anasonic Industry

For detection: Seal Type Switches

RoHS

Turquoise Stroke Mini Switch Resistor installed type

Small seal switches with wiring failure detecting function



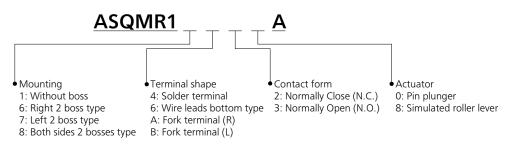
FEATURES

- A built-in resistor has enabled detection of disconnection and short circuit of wiring.
- Miniaturization achieved with changing from 1 Form C to 1 Form A or 1 Form B contacts.
- Lever installation possible while it is small size. Operation possible by various moving parts such as
- Contact force does not depend on the operation stroke.
- High contact reliability to support low level switching
- Highly effective sealing for resistance against adverse environments. (IP67)
- Silent operation with sliding contacts.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Automobiles (detection of door opening and closing, shift lever position, etc.)
- Household appliances (vacuum cleaners, air conditioners, washing machines, electric power tools, etc.)

ORDERING INFORMATION



Note) Not every combination is available. Please refer to the following table, "PRODUCT TYPES".

PRODUCT TYPES

■Terminal type

| | Terminal type | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| | Shape | | Right 2 boss type | | Left 2 boss type | | Both sides 2 bosses type | |
| | | Actuator | Normally Close (N.C.) | Normally Open (N.O.) | Normally Close (N.C.) | Normally Open (N.O.) | Normally Close (N.C.) | Normally Open (N.O.) |
| | Solder terminal | Pin plunger | ASQMR16420A | ASQMR16430A | ASQMR17420A | ASQMR17430A | ASQMR18420A | ASQMR18430A |
| | | Simulated roller lever | ASQMR16428A | ASQMR16438A | ASQMR17428A | ASQMR17438A | ASQMR18428A | ASQMR18438A |
| | Fork terminal | Pin plunger | ASQMR16A20A | ASQMR16A30A | ASQMR17B20A | ASQMR17B30A | - | _ |
| | | Simulated roller lever | ASQMR16A28A | ASQMR16A38A | ASQMR17B28A | ASQMR17B38A | - | _ |

■Wire leads type

| O.) | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|
| | | | |

Carton: 240 pcs.

Carton: 1,000 pcs

| Direction | Actuator | Normally Close (N.C.) | Normally Open (N.O.) |
|-----------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| | Pin plunger | ASQMR11620A | ASQMR11630A |
| Bottom | Simulated roller lever | ASQMR11628A | ASQMR11638A |

SPECIFICATIONS

■ Rated

Please use within the range below.

1) Rated power: Environment temperature -40°C \leq T \leq 70°C 0.50 W

Environment temperature 70°C < T ≦ 75°C 0.45 W Environment temperature 75°C < T ≤ 85°C 0.40 W

2) Voltage: 4.5 to 16 V DC 3) Minimum current: 1 mA

■ Operation environment and conditions

| Item | Specifications |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Ambient and storage temperature | -40 to +85°C (no freezing and condensing) |
| Allowable operating speed | 30 to 500 mm/sec. |
| Max. operating cycle rate | 120 cpm |

Note: When switching at low and high speeds or under vibration, or in high-temperature, high-humidity environments, life and performance may be reduced significantly depending on the load capacity. Please consult us.

■ Electric characteristics

| Item | Specifications | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Circuit diagram | $<$ Normally Close> $R2$ $(1,000 \Omega)$ \ge R1 (510 Ω) COM Output N.C. resistance | Normally Open> $ \begin{array}{c c} \hline & W \\ \hline & R2 \\ & (1,000 \Omega) \end{array} $ R1 (510 Ω) $ \begin{array}{c c} \hline & COM & Output \\ \hline & resistance \end{array} $ N.O. | | |
| Output resistance (Initial) | FP: 510 Ω ±1.5%(20°C to 30°C) ±2.5%(-40 to +85°C) TTP: 1,510 Ω ±1.5%(20°C to 30°C) ±2.5%(-40 to +85°C) | FP: 1,510 Ω ±1.5%(20°C to 30°C) ±2.5%(-40 to +85°C) TTP: 510 Ω ±1.5%(20°C to 30°C) ±2.5%(-40 to +85°C) | | |

■Characteristics

| Item | | Specifications | | |
|---|-----------------|--|---|--|
| Electrical switching | DC 4.5 to 5.5 V | Min. 3 × 10 ⁵ | Switching frequency: 20 times/min. Plunger operation speed: 100 mm/s | |
| life | DC 8 to 16 V | Min. 2 × 10 ⁵ | Plunger switching position: Free Position (FP) to Total Travel Position (TTP) | |
| Vibration resistance (malfunction vibration resistance) | | Single amplitude: 0.75 mm Amplitude of vibration: 10 to 55 Hz (4 minutes cycle) Direction and time: 30 minutes each in X, Y and Z directions | | |
| | | Amplitude of vibration: 5 to 200 Hz (10 minutes cycle) Acceleration: 43.1 m/s² Direction and time: 30 minutes each in X, Y and Z directions | | |
| Shock resistance (malfunction shock resistance) | | Shock value: 980 m/s² Direction and time: 5 times each in X, Y and Z directions | | |
| Terminal st | trength | Min. 6 N (each direction) *Terminal deformation possible. | | |
| Heat resistance | | 85°C 500 hours | | |
| Cold resistance | | -40°C 500 hours | | |
| Humidity resistance | | 40°C 95% RH 500 hours | | |
| Unit weight | | Approx. 0.5 g (Terminal type), Approx. 4.1 g (Wire leads type) | | |
| Protection grade | | IP67 (except exposed terminal part of terminal type) | | |

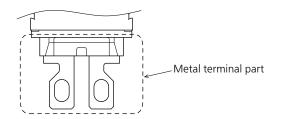
Notes: As long as there are no particular designations, the following conditions apply to the test environment.

- Ambient temperature: 5 to 35°C
 Relative humidity: 25 to 85% RH
 Air pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

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■Protective structure

 IEC 60529 (rating for outer shell protection): IP67 (Immersion protected) except metal terminal part (See below drawing) (Note 1)



- JIS D0203 (method for testing moisture resistance and water resistance in automotive components) Equivalent of D2 (Note 2)
- Note 1) A concrete testing method is to check for any adverse effect on the structure after leaving it submerged for 30 minutes under 1 m of water (with temperature difference between water and switch no larger than 5°C).
- Note 2) A concrete testing method is to check for any adverse effect on the structure after leaving it submerged for 10 minutes under 10 cm water (with temperature difference between water and switch no larger than 30°C).

■Operating characteristics

| Characteristics | | Pin plunger | Simulated roller lever |
|--|-----------------|--|--|
| Operating Force (OF) Max. | | 1.2 N | 1.5 N |
| Total Travel Force (TF) Max. reference value | | (3.0 N) | (2.8 N) |
| Free Position (FD) May | Terminal type | 7.7 mm | 13.4 mm |
| Free Position (FP) Max. | Wire leads type | 14.45 mm | 20.15 mm |
| Operation Resition (OR) | Terminal type | Initial : 7.1±0.25 mm After test: 7.1±0.3 mm | Initial : 10.75±0.6 mm After test: 10.75±0.7 mm |
| Operating Position (OP) | Wire leads type | Initial : 13.75±0.35 mm After test: 13.75±0.4mm | Initial : 17.4±0.7 mm After test: 17.4±0.8 mm |
| Pologo Position (PD) | Terminal type | Initial : 7.15±0.3 mm After test: 7.15±0.35 mm | Initial : 11.05±0.7 mm After test: 11.05±0.8 mm |
| Release Position (RP) | Wire leads type | Initial : 13.8±0.4 mm After test: 13.8±0.45 mm | Initial : 17.7±0.8 mm After test: 17.7±0.9 mm |
| Over Travel (OT) Min | Terminal type | Initial : 1.75 mm After test: 1.70 mm | Initial : 2.25 mm After test: 2.15 mm |
| Over Travel (OT) Min. | Wire leads type | Initial : 1.65 mm After test: 1.60 mm | Initial : 2.15 mm After test: 2.05 mm |
| Total Travel Position (TTP) | Terminal type | (5.1 mm) | (7.9 mm) |
| Reference value | Wire leads type | (11.75 mm) | (14.55 mm) |

Note: The above indicates the characteristics when operating the actuator from the vertical direction.

DIMENSIONS

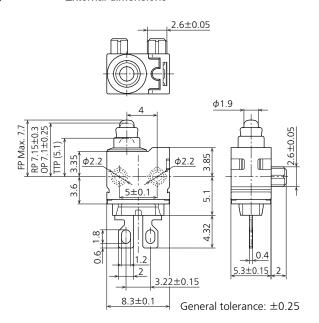
CAD The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

Unit: mm

■ Terminal type (Solder terminal), Right 2 boss type, Pin plunger

CAD

External dimensions

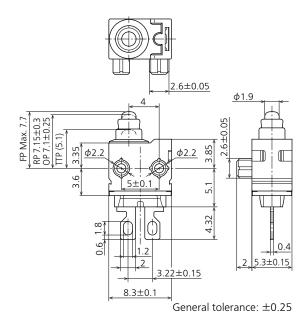


| Operating Force (OF) Max. | 1.2 N |
|---|---|
| Total Travel Force (TF) Max. reference value | (3.0 N) |
| Free Position (FP) Max. | 7.7 mm |
| Operating Position (OP) | Initial : 7.1±0.25 mm After test: 7.1±0.3 mm |
| Release Position (RP) | Initial : 7.15±0.3 mm After test: 7.15±0.35 mm |
| Over Travel (OT) Min. | Initial : 1.75 mm After test: 1.70 mm |
| Total Travel Position (TTP) Reference value | (5.1 mm) |

■ Terminal type (Solder terminal), Left 2 boss type, Pin plunger

CAD

External dimensions

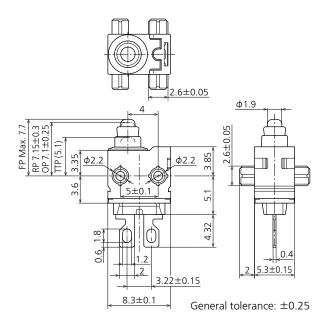


| Operating Force (OF) Max. | 1.2 N |
|---|---|
| Total Travel Force (TF) Max. reference value | (3.0 N) |
| Free Position (FP) Max. | 7.7 mm |
| Operating Position (OP) | Initial : 7.1±0.25 mm After test: 7.1±0.3 mm |
| Release Position (RP) | Initial : 7.15±0.3 mm After test: 7.15±0.35 mm |
| Over Travel (OT) Min. | Initial : 1.75 mm After test: 1.70 mm |
| Total Travel Position (TTP) Reference value | (5.1 mm) |

■ Terminal type (Solder terminal), Both sides 2 bosses type, Pin plunger

CAD

External dimensions

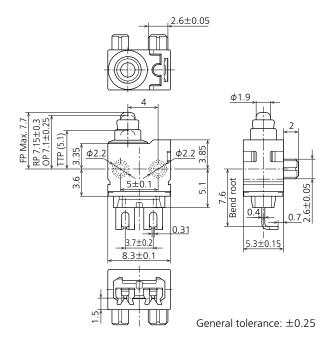


| Operating Force (OF) Max. | 1.2 N |
|---|---|
| Total Travel Force (TF) Max. reference value | (3.0 N) |
| Free Position (FP) Max. | 7.7 mm |
| Operating Position (OP) | Initial : 7.1±0.25 mm After test: 7.1±0.3 mm |
| Release Position (RP) | Initial : 7.15±0.3 mm After test: 7.15±0.35 mm |
| Over Travel (OT) Min. | Initial : 1.75 mm After test: 1.70 mm |
| Total Travel Position (TTP) Reference value | (5.1 mm) |

■ Terminal type (Fork terminal), Right 2 boss type, Pin plunger

CAD

External dimensions



| Operating Force (OF) Max. | 1.2 N |
|---|---|
| Total Travel Force (TF) Max. reference value | (3.0 N) |
| Free Position (FP) Max. | 7.7 mm |
| Operating Position (OP) | Initial : 7.1±0.25 mm After test: 7.1±0.3 mm |
| Release Position (RP) | Initial : 7.15±0.3 mm After test: 7.15±0.35 mm |
| Over Travel (OT) Min. | Initial : 1.75 mm After test: 1.70 mm |
| Total Travel Position (TTP) Reference value | (5.1 mm) |

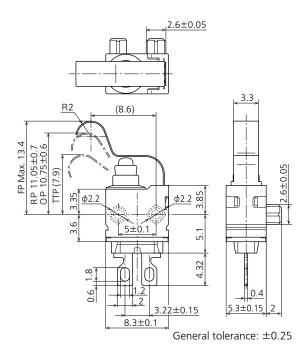
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■ Terminal type (Solder terminal), Right 2 boss type, Simulated roller lever

CAD

External dimensions

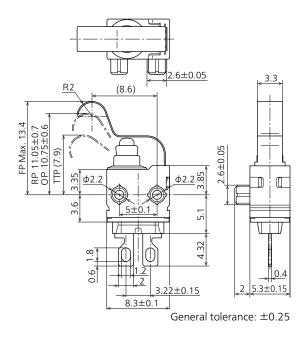


| Operating Force (OF) Max. | 1.5 N |
|---|--|
| Total Travel Force (TF) Max. reference value | (2.8 N) |
| Free Position (FP) Max. | 13.4 mm |
| Operating Position (OP) | Initial : 10.75±0.6 mm After test: 10.75±0.7 mm |
| Release Position (RP) | Initial : 11.05±0.7 mm After test: 11.05±0.8 mm |
| Over Travel (OT) Min. | Initial : 2.25 mm After test: 2.15 mm |
| Total Travel Position (TTP) Reference value | (7.9 mm) |

■ Terminal type (Solder terminal), Left 2 boss type, Simulated roller lever

CAD

External dimensions

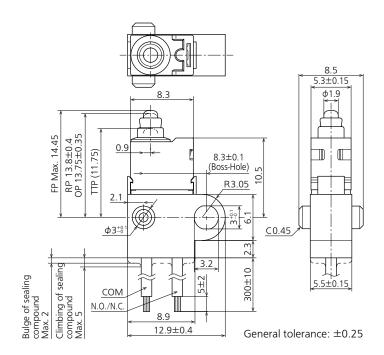


| Operating Force (OF) Max. | 1.5 N |
|---|---|
| Total Travel Force (TF) Max. reference value | (2.8 N) |
| Free Position (FP) Max. | 13.4 mm |
| Operating Position (OP) | Initial : 10.75±0.6 mm After test: 10.75±0.7 mm |
| Release Position (RP) | Initial : 11.05 ±0.7 mm After test: 11.05±0.8 mm |
| Over Travel (OT) Min. | Initial : 2.25 mm After test: 2.15 mm |
| Total Travel Position (TTP) Reference value | (7.9 mm) |

■Wire leads type (Bottom), Pin plunger



External dimensions

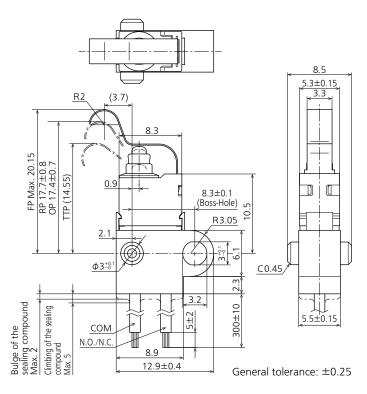


| Operating Force (OF) Max. | 1.2 N |
|---|---|
| Total Travel Force (TF) Max. reference value | (3.0 N) |
| Free Position (FP) Max. | 14.45 mm |
| Operating Position (OP) | Initial : 13.75±0.35 mm After test: 13.75±0.4 mm |
| Release Position (RP) | Initial : 13.8±0.4mm After test: 13.8±0.45 mm |
| Over Travel (OT) Min. | Initial : 1.65 mm After test: 1.60 mm |
| Total Travel Position (TTP) Reference value | (11.75 mm) |

■Wire leads type (Bottom), Simulated roller lever



External dimensions



| Operating Force (OF) Max. | 1.5 N |
|---|--|
| Total Travel Force (TF) Max. reference value | (2.8 N) |
| Free Position (FP) Max. | 20.15 mm |
| Operating Position (OP) | Initial : 17.4±0.7 mm After test: 17.4±0.8 mm |
| Release Position (RP) | Initial : 17.7±0.8 mm After test: 17.7±0.9 mm |
| Over Travel (OT) Min. | Initial : 2.15 mm After test: 2.05 mm |
| Total Travel Position (TTP) Reference value | (14.55 mm) |

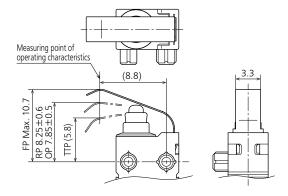
Customized Unit: mm

The custom products shown below are available.

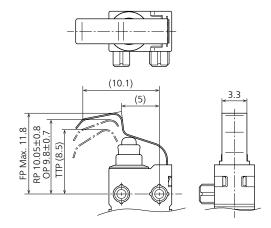
Please make a contact with our sales office for detail information.

Lever variation

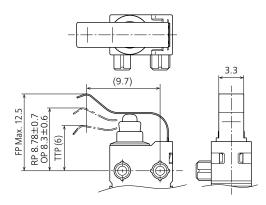
Leaf lever A



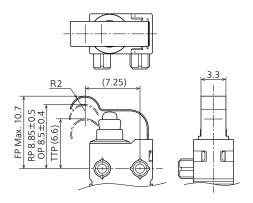
Leaf lever B



Leaf lever C



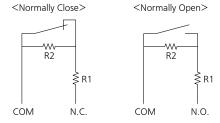
Leaf lever D



■ Resistance value

The resistance values of R1 and R2 in the circuits below can be changed.

Please make a contact with our sales office for detail information.



CAUTIONS FOR USE

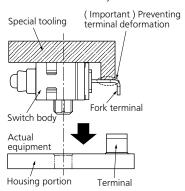
■ Soldering conditions

- The application of excessive heat upon the switch when soldering can cause degradation of switch operation.
 Therefore, be sure to keep within the conditions given below.
- Manual soldering: Use soldering irons (max. 350°C, within 3 seconds) capable of temperature adjustment. This is to prevent deterioration due to soldering heat. Care should be taken not to apply force to the terminals during soldering. (More than one second interval is required to apply heat at each terminal.)

Please consult us if you intend to use a soldering iron that exceeds 60 W.

■ Mounting

<Important>To prevent deterioration of contact reliability due
to the deformation of the fork terminal, the fork terminal switch
should be mounted by using the special tooling to keep the
switch in the vertical state to the actual equipment and insert
the terminal while supporting the terminal part with the tooling
(Please see the below).



- < Important > Be sure to apply a sealing material to the terminal part, fix the switch completely and seal the terminal part to prevent deterioration of contact reliability in the connected part by the fork terminal of the switch and the terminal of the actual equipment due to vibration, impact, humidity and gas. (An unsealed switch should not be used.) Additionally, it is necessary to select a sealing material which does not cause sulfuration, oxidation or generation of low molecular siloxane gas because there is a risk that contact failure occurs due to sealing materials. For the selection of a sealing material, the sufficient verification by using the actual equipment should be implemented in advance.
- <Important>The contact reliability at terminal connecting
 portion may highly deteriorate because of using unmatched
 material or size accuracy of connected side terminals or
 inadequate switch insertion method. Please make sure to
 consult us if you consider using fork terminal type.
- To secure the wire leads type switch, please use M3 small screws on a flat surface and tighten using a maximum torque of 0.29 N·m.

Be sure to verify the quality under actual conditions of use because the switch plastic might be deformed according to that the kind of the screw (size of screw head etc.), the diameter of the washer and the presence of washer.

And use of adhesive lock is recommended to prevent loosening of the screws. When using an adhesive, care should be taken not to apply the adhesive to the switch operating portion.

- Be sure to maintain adequate insulating clearance between each terminal and ground.
- After mounting please make sure no pulling load will be applied to the switch terminals.
- The positioning of the switch should be such that direct force is not applied to the plunger or actuator in its free position.
 The operating force to the plunger should only be applied in a perpendicular direction.
- When slanted press operation is applied to pin plunger type switches by an operation cam, the endurance life may greatly vary depending on the use of grease for sliding, operation angle, operation speed, operation frequency, press amount of the pin plunger, cam material, cam shape, cam surface condition, etc. Therefore fully verification by using the actual equipment in advance should be implemented.

■Cautions regarding the circuit

 In order to prevent malfunction in set devices caused by bounce and chattering during the ON-OFF switch operation, please verify the validity of the circuit under actual operating conditions and temperature range.

■Please verify under actual conditions.

 Please be sure to conduct quality verification under actual operating conditions in order to increase reliability during actual use.

■Switch selection

 Please make your selection so that there will be no problems even if the operating characteristics vary up to ±20% from the standard values.

■ Oil-proof and chemical-proof characteristics

The rubber cap swells when exposed to oil and chemicals.
 The extent of swelling will vary widely depending on the type and amount of oil and chemicals. Check with the actual oil or chemicals used. In particular, be aware that solvents such as freon, chlorine, toluene, alcohol etc., cannot be used.

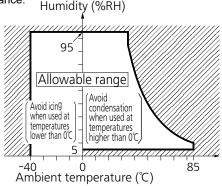
■ESD

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• In order to prevent damage to the chip resistance due to static electricity, please take measures for static electricity to the worker and equipment etc. that contact to terminal area.

■Operation environment

• Although continuous operation of the switch is possible within the range of ambient temperature (humidity), as the humidity range differs depending on the ambient temperature, the humidity range indicated below should be used. Continuous use near the limit of the range should be avoided. This temperature-humidity range does not guarantee permanent performance.



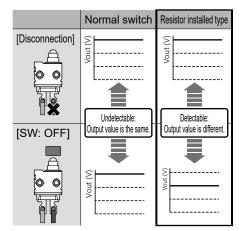
Turquoise Stroke Mini Switch Resistor installed type (ASQMR1)

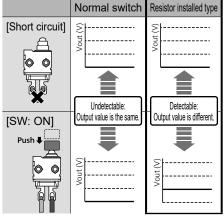
■Others

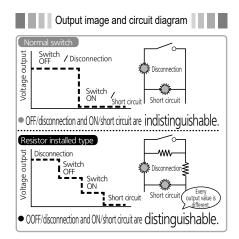
- · Do not handle the switch in a way that may cause damage to the sealing rubber cap.
- Please remember that this switch cannot be used under water. Also, pleased be warned that switching and sudden temperature changes with the presence of water droplets can cause seepage into the unit.
- · Keep away from environments where silicon based adhesives, oil or grease are present as faulty contacts may result from silicon oxide. Do not use in areas where flammable or explosive gases from gasoline and thinner, etc., may be
- · When using the lever type, please be careful not to apply unreasonable load from the reverse or lateral directions of operation.
- Do not exceed the total travel position (TTP) and press the actuator. This could cause operation failure. Also, when switching at high speed or under shock even within the operation limit, the working life may decrease. Therefore, please be sure to verify the quality under actual conditions of use.
- If the switch is used while the plunger is pressed all the time, the performance of switching release may largely deteriorate due to surrounding temperature and humidity, adherence of oils such as oil, grease, etc., solvents and chemicals. Please be sure to verify the quality under the actual use conditions
- · Please make considerations so that the switch does not become the stopper for the moving part.

- · Do not use the switch which was dropped by mistakes when handling. If it is used, abnormal operation characteristics and sealing performance may occur.
- · In case of applying coating to movable parts (actuator, plunger, etc.), the quality of the product is not guaranteed because it may cause a product failure.
- · In case of cleaning a switch, the quality of the product is not guaranteed because it may cause a product failure.
- · Do not apply ultrasonic vibrations and high frequency vibration to a switch because it may have an impact on the characteristics of the switch.
- Please do not constantly apply a tensile load to wire leads when fixing them.
- Please avoid applying stress to the terminal area. Abnormal bonding of the chip resistor may occur.
- · Examine and confirm the performance and reliability before you use the switch under the following environments or condition.
- (1) In places where products are exposed to sea breeze or corrosive gases including SO₂, H₂S, Cl₂, NH₃, NO₂, NaCl,
- (2) In places with large static electricity and strong electromagnetic waves.
- (3) In case of excessive load such as pulse (large load in a short time) is loaded.
- · Since switch implements chip resistors, joule heat is generated by conduction. Please make consideration to the mounting position to avoid the thermal effect to other parts.

■ Difference between a normal switch and a resistor installed type







Please refer to "the latest product specifications" when designing your product.

•Requests to customers:

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https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/

Notes for Turquoise Switches (BJ, BS, BV type)

CAUTIONS FOR USE (Common for BJ, BS and BV types)

Fastening of the switch body

 Fasten the switch body onto a smooth surface using the correct screw as shown in the chart below and tighten it with the prescribed torque.

The switch case may deform depending on the type of screw (screw head diameter, etc.), the size of the washer, and the use or non-use of a washer. Therefore, please confirm the appropriate torque of actual conditions. Also, it is recommended that adhesive be applied to lock the screws to prevent loosening of the screws. When doing so, please be careful not let any adhesive get inside the switch.

| | Screws | Tightening torque |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| ABJ (BJ) switches | M1.2 | Not more than 0.098 N⋅m |
| | M2.3 | Not more than 0.29 N⋅m |
| | M3.0 | Not more than 0.29 N⋅m |
| ABS (BS) switches | M2.3 | Not more than 0.29 N⋅m |
| ABV (BV) switches | M3.0 | Not more than 0.49 N⋅m |

2) Fixed pin type

To secure the switch unit, thermally crimp or press-fit the mounting pins. If the pins are to be press-fitted, install a guide on the opposite surface to the mounting pins to prevent them from slipping out of position and developing play.

- 3) Be sure to maintain adequate insulating clearance between each terminal and ground.
- 4) The positioning of the switch should be such that direct force is not applied to the pushbutton or actuator in its free position. The operating force to the pushbutton should only be applied in a perpendicular direction.
- 5) The standard value of overtravel used should be within the range of 70% to 100% of the rated OT value.
- 6) When soldering the BV type turquoise switch or the immersion protected type of the BJ and BS type switches, the sealing material sometimes forms a lump or bulge at the base of the terminal or lead. Be sure to allow enough space for this when attaching the switch.

■Soldering operations

- 1) Manual soldering: Perform soldering in less than 3 seconds with maximum 350 C iron. Care should be taken not to apply force to the terminals during soldering. We recommend a soldering iron with temperature adjustment in order to prevent poor quality soldering. Please consult us if you intend to use a soldering iron of 60 W or higher.
- Terminal portions should not be moved within 1 minute after soldering.

| | Soldering time |
|-------------------|------------------|
| ABJ (BJ) switches | Within 3 seconds |
| ABS (BS) switches | Within 3 seconds |
| ABV (BV) switches | Within 5 seconds |

■ Selection of the switch

Allow for up to 20% variation of the specified characteristics values to compensate for long term operational wear of the switch in your design.

■ Cautions regarding use

- When switching inductive loads (relays, solenoids, buzzers, etc.), an arc absorbing circuit is recommended to protect the contacts
- 2) If switching of the contact is synchronized with the phase of the AC power, reduced electrical life or welded contact may occur. Therefore, test the switch while it is operating under actual loads for this condition. If found, you may wish to take corrective action in your design.
- 3) In the slow or high speed operating condition, the electrical life might be greatly reduced depending upon the switching load. Please consult us before use.
- 4) Using lever type in do not condition, there is the concern that the flexible part may be impeded and return movement may not be possible. In this situation take the following precautions:
 - Select a product of higher OF or use a leaf type lever.
 - · Attach a protective cover to the lever.
- 5) If the leaf lever type switch is excessively pushed (pushed further than the operational limit position) or switching is done at high speed or is accompanied by the impact, the lever will break. Please be careful. Also, be careful with the short roller lever type ABV (BV) switch as improper return may result from pressing too much.

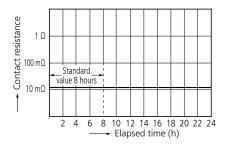
■Protection from dust, water and corrosive gas

- The pin button and the space around the body cap Turquoise switches are sealed with elastic material, the terminal portion is integrally molded. This prevents dust entry and protects the switch against corrosive gases. Wireleaded types are recommended for applications subject to water or oil splash.
 - However, avoid soaking these immersion protected types in oil or water, because those types are not of completely oil tight construction.
- 2) Switch operation or rapid temperature change while water droplets are on the switch may cause the water invasion inside the switch because of breathing action on condensation. Especially do not use switch in a bath.
 - If sources of silicon gas are existing in the vicinity of the switch (silicon rubber, silicon oil, silicon coating, and silicon filler, etc.), silicon gas (low molecular siloxane, etc.) will be emitted and it will get into the product due to the permeability of the plastic. If the switch is used or stored in such an environment, silicon compound might generate on the contacts, cause the and faulty contacting. Therefore, please do not use sources that can emit silicon gas in the vicinity of the switch.
 - Do not use in areas where flammable or explosive gases from gasoline and thinner, etc., may be present.

Dust protection test

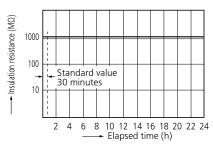
Test conditions: The talcum powder used shall be able to pass through a square- meshed sieve the nominal wire diameter of 7 µm. The amount of talcum powder to be used is 2 kg per cubic metre of the test chamber volume. The duration of the test is 8 hours.

No damage observed after the test.



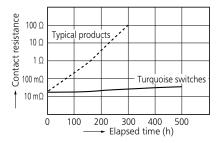
Waterproof test

Test conditions: Immersion protected IP67 switches ... Submerge at 1 m below the water surface for 30 minutes.



Hydrogen sulfide exposure test

Test conditions: Concentration: 3 ppm, Temperature: 40 °C, Humidity: 75% RH



■Oil-proof and chemical-proof characteristics

The rubber elastomer swells when exposed to oil and chemicals. The extent of swelling will vary widely depending on the type and amount of oil and chemicals.

Check with the actual oil or chemicals used.

In particular, be aware that solvents such as freon, chlorine, and toluene cannot be used.

■Washability [ABJ (BJ) and ABS (BS)]

Do not clean the switch. Doing so can cause problems. Please contact us if cleaning is necessary.

REFERENCE

■ Dust-protected type

This type of construction prevents dust that is large enough to have an effect on operation from getting inside the unit. This construction is stipulated by protective classes against solid matter in the IEC standards (IEC60529).

The talcum powder used shall be able to pass through a squaremeshed sieve the nominal wire diameter of 7 μ m. The amount of talcum powder to be used is 2 kg per cubic metre of the test chamber volume. The duration of the test is 8 hours. No damage observed after the test.

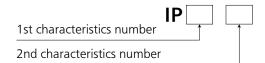
■Immersion-protected type

This type of construction prevents any harmful effects even after the device is left underwater at a depth of 1 m for 30 minutes. This construction is stipulated by protective classes against water in the IEC standards (IEC60529).

■IEC's IP Codes

The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) has defined the IP characteristic code that represents the levels of protection described in IEC standard (IEC60529).

The two numbers that follow the IP code (the characteristics numbers) indicate the suitability of this protection for all environmental conditions.



● Level of protection indicated by the 1st Characteristics number

| 1st Characteristics number | Protection level (IEC60529/Solid matter) |
|----------------------------------|--|
| 0 | No protection |
| 1 | Protected against solid matter larger than 50 mm |
| 2 | Protected against solid matter larger than 12 mm |
| 3 | Protected against solid matter larger than 2.5 mm |
| 4 | Protected against solid matter larger than 1.0 mm |
| 5 | Dust-protected type Prevents dust that is large enough to have an effect on operation from getting inside the unit |
| 6 | Dust-resistant type Prevents dust from getting inside the unit |

● Level of protection indicated by the 2nd Characteristics number

| JIS C 0920 | 2nd Characteristics number | Protection level (IEC60529/Liquid matter) |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| | 0 | No protection |
| Droplet-protected type I | 1 | Protected against water droplets that fall perpendicular to the unit |
| Droplet-protected type II | 2 | Protected against water droplets that fall from within 15° of perpendicular to the unit |
| Rain-protected type | 3 | Protected against water droplets that fall from within 60° of perpendicular to the unit |
| Splash-protected type | 4 | Protected against water that splashes on the unit from any direction |
| Spray-protected type | 5 | Free from adverse effects even if sprayed directly with water from any direction |
| Water-resistant type | 6 | Protected against water sprayed directly on the unit from any direction |
| Immersion- protected type | 7 | Water does not get inside of the unit when submerged in water according to the specified conditions |
| Underwater type | 8 | Unit can be used underwater |

Note: Details of test conditions are the same as NECA C 0920.

Please refer to them.

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