byte or the lower byte of data from the specified address location.

All I/Os (I/O₀ through I/O₁₅) are placed in a high-impedance state when the device is deselected (CE HIGH for a single chip enable device and \overline{CE}_1 HIGH/CE₂ LOW for a dual chip enable device), or the control signals are de-asserted (OE, BLE, BHE).

These devices have a unique Byte Power-down feature where, if both the Byte Enables (BHE and BLE) are disabled, the devices seamlessly switch to the standby mode irrespective of the state of the chip enables, thereby saving power.

On the CY62167GE30 devices, the detection and correction of a single-bit error in the accessed location is indicated by the assertion of the ERR output (ERR = High). See the Truth Table - CY62167G30/CY62167GE30 on page 15 for a complete description of read and write modes.

The CY62167G30 and CY62167GE30 devices are available in a Pb-free 48-pin TSOP I package and 48-ball VFBGA packages. See the Logic Block Diagram - CY62167G30 on page 2.

The device in the 48-pin TSOP I package can also be configured to function as a 2M words \times 8 bit device. Refer to the Pin Configurations section for details.

For a complete list of related documentation, click here.

Product	Features and				Current Consumption			
	Options (see the Pin	Range	V _{CC} Range (V)	Speed (ns)	Operating I _{CC} , (mA)		Standby, I _{SB2} (µA)	
	Configurations	Range	VCC Range (V)	• • •	f = 1	f = f _{max}		Мах
	section)				Typ ^[5]	Max	Typ ^[5]	max
CY62167G30/ CY62167GE30 ^[3, 4]	Single or Dual Chip Enables Optional ERR pin	Industrial	2.2 V–3.6 V	45	29	35	1.5	8

Notes

SER FIT rate <0.1 FIT/Mb. Refer to AN88889 for details.

This device does not support automatic write-back on error detection.

198 Champion Court

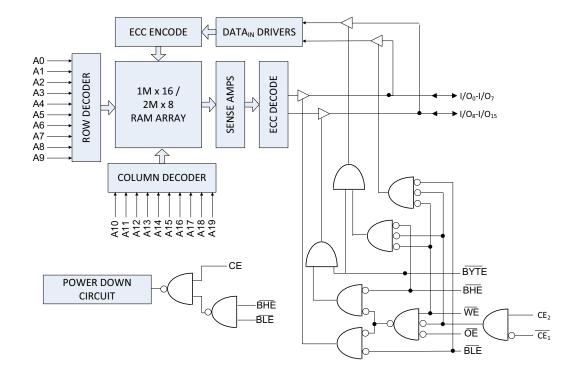
This device offers improved I_{CC}, I_{SB1} and I_{SB2} specifications compared to the previous revision with same marketing part number. For previous version of this device, kindly refer here. Further details about improvement and comparison between old and new versions can be found in the PIN193805.

^{5.} Typical values are included only for reference and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = 3 V (for V_{CC} range of 2.2 V–3.6 V), T_A = 25 °C.

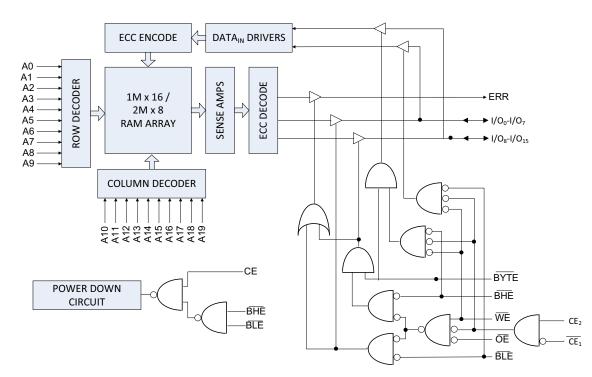




Logic Block Diagram – CY62167G30



Logic Block Diagram – CY62167GE30





Contents

Pin Configuration – CY62167G30	4
Pin Configuration – CY62167GE30	
Maximum Ratings	7
Operating Range	7
DC Electrical Characteristics	7
Capacitance	8
Thermal Resistance	8
AC Test Loads and Waveforms	8
Data Retention Characteristics	9
Data Retention Waveform	9
Switching Characteristics	
Switching Waveforms	11
Truth Table - CY62167G30/CY62167GE30	15
ERR Output - CY62167GE30	15

Ordering Information	16
Ordering Code Definitions	
Package Diagrams	
Acronyms	19
Document Conventions	19
Units of Measure	19
Document History Page	20
Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information	21
Worldwide Sales and Design Support	21
Products	21
PSoC® Solutions	21
Cypress Developer Community	21
Technical Support	21



Pin Configuration – CY62167G30

Figure 1. 48-ball VFBGA Pinout (Dual Chip Enable without ERR) – CY62167G30^[6]

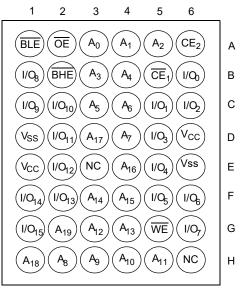


Figure 2. 48-pin TSOP I Pinout (Dual Chip Enable without ERR) – CY62167G30^[6, 7]

A15 🗖 1	48 = <u>A16</u>
A14 0	
A14 E 2 A13 E 3	46 V ss
A13 4 4	40 VSS
	45 = I/O15/A20
	44 🖿 1/07
A10 = 6	43 = I/014
A9 🗖 7	42 🗖 1/06
A8 🗖 8	41 🗖 I/O13
A19 🗖 9	40 = 1/05 39 = 1/012
NC E 10 WE E 11	39 🗖 I/O12
WE 📥 11	38 🗖 1/04
CE ₂ = 12 NC = 13	37 🗖 Vcc
	36 🗖 1/011
BHE 🖬 14	35 🗖 1/03
BLE 🗖 15	34 🗖 I/O10
A18 🗖 16	33 🗖 1/02
A17 🗖 17	32 🗖 1/09
A7 🗖 18	31 🗖 1/01
A6 🗖 19	30 🗖 1/08
A5 🗖 20	29 = <u>1/O</u> 0
A4 🗖 21	28 🗖 OE
A3 = 22	27 🗖 Vss
A2 = 23	27 = <u>Vss</u> 26 = CE ₁
A1 24	25 = A0
111 27	23 - A0

- 6. NC pins are not connected internally to the die and are typically used for address expansion to a higher-density device. Refer to the respective datasheets for pin configuration.
- 7. Tie the BYTE pin in the 48-pin TSOP I package to V_{CC} to use the device as a 1M × 16 SRAM. The 48-pin TSOP I package can also be used as a 2M × 8 SRAM by tying the BYTE signal to V_{SS}. In the 2M × 8 configuration, pin 45 is the extra address line A20, while BHE, BLE, and I/O₈ to I/O₁₄ pins are not used and can be left floating.



Pin Configuration – CY62167GE30

Figure 3. 48-ball VFBGA Pinout (Single Chip Enable with ERR) – CY62167GE30 ^[8, 9]

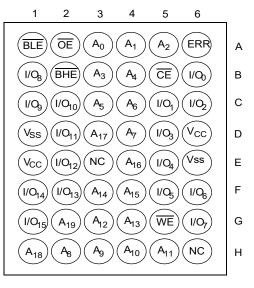
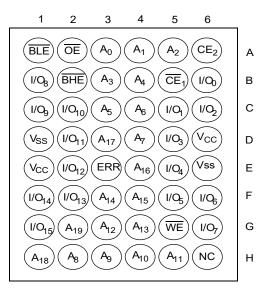


Figure 4. 48-ball VFBGA Pinout (Dual Chip Enable with ERR) – CY62167GE30 ^[8, 9]



Notes

9. ERR is an Output pin. If not used, this pin should be left floating.

^{8.} NC pins are not connected internally to the die and are typically used for address expansion to a higher-density device. Refer to the respective datasheets for pin configuration.



Pin Configuration – CY62167GE30 (continued)

A15 I 48 $=$ A16 A14 I 47 $=$ BYTE A13 3 46 Vss A12 4 45 I/015/A20 A11 5 44 I/07 A10 6 43 I/014 A10 6 44 I/07 A10 6 43 I/014 A9 7 42 I/06 A8 41 I/013 41 A9 9 40 I/05 NC 10 39 I/012 WE 11 38 I/012 WE 12 10 39 I/01 39 I/012 38 WE 13 I/02 37 We 13 I/03 I/03 BLE 14 35 I/03 BLE 15 31 I/01 A1 16 33 I/02 A7 18 100 39 I/02 A5 20 <th>0</th> <th></th>	0	
A14 2 47 B YTE A13 3 46 Vss A12 4 45 U/015/A20 A11 5 44 $1/07$ A11 6 43 $1/07$ A10 6 43 $1/07$ A11 7 42 $1/07$ A11 6 43 $1/07$ A10 6 43 $1/07$ A19 7 42 $1/07$ A8 8 41 $1/014$ A9 7 40 $1/05$ NC 10 39 $1/012$ NC 11 00 39 $1/012$ NC 12 12 37 $1/04$ Vec 11 38 $1/04$ $0/04$ CE_2 12 37 $1/02$ $1/03$ BHE 14 35 $1/02$ $1/02$ A18 16 33 $1/02$ $1/02$ A7 18 19 30 $1/02$	A15 🗖 1	48 🗖 A16
A13 3 46 Vss A12 4 45 I/015/A200 A11 5 44 4107 A10 6 43 11/014 A9 17 42 11/06 A8 8 41 11/013 A19 9 40 11/05 NC 10 39 11/013 A19 9 40 11/05 NC 10 39 11/012 WE 11 38 11/012 WE 11 38 11/012 BHE 14 35 11/02 A17 15 34 11/01 A6 19 30 11/02 A7 18 31 1/01 A6 19 30 11/08 A5 20 29 100 A4 21 28 0E A3 22 27 28 0E A3 22 27 28 0E A7	A14 📥 2	47 BYTE
A12 4 45 $I/O15/A20$ A11 5 44 $I/O7$ A10 6 43 $I/O14$ A9 7 42 $I/O6$ A8 8 41 $I/O13$ A19 9 40 $I/O13$ A19 9 40 $I/O13$ NC 10 39 $I/O12$ WE 11 38 $I/O4$ CE2 12 37 Vxc ERC 13 36 $I/O10$ BHE 15 34 $I/O10$ A17 17 32 $I/O2$ A7 18 31 $I/O1$ A5 20 29 $I/O0$ A4 21 28 OE A3 22 27 Vys	A13 🔜 3	46 🗖 Vss
A11 \mathbf{E} 44 \mathbf{E} 107 A10 \mathbf{E} 43 \mathbf{E} 1014 A9 \mathbf{T} 42 \mathbf{E} 106 A8 \mathbf{B} 41 \mathbf{E} 103 A19 9 40 \mathbf{E} 105 NC 10 39 \mathbf{E} 101 WE 11 38 \mathbf{E} 1004 VC 212 37 \mathbf{Vcc} \mathbf{ERRE} 14 35 \mathbf{E} BHE 14 35 1003 1004 35 1003 BLE 15 34 1001 35 1003 BLE 16 33 1002 31 1002 A17 18 19 30 1008 45 20 29 1000 A5 20 22 23 27 28 100	A12 🗖 4	45 🗖 I/O15/A20
A10 6 43 $1/014$ A9 7 42 $1/06$ A8 8 41 $1/013$ A19 9 40 $1/05$ NC 10 39 $1/012$ WE 11 38 $1/012$ WE 11 38 $1/012$ WE 11 38 $1/011$ BHE 13 36 $1/011$ BHE 15 34 $1/010$ A17 16 33 $1/02$ A7 18 31 $1/01$ A6 19 30 $1/08$ A5 20 29 $1/00$ A4 21 28 $0E$ A3 22 23 26	A11 🖬 5	44 🗖 1/07
A9 7 42 $UO6$ A8 41 $UO6$ A8 41 $UO13$ A19 9 40 $UO5$ NC 10 39 $UO12$ WE 11 38 $UO4$ CE2 12 37 Vcc BHE 12 36 $UO11$ BHE 15 34 $UO10$ A17 15 34 $UO1$ A5 10 30 $UO2$ A7 18 31 $UO1$ A6 19 30 $UO8$ A5 20 29 $UO0$ A4 21 28 OE A3 22 27 Vss	A10 🗖 6	43 🗖 1/014
A8 41 μ 1/013 A19 9 40 MC 10 39 WE 10 38 UO12 38 μ 1/013 WE 11 38 μ 1/012 WE 12 37 Vcc ERR 13 36 μ 1/011 BHE 14 35 μ 1/010 A18 16 33 μ 1/02 A17 17 32 μ 1/01 A6 19 30 μ 1/08 A5 20 29 μ 1/08 A4 21 28 D A3 22 27 Vss		42 🗖 1/06
A19 9 40 μ 105 NC 10 39 μ 102 WE 11 38 μ 104 CE2 12 37 ν Vcc ERR 13 36 μ 101 BHE 13 36 μ 101 A17 16 33 μ 102 A7 18 31 μ 101 A6 19 30 μ 108 A5 20 29 μ 100 A4 21 28 OE A3 23 26 OE	A8 🗖 8	41 🗖 I/O13
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		40 🗖 1/05
WE 11 38 $I/04$ CE2 12 37 Vcc ERRE 13 36 $I/01$ BHE 14 35 $I/03$ BLE 15 34 $I/010$ A18 16 33 $I/02$ A17 17 32 $I/09$ A5 20 29 $I/00$ A4 21 28 OE A3 22 27 Vss A2 23 26 CE	NC 🖬 10	39 🗖 I/O12
ERR = 13 36 $I/011$ BHE = 14 35 $I/03$ BLE = 15 34 $I/010$ A18 = 16 33 = $I/02$ A17 = 17 32 $I/09$ A7 = 18 31 $I/01$ A6 = 19 30 $I/08$ A5 = 20 29 $I/00$ A4 = 21 28 OE A3 = 22 23 26 CE <th></th> <th>38 🗖 1/04</th>		38 🗖 1/04
BHE 14 35 $I/03$ BLE 15 34 $I/010$ A18 16 33 $I/02$ A17 17 32 $I/09$ A7 18 31 $I/01$ A6 19 30 $I/08$ A5 20 29 $I/00$ A4 21 28 OE A3 22 27 Vss A2 23 26 CE	CE ₂ - 12	37 🗖 Vcc
BLE 15 34 10010 A18 16 33 102 A17 17 32 1002 A7 18 31 1001 A6 19 30 1008 A5 20 29 1008 A4 21 28 OE A3 22 27 V_{SS} A2 23 27 V_{SS}	ERR = 13	36 🗖 1/011
A18 16 33 $1/02$ A17 1 17 32 $1/09$ A7 1 8 31 $1/01$ A6 19 30 $1/08$ A5 20 29 $1/00$ A4 21 28 $0E$ A3 22 27 \sqrt{ss} A2 23 26 CE		35 🗖 1/O3
A17 17 $32 = 1/09$ A7 18 $31 = 1/01$ A6 19 $30 = 1/08$ A5 20 $29 = \frac{1/00}{100}$ A4 21 $28 = 0E$ A3 22 $27 = Vss$ A2 23 $26 = CE$		34 🗖 1/010
A7 18 31 1101 A6 19 30 1008 A5 20 29 1008 A4 21 28 $0E$ A3 22 27 Vss A2 23 26 CE		33 🗖 1/02
A6 $=$ 19 30 $=$ 1/08 A5 $=$ 20 29 $=$ 1/00 A4 $=$ 21 28 $=$ 0E A3 $=$ 22 27 $=$ Vss A2 $=$ 23 $=$ EE $=$		32 🗖 1/09
A5 $=$ 20 $=$ $\frac{100}{0E}$ A4 $=$ 21 28 $=$ $0E$ A3 $=$ 22 27 $=$ 27 $=$ A2 $=$ 23 $=$ EE_{E_1} $=$ EE_{E_1}		31 🗖 1/01
A4 \Box 21 $Z8 = \overline{OE}$ A3 \Box 22 $27 = V_{SS}$ A2 \Box $Z3$ $26 = \overline{CE}$	A6 🗖 19	30 🗖 1/08
A3 $=$ 22 27 $= \frac{1}{23}$ 27 $= \frac{1}{25}$		29 🗖 <u>1/0</u> 0
A1 = 24 25 = A0		26 🗖 CE ₁
	A1 - 24	25 🗖 A0

Figure 5. 48-pin TSOP I Pinout (Dual Chip Enable with ERR) – CY62167GE30 ^[10, 11]

^{10.}NC pins are not connected internally to the die and are typically used for address expansion to a higher-density device. Refer to the respective datasheets for pin

configuration. 11. Tie the BYTE pin in the 48-pin TSOP I package to V_{CC} to use the device as a 1M × 16 SRAM. The 48-pin TSOP I package can also be used as a 2M × 8 SRAM by tying the BYTE signal to V_{SS}. In the 2M × 8 configuration, pin 45 is the extra address line A20, while the BHE, BLE, and I/O₈ to I/O₁₄ pins are not used and can be left floating.



Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature65 °C to + 150 °C
Ambient temperature with power applied–55 °C to + 125 °C
Supply voltage to ground potential $\dots -0.5$ V to V _{CC} + 0.5 V
DC voltage applied to outputs in High Z state $^{\left[12\right]}$ 0.5 V to V_{CC} + 0.5 V

DC Electrical Characteristics

Over the operating range of -40 °C to 85 °C

DC input voltage ^[12]	-0.5 V to V _{CC} + 0.5 V
Output current into outputs (LOW)	
Static discharge voltage (MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	>2001 V
Latch-up current	>140 mA

Operating Range

Grade	Ambient Temperature	V_{CC} ^[13]
Industrial	–40 °C to +85 °C	2.2 V to 3.6 V

Parameter [14, 15]	Description		Tast Conditions		45 ns			Unit
	Descri	ption	Test Conditions		Min	Typ ^[16]	Max	Unit
V _{OH}	Output HIGH	2.2 V to 2.7 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OH} = –0.1 mA		2.0	_	_	V
	voltage	2.7 V to 3.6 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OH} = –1.0 mA		2.4	_	-	
V _{OL}	Output LOW	2.2 V to 2.7 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OL} = 0.1 mA		_	-	0.4	
-	voltage	2.7 V to 3.6 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OL} = 2.1 mA		_	-	0.4	
V _{IH}	Input HIGH	2.2 V to 2.7 V	_		1.8	_	V _{CC} + 0.3	
	voltage ^[12]	2.7 V to 3.6 V	_		2.0	_	V _{CC} + 0.3	
V _{IL}	Input LOW	2.2 V to 2.7 V	_		-0.3	_	0.6	
	voltage ^[12]	2.7 V to 3.6 V	_		-0.3	_	0.8	
I _{IX}	Input leakage cur	rent	$GND \le V_{IN} \le V_{CC}$ $GND \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$, Output disabled		-1.0	_	+1.0	μA
I _{OZ}	Output leakage c	urrent			-1.0	_	+1.0	
Icc	V _{CC} operating supply current		V _{CC} = Max, I _{OUT} = 0 mA, CMOS levels	f=22.22 MHz (45 ns)	-	29.0	35.0	mA
				f = 1 MHz	_	7.0	9.0	
I _{SB1} ^[17]	Automatic Power-down Current – CMOS Inputs; V _{CC} = 2.2 V to 3.6 V		$\overline{CE}_{1} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V or } CE_{2} \le 0$ or (BHE and BLE) $\ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}, V_{IN} \le 0.2 \text{ V}$	2 V, /,	_	1.5	8.0	μA
			$f = f_{max}$ (address and data only), $f = 0$ (\overline{OE} , and \overline{WE}), $V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$					
I _{SB2} ^[17]	Automatic Power-	douvo	$\overline{CE}_1 \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or	CC(max) 25 °C		1.5	3.0 ^[18]	
ISB2	Current – CMOS		$CE_1 \ge V_{CC} = 0.2 V \text{ or}$ $CE_2 \le 0.2 V \text{ or}$	25°C 40 °C	_	1.5	3.5 ^[18]	μA
V _{CC} = 2.2 V	$V_{\rm CC}$ = 2.2 V to 3.6	V to 3.6 V	$(\overline{BHE} \text{ and } \overline{BLE}) \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V},$		_	_	6.5 ^[18]	
			$V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V or}$	70°C 85 °C	_		8.0	
			$V_{\rm IN} \le 0.2 \text{ V},$	05 0	_	_	0.0	
			$f = 0, V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$					

Notes

12. $V_{IL(min)}$ = –2.0 V and $V_{IH(max)}$ = V_{CC} + 2 V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.

14. This device offers improved I_{CC}, I_{SB1} and I_{SB2} specifications compared to the previous revision with same marketing part number. 15. For previous version of this device, kindly refer here. Further details about improvement and comparison between old and new versions can be found in the PIN193805.

16. Indicates the value for the center of distribution at 3.0 V, 25 °C and not 100% tested.

17. Chip enables (CE₁ and CE₂) and BYTE must be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I_{SB1}/I_{SB2}/I_{CCDR} spec. Other inputs can be left floating.

18. The I_{SB2} maximum limits at 25 °C, 40 °C, and 70 °C are guaranteed by design and not 100% tested.

^{13.} Full device AC operation assumes a 100-µs ramp time from 0 to V_{CC} (min) and 200-µs wait time after V_{CC} stabilizes to its operational value.



Capacitance

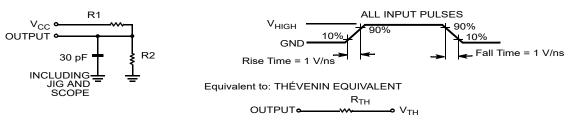
Parameter ^[19]	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input capacitance	$T_A = 25 \text{ °C}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}, V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$	10.0	pF
C _{OUT}	Output capacitance		10.0	

Thermal Resistance

Parameter ^[19]	Description	Test Conditions	48-ball VFBGA	48-pin TSOP I	Unit
- JA		Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four-layer printed circuit board	31.50	57.99	°C/W
- 30	Thermal resistance (junction to case)		15.75	13.42	

AC Test Loads and Waveforms

Figure 6. AC Test Loads and Waveforms



Parameters	2.5 V	3.0 V	Unit
R1	16667	1103	Ω
R2	15385	1554	
R _{TH}	8000	645	
V _{TH}	1.20	1.75	V
V _{HIGH}	2.5	3.0	



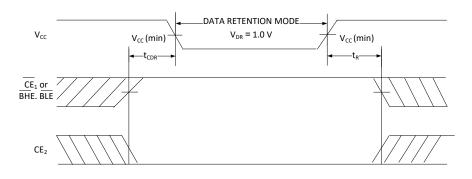
Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ ^[20]	Max	Unit
V _{DR}	V _{CC} for data retention	_	1.0	_		V
I _{CCDR} ^[21, 22]	Data retention current	$\begin{array}{l} 2.2 \ V < V_{CC} \leq 3.6 \ V \\ \overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V \ \text{or} \ CE_2 \leq 0.2 \ V \\ \text{or} \ (\overline{BHE} \ \text{and} \ \overline{BLE}) \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V, \\ V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V \ \text{or} \ V_{IN} \leq 0.2 \ V \\ \hline \underline{1.2 \ V \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.2 \ V^{[23, 24]},} \\ \overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - \underline{0.2 \ V} \ \text{or} \ CE_2 \leq 0.2 \ V \\ \text{or} \ (\overline{BHE} \ \text{and} \ \overline{BLE}) \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V, \\ V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V \ \text{or} \ V_{IN} \leq 0.2 \ V \\ \end{array}$	_	_	8.0	Αų
t _{CDR} ^[25]	Chip deselect to data retention time		0.0	_	_	-
t _R ^[25, 26]	Operation recovery time	_	45	_	_	ns

Data Retention Waveform

Figure 7. Data Retention Waveform^[27]



- 20. Indicates the value for the center of distribution at 3.0 V, 25 °C and not 100% tested.
- 21. Chip enables (CE₁ and CE₂) and BYTE must be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I_{SB1}/I_{SB2}/I_{CCDR} spec. Other inputs can be left floating.

- 22. I_{CCDR} is guaranteed only after the device is first powered up to $V_{CC(min)}$ and then brought down to V_{DR} . 23. This device offers improved I_{CC}, I_{SB1} and I_{SB2} specifications compared to the previous revision with same marketing part number. 24. For previous version of this device, kindly refer here. Further details about improvement and comparison between old and new versions can be found in the PIN193805.
- 25. These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.
- 26. Full-device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to $V_{CC(min)} \ge 100 \ \mu s$ or stable at $V_{CC(min)} \ge 100 \ \mu s$. 27. BHE BLE is the AND of both BHE and BLE. Deselect the chip by either disabling the chip enable signals or by disabling both BHE and BLE.



Switching Characteristics

Parameter [28]	Description	45	ns	Unit
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle				
t _{RC}	Read cycle time	45.0	-	ns
t _{AA}	Address to data valid/Address to ERR valid	-	45.0	
t _{OHA}	Data hold from address change/ERR hold from address change	10.0	-	
t _{ACE}	CE ₁ LOW and CE ₂ HIGH to data valid/CE LOW to ERR valid	-	45.0	
t _{DOE}	OE LOW to data valid/OE LOW to ERR valid	-	22.0	
t _{LZOE}	OE LOW to Low Z ^[29, 30]	5.0	-	
t _{HZOE}	OE HIGH to High Z ^[29, 30, 31]	-	18.0	
t _{LZCE}	CE ₁ LOW and CE ₂ HIGH to Low Z ^[29, 30]	10.0	_	
t _{HZCE}	CE ₁ HIGH and CE ₂ LOW to High Z ^[29, 30, 31]	-	18.0	
t _{PU}	CE ₁ LOW and CE ₂ HIGH to power-up ^[32]	0.0	-	
t _{PD}	CE ₁ HIGH and CE ₂ LOW to power-down ^[32]	-	45.0	
t _{DBE}	BLE/BHE LOW to data valid	-	45.0	
t _{LZBE}	BLE/BHE LOW to Low Z ^[29]	5.0	-	
t _{HZBE}	BLE/BHE HIGH to High Z ^[29, 31]	-	18.0	
Write Cycle [3	3, 34]	·		
t _{WC}	Write cycle time	45.0	-	ns
t _{SCE}	CE ₁ LOW and CE ₂ HIGH to write end	35.0	-	
t _{AW}	Address setup to write end	35.0	-	
t _{HA}	Address hold from write end	0	-	
t _{SA}	Address setup to write start	0	-	
t _{PWE}	WE pulse width	35.0	-	
t _{BW}	BLE/BHE LOW to write end	35.0	-	
t _{SD}	Data setup to write end	25.0	-	
t _{HD}	Data hold from write end	0.0	-	
t _{HZWE}	WE LOW to High Z ^[29, 30, 31]	-	18.0	1
t _{LZWE}	WE HIGH to Low Z ^[29, 30]	10.0	-	

Notes

- 32. These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.
- 33. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE = V_{IL}, CE₁ = V_{IL}, BHE or BLE or both = V_{IL}, and CE₂ = V_{IH}. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing must refer to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

34. The minimum write cycle pulse width for Write Cycle No. 1 (WE Controlled, OE LOW) should be equal to the sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD}.

 ^{28.} Test conditions assume signal transition time (rise/fall) of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5 V (for V_{CC} ≥ 3 V) and V_{CC}/2 (for V_{CC} < 3 V), and input pulse levels of 0 to 3 V (for V_{CC} ≥ 3 V) and 0 to V_{CC} (for V_{CC} < 3 V). Test conditions for the read cycle use the output loading shown in Figure 6 on page 8, unless specified otherwise.
 29. At any temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE}, t_{HZBE} is less than t_{LZDE}, t_{HZDE} is less than t_{LZDE}, and t_{HZWE} is less than t_{LZWE} for any device.

^{30.} Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

 $^{31.}t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{HZBE}$, and t_{HZWE} transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high-impedance state.



Switching Waveforms



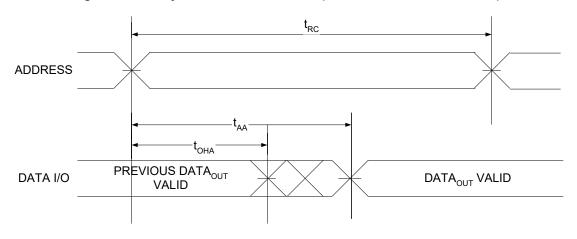
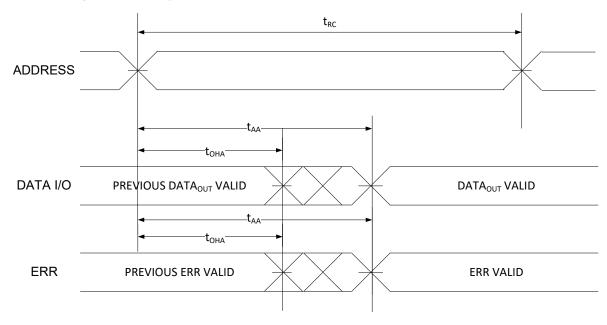


Figure 9. Read Cycle No. 1 of CY62167GE30 (Address Transition Controlled) ^[35, 36]



Notes 35. The device is continuously selected. $\overline{OE} = V_{1L}$, $\overline{CE} = V_{1L}$, \overline{BHE} or \overline{BLE} , or both = V_{1L} . 36. WE is HIGH for read cycle.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

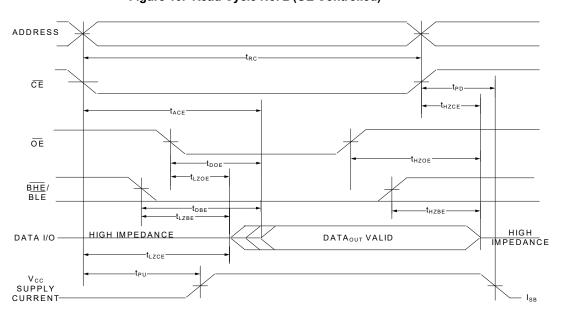
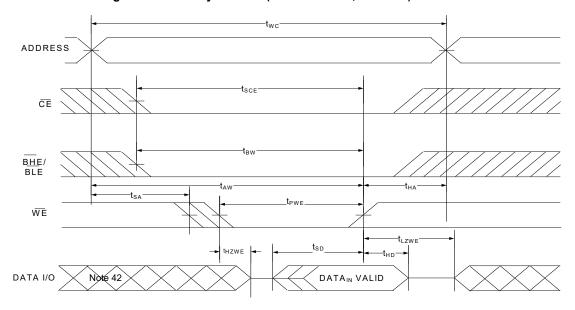


Figure 10. Read Cycle No. 2 (OE Controlled) [37, 38, 39, 41]

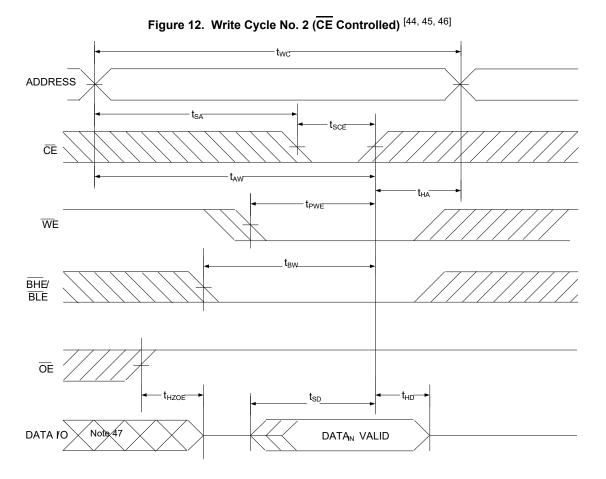
Figure 11. Write Cycle No. 1 (WE Controlled, OE LOW) ^[38, 40, 41, 42]



- 37. WE is HIGH for read cycle.
- 38. For all dual chip enable devices, \overline{CE} is the logical combination of \overline{CE}_1 and CE_2 . When \overline{CE}_1 is LOW and CE_2 is HIGH, \overline{CE} is LOW; when \overline{CE}_1 is HIGH or CE_2 is LOW, \overline{CE} is HIGH.
- 39. Address valid prior to or coincident with \overline{CE} LOW transition.
- 40. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$, \overline{BHE} or \overline{BLE} , or both = V_{IL} , and $CE_2 = V_{IH}$. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing must refer to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
- 41. Data I/O is in the high-impedance state if $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$, or $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$, or \overline{BHE} , and/or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IH}$.
- 42. During this period, the I/Os are in the output state. Do not apply input signals.
- 43. The minimum write cycle pulse width should be equal to the sum of $t_{\mbox{HZWE}}$ and $t_{\mbox{SD}}$



Switching Waveforms (continued)



- 44. For all dual chip enable devices, \overline{CE} is the logical combination of \overline{CE}_1 and CE_2 . When \overline{CE}_1 is LOW and CE_2 is HIGH, \overline{CE} is LOW; when \overline{CE}_1 is HIGH or CE_2 is LOW, \overline{CE} is HIGH.
- 45. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$, \overline{BHE} or \overline{BLE} or both = V_{IL} , and $CE_2 = V_{IH}$. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing must refer to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
- 46. Data I/O is in the high-impedance state if $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$, or $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$, or \overline{BHE} , and/or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IH}$.
- 47. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

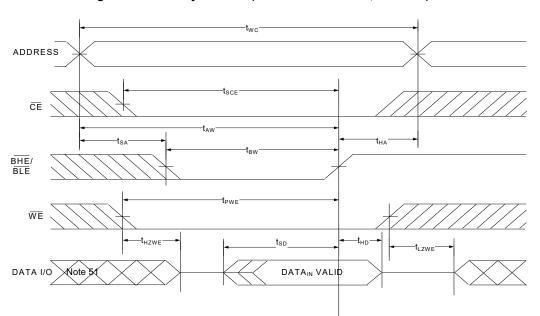
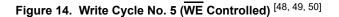
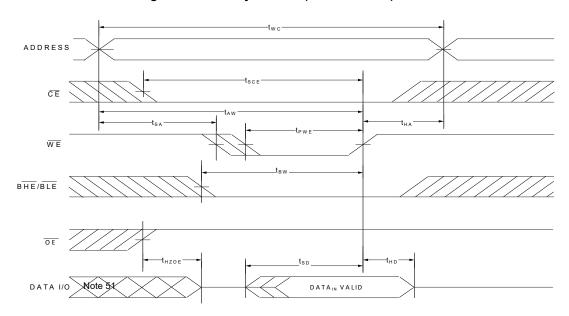


Figure 13. Write Cycle No. 4 (BHE/BLE Controlled, OE LOW) [48, 49, 50]





- 48. For all dual chip enable devices, CE is the logical combination of CE₁ and CE₂. When CE₁ is LOW and CE₂ is HIGH, CE is LOW; when CE₁ is HIGH or CE₂ is LOW, CE is HIGH.
- 49. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$, \overline{BHE} or \overline{BLE} or both = V_{IL} , and $CE_2 = V_{IH}$. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing must refer to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
- 50. Data I/O is in the high-impedance state if $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$, or $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$, or \overline{BHE} , and/or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IH}$.
- 51. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.





BYTE ^[52]	CE ₁	CE ₂	WE	OE	BHE	BLE	Inputs/Outputs	Mode	Power	Configuration
X ^[53]	Н	X ^[53]	Х	Х	Х	Х	High-Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I _{SB})	2M × 8/1M × 16
Х	X ^[53]	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	High-Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I _{SB})	2M × 8/1M × 16
Х	X ^[53]	X ^[53]	Х	Х	Н	Н	High-Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I _{SB})	1M × 16
Н	L	Н	Н	L	L	L	Data Out (I/O ₀ –I/O ₁₅)	Read	Active (I _{CC})	1M × 16
Н	L	Н	Н	L	Н	L	Data Out (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇); High-Z (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅)	Read	Active (I _{CC})	1M × 16
Н	L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	High Z (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇); Data Out (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅)	Read	Active (I _{CC})	1M × 16
Н	L	Н	Н	Н	L	Н	High-Z	Output disabled	Active (I _{CC})	1M × 16
Н	L	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	High-Z	Output disabled	Active (I _{CC})	1M × 16
Н	L	Н	Н	Н	L	L	High-Z	Output disabled	Active (I _{CC})	1M × 16
Н	L	Н	L	Х	L	L	Data In (I/O ₀ –I/O ₁₅)	Write	Active (I _{CC})	1M × 16
Н	L	Н	L	Х	Н	L	Data In (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇); High-Z (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅)	Write	Active (I _{CC})	1M × 16
Н	L	Н	L	Х	L	Н	High-Z (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇); Data In (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅)	Write	Active (I _{CC})	1M × 16
L	L	Н	Н	L	Х	Х	Data Out (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇)	Read	Active (I _{CC})	2M × 8
L	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	High-Z	Output disabled	Active (I _{CC})	2M × 8
L	L	Н	L	Х	Х	Х	Data In (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇)	Write	Active (I _{CC})	2M × 8

Truth Table - CY62167G30/CY62167GE30

ERR Output – CY62167GE30

Output ^[54]	Mode
0	Read operation, no single-bit error in the stored data.
1	Read operation, single-bit error detected and corrected.
High-Z	Device deselected / outputs disabled / Write operation

Notes

54. ERR is an Output pin. If not used, this pin should be left floating.

^{52.} This pin is available only in the 48-pin TSOP I package. Tie the BYTE to V_{CC} to configure the device in the 1M × 16 option. The 48-pin TSOP I package can also be used as a 2M × 8 SRAM by tying the BYTE signal to V_{SS}.

^{53.} The 'X' (Don't care) state for the chip enables refer to the logic state (either HIGH or LOW). Intermediate voltage levels on these pins is not permitted.



Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Voltage Range	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type (all Pb-free)	ERR Pin / Ball	Operating Range
45	2.2 V–3.6 V	CY62167G30-45BVXI	51-85150	48-ball VFBGA	No	Industrial
		CY62167G30-45ZXI	51-85183	48-pin TSOP I		

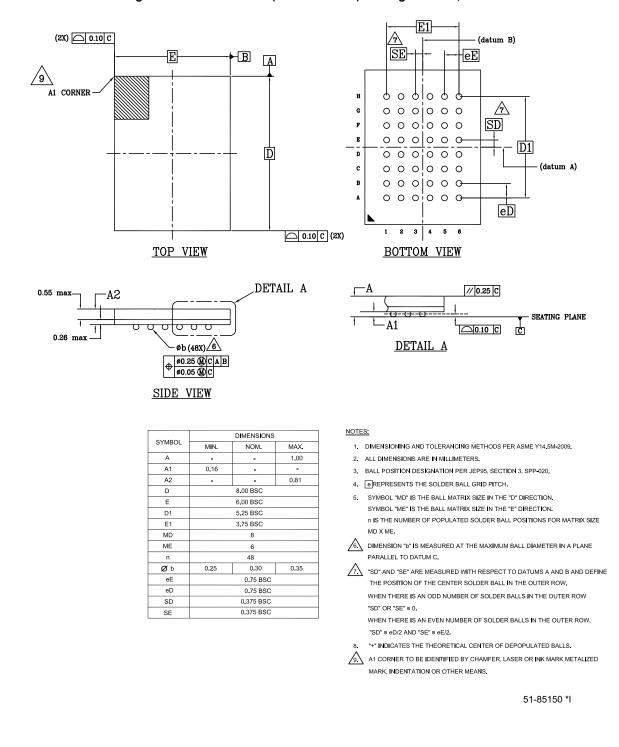
Ordering Code Definitions

$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	 ES: Engineering Samples X = blank or T blank = Bulk; T = Tape and Reel Temperature Grade: X = I I = Industrial Pb-free X = blank or 1 blank = Dual Chip Enable; 1 = Single Chip Enable Package Type: XX = BV or Z BV = 48-ball VFBGA; Z = 48-pin TSOP I Speed Grade: XX = 45 45 = 45 ns; Voltage Range: XX = 30 30 = 3 V typ; ERR output: Single-bit error correction indicator Process Technology: G = 65 nm Bus Width: 7 = × 16 Density: 6 = 16-Mbit Family Code: 621 = MoBL SRAM family Company ID: CY = Cypress
--	--



Package Diagrams

Figure 15. 48-ball VFBGA (6 \times 8 \times 1.0 mm) Package Outline, 51-85150

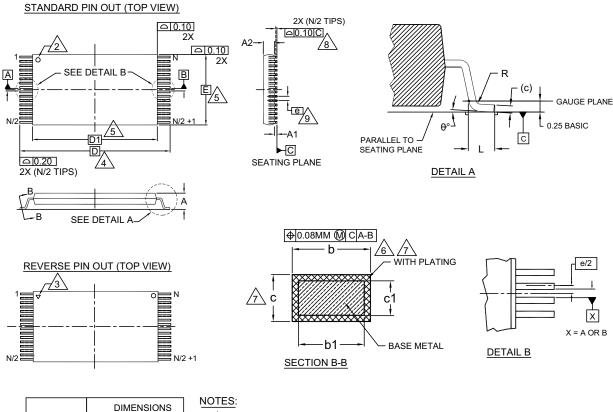






Package Diagrams (continued)

Figure 16. 48-pin TSOP I (12 \times 18.4 \times 1.0 mm) Package Outline, 51-85183



SYMBOL	C	IMENSI	ONS	
STINIBUL	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	
A	—	_	1.20	
A1	0.05	—	0.15	
A2	0.95	1.00	1.05	
b1	0.17	0.20	0.23	
b	0.17	0.22	0.27	
c1	0.10	_	0.16	
с	0.10	—	0.21	
D	20.00 BASIC			
D1	18.40 BASIC			
E	12.00 BASIC			
е	0.50 BASIC			
L	0.50	0.60	0.70	
θ	0°	—	8	
R	0.08	_	0.20	
N		48		

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS (mm).

2. PIN 1 IDENTIFIER FOR STANDARD PIN OUT (DIE UP).

- 3. PIN 1 IDENTIFIER FOR REVERSE PIN OUT (DIE DOWN): INK OR LASER MARK.
- TO BE DETERMINED AT THE SEATING PLANE [-C-]. THE SEATING PLANE IS DEFINED AS THE PLANE OF CONTACT THAT IS MADE WHEN THE PACKAGE LEADS ARE ALLOWED TO REST FREELY ON A FLAT HORIZONTAL SURFACE.
- DIMENSIONS D1 AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE MOLD PROTRUSION ON E IS 0.15mm PER SIDE AND ON D1 IS 0.25mm PER SIDE.
- DIMENSION b DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08mm TOTAL IN EXCESS OF b DIMENSION AT MAX. MATERIAL CONDITION. DAMBAR CANNOT BE LOCATED ON LOWER RADIUS OR THE FOOT. MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN PROTRUSION AND AN ADJACENT LEAD TO BE 0.07mm.
- THESE DIMENSIONS APPLY TO THE FLAT SECTION OF THE LEAD BETWEEN 0.10mm AND 0.25mm FROM THE LEAD TIP.
- LEAD COPLANARITY SHALL BE WITHIN 0.10mm AS MEASURED FROM THE SEATING PLANE.
- DIMENSION "e" IS MEASURED AT THE CENTERLINE OF THE LEADS.
- 10. JEDEC SPECIFICATION NO. REF: MO-142(D)DD.

51-85183 *F



Acronyms

Table 1. Acronyms Used in this Document

Acronym	Description
BHE	Byte High Enable
BLE	Byte Low Enable
CE	Chip Enable
CMOS	Complementary metal oxide semiconductor
I/O	Input/output
OE	Output Enable
SRAM	Static random access memory
TSOP	Thin small outline package
VFBGA	Very fine-pitch ball grid array
WE	Write Enable

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Table 2. Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degree Celsius
MHz	megahertz
μA	microampere
μs	microsecond
mA	milliampere
mm	millimeter
ns	nanosecond
Ω	ohm
%	percent
pF	picofarad
V	volt
W	watt



Document History Page

Document Title: CY62167G30/CY62167GE30, 16-Mbit (1M words × 16-bit/2M words × 8-bit) Static RAM with Error-Correcting Code (ECC)

Document	Document Number: 002-20054					
Rev.	ECN No.	Submission Date	Description of Change			
*E	6607742	09/23/2019	Changed status from Preliminary to Final.			
*F	6833597	03/18/2020	Updated Product Portfolio: Updated Note 3. Updated DC Electrical Characteristics: Updated Note 14. Updated Data Retention Characteristics: Updated Note 23. Updated to new template.			



Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information

Worldwide Sales and Design Support

Cypress maintains a worldwide network of offices, solution centers, manufacturer's representatives, and distributors. To find the office closest to you, visit us at Cypress Locations.

Products

Arm [®] Cortex [®] Microcontrollers	cypress.com/arm
Automotive	cypress.com/automotive
Clocks & Buffers	cypress.com/clocks
Interface	cypress.com/interface
Internet of Things	cypress.com/iot
Memory	cypress.com/memory
Microcontrollers	cypress.com/mcu
PSoC	cypress.com/psoc
Power Management ICs	cypress.com/pmic
Touch Sensing	cypress.com/touch
USB Controllers	cypress.com/usb
Wireless Connectivity	cypress.com/wireless

PSoC[®] Solutions

PSoC 1 | PSoC 3 | PSoC 4 | PSoC 5LP | PSoC 6 MCU

Cypress Developer Community

Community | Code Examples | Projects | Video | Blogs | Training | Components

Technical Support

cypress.com/support

© Cypress Semiconductor Corporation, 2017–2020. This document is the property of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation and its subsidiaries ("Cypress"). This document, including any software or firmware included or referenced in this document ("Software"), is owned by Cypress under the intellectual property laws and treaties of the United States and other countries worldwide. Cypress reserves all rights under such laws and treaties and does not, except as specifically stated in this paragraph, grant any license under its patents, copyrights, trademarks, or other intellectual property grants you a personal, non-exclusive, nontransferable license (without the right to sublicense) (1) under its copyright rights in the Software in binary code form, except as specifically stated in software by a written agreement with Cypress governing the use of the Software, then Cypress grants you a personal, non-exclusive, nontransferable license (without the right to sublicense) (1) under its copyright rights in the Software provided in source code form, to modify and reproduce the Software solely for use with Cypress hardware products, only internally within your organization, and (b) to distribute the Software in binary code form externally to end users (either directly or indirectly through resellers and distributors), solely for use on Cypress hardware product units, and (2) under those claims of Cypress's patents that are infringed by the Software (as provided by Cypress, unmodified) to make, use, distribute, and import the Software solely for use with Cypress hardware products. Any other use, reproduction, modification, translation, or compilation of the Software is prohibited.

TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, CYPRESS MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARD TO THIS DOCUMENT OR ANY SOFTWARE OR ACCOMPANYING HARDWARE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. No computing device can be absolutely secure. Therefore, despite security measures implemented in Cypress hardware or software products, Cypress shall have no liability arising out of any security breach, such as unauthorized access to or use of a Cypress product. CYPRESS DOES NOT REPRESENT, WARRANT, OR GUARANTEE THAT CYPRESS PRODUCTS, OR SYSTEMS CREATED USING CYPRESS PRODUCTS, WILL BE FREE FROM CORRUPTION, ATTACK, VIRUSES, INTERFERENCE, HACKING, DATA LOSS OR THEFT, OR OTHER SECURITY INTUSION (collectively, "Security Breach"). Cypress disclaims any liability relating to any Security Breach, and you shall and hereby do release Cypress from any claim, damage, or other liability arising from any Security Breach. In addition, the products described in these materials may contain design defects or errors known as errata which may cause the product to deviate from published specifications. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Cypress reserves the right to make changes to this document, including any sample design information or programming code, is provided only for reference purposes. It is the responsibility of the user of this document to properly design, program, and test the functionality and safety of any application made of this information and any resulting product. "High-Risk Device, "Critical Component" means any component of a High-Risk Device whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause, directly or indirectly, the failure of the High-Risk Device, or to affect its safety or effectiveness. Cypress is not liable, in whole or in part, and you shall and hereby do release Cypress from any claim, damage, or other liability arising from any use of a Cypress' product as a Critical Component in a High-Risk Device.

Cypress, the Cypress logo, Spansion, the Spansion logo, and combinations thereof, WICED, PSoC, CapSense, EZ-USB, F-RAM, and Traveo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Cypress in the United States and other countries. For a more complete list of Cypress trademarks, visit cypress.com. Other names and brands may be claimed as property of their respective owners.

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Cypress Semiconductor: <u>CY62167G30-45BVXI</u> <u>CY62167G30-45ZXI</u>