

5G NB-IOT & GNSS KIT

BG96 Technical Specifications & User Manual



Purpose of the Document

The purpose of this document is to explain the technical specifications and manual for using the 5G NB-IoT & GNSS board.

Document History

| Version | Author | Date | Date Description | | |
|---------|--------|------------|--|--|--|
| Α | 5G HUB | 04.05.2019 | Initial Document | | |
| В | 5G HUB | 06.08.2019 | Add Arduino IDE instructions | | |
| С | 5G HUB | 06.10.2019 | Add Serial Interface | | |
| D | 5G HUB | 09.11.2019 | Add more information about Arduino IDE | | |
| E | 5G HUB | 01.02.2020 | Update Information regarding Input voltage and Current | | |
| F | 5G HUB | 07.11.2020 | Update pictures and information | | |
| G | 5G HUB | 02.28.2021 | Update pictures and add download Section | | |

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1 Package contents:

1.1 NB-IoT Kit Package:

- Hardware board
- One USB cable
- One LTE & GPS antenna

1.2 Download

Arduino software can be downloaded from the following website: https://github.com/5ghub/5G-NB-IoT/tree/master/KitSketches

To use the board with Arduino IDE and starts running Arduino projects and sketches, install the following software:

Install Arduino IDE for Windows from the following website: https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software

Download and Install LTE&GNSS modem driver for Windows OS: https://github.com/5ghub/5G-NB-IoT/tree/master/Driver

Download and Install QNavigator and QCOM tools for Quectel BG96 here: https://github.com/5ghub/5G-NB-IoT/tree/master/Tools

Download and install Arduino library (**5G-NB-IoT_Arduino.zip**) here: <u>https://github.com/5ghub/5G-NB-IoT</u>

All the following software can be installed from the GitHub location here: <u>https://github.com/5ghub/5G-NB-IoT</u>

LTE cellular connectivity on Windows OS

2 General Description

2.1 Overview

The NB-IoT kit is a cellular and GPS kit that can be used for the 5G wireless technology. The kit includes a hardware board, LTE&GPS antenna, and USB cables. The board is a powerful board that features a microcontroller and wireless modem. The microcontroller is an Atmel's SAMD21G18A MCU which features a 32-bit ARM Cortex[®] M0+ core. The wireless modem is BG96 which is an embedded IoT (LTE Cat-M1, LTE Cat-NB1 and EGPRS) wireless communication module. BG96 wireless modem provides a maximum data rate of 375Kbps downlink and 375Kbps uplink. It features ultra-low power consumption, provides data connectivity on LTE-TDD/LTE-FDD/GPRS/EDGE networks, and supports half-duplex operation in LTE networks. It also provides GNSS to meet customers' specific application demands

The board provides rich sets of Internet protocols, industry-standard interfaces (USB/UART/I2C/Status Indicator) and abundant functionalities. The board offer a high integration level and enables integrators and developers to easily design their applications and take advantage of the board low power consumption, many functionalities, and USB drivers for Windows 7/8/8.1/10, Linux and Android.

The kit board is a rich hardware board that can be used for the latest 5G wireless technology and enables a variety of smart and 5G applications for devices, and acts as a great educational tool for learning about 5G and 32-bit application development. It enables large number of applications such as wireless POS, smart metering, tracking, smart transportation, smart buildings, smart city, and smart homes.

The board is also compatible with Arduino and Arduino software (IDE). Arduino sketches and examples are provided with the kit and additional sketches can be developed and uploaded to the board.



Figure 1. Hardware Board – unboxed with one LTE/GPS antenna and one USB cable

2.2 Key Features

- Atmel ATSAMD21G18 MCU
- Quectel BG96 NB-IoT module
- External GPS antenna Connector
- External LTE antenna connector
- Supports LTE NB-IoT and Machine Type Communications (MTC)
- Supports EGPRS
- Global Frequency Band B1/B2/B3/B4/B5/B8/B12/B13/B18/B19/B20/B26/B28/B39 (B39 for Cat.M1 only) for LTE and 850/900/1800/1900MHz for EGPRS
- Supports the protocols TCP/UDP/PPP/ SSL/ TLS/ FTP(S)/ HTTP(S)/ NITZ/ PING/ MQTT
- Supports SMS
- Supports GNSS technology (GPS, GLONASS, BeiDou/Compass, Galileo, QZSS)
- Compact board size of 58mm x 42mm
- Nano USIM card slot
- Arduino IDE Compatible
- Works with Windows, Linux, or Android
- Ready for smart applications and development (smart home, smart city, smart transportation, smart metering, smart farming, smart waste management, asset tracking, location, navigation, mapping, and timing applications). Application such as Gas Detector, Soil PH Tester, Optical Sensor, Machinery Alarm System, Irrigation Controller, Elevator, Asset Tracking Electronics, Person/Pet Tracking, Water/Gas Metering, Smart Parking System, Fire Hydrant, Smoke Alarm, Trash Bin, Street Lighting
- The board can operate on an external power supply of 3.3V to 5V. The recommended voltage is 5V.
- The board can be powered via the USB connector or with an external DC power supply. The power source is selected automatically.
- External DC Power supply (non-USB) can be provided from an AC-to-DC adapter (such as a wall-wart) or battery, and can be connected using a 2.1mm center-positive plug connected to the board's power jack, or directly to the GND and VIN pins.
- Each of the 14 general purpose I/O pins on the board can be used for digital input or digital output using pinMode(), digitalWrite(), and digitalRead() functions. Pins used for PWM can be using analogWrite() function. All pins operate at 3.3 volts. Each pin can source or sink a maximum of 10 mA and has an internal pull-up resistor (disconnected by default) of 20-60 K ohm.

2.3 Overview Diagrams



Figure 2. Hardware Board Overview Diagram – Top and Bottom View

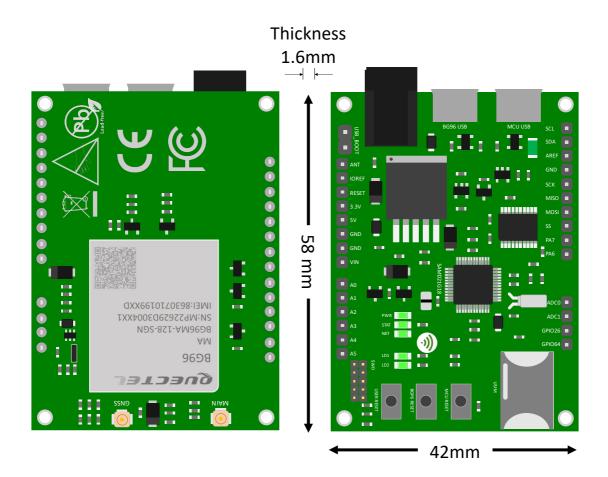


Figure 3. Top and Bottom Views

2.4 Physical Characteristics

The width and length of the board is 48mm (width) by 52 mm (length). The board have four screw holes in each corner that allows the board to be attached to a surface or case.

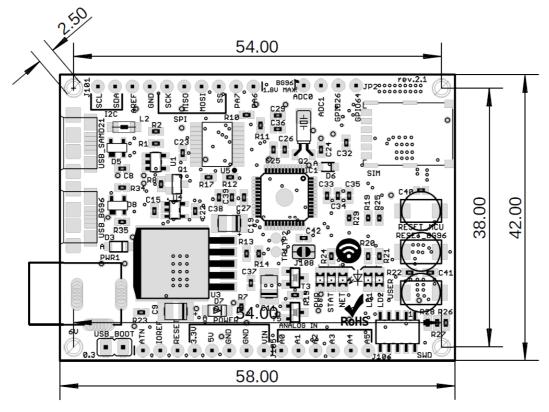


Figure 4. Hardware Board Top View – External Dimensions

2.5 Peripherals – Key Components

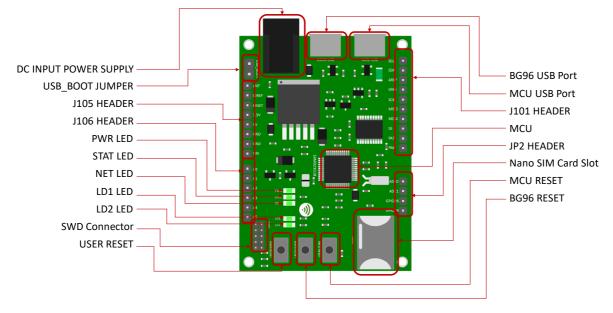


Figure 5. Board Top Side – Key Components

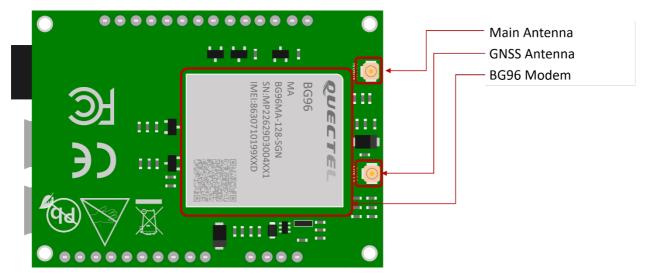


Figure 6. Board Bottom Side – Key Components

2.6 Peripherals – IO Connections

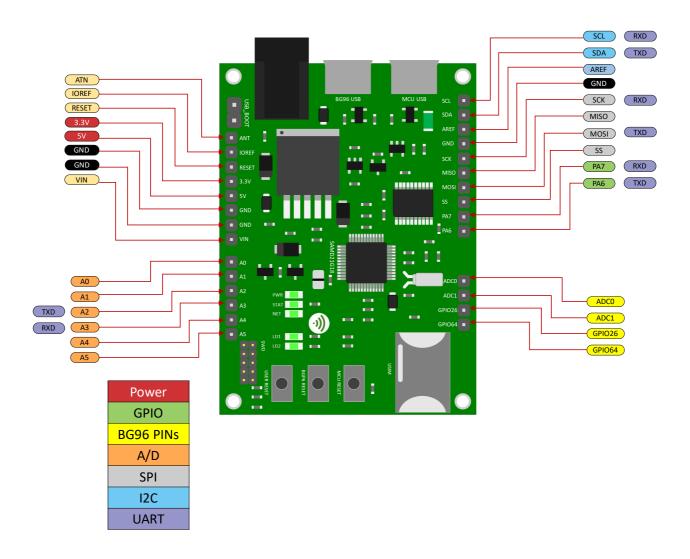


Figure 7. Board Extension Connectors

* I2C interface lines might be configured as USART interface SDA line can work then as USART TXD and SCL line can work as USART RXD)

** MOSI and SCK lines might be configured as USART interface (MOSI line can work then as USART TXD and SCK line can work as USART RXD)

2.7 Hardware Specification

| Technical Specification | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Microcontroller (MCU) | Atmel ATSAMD21G18, 32-Bit ARM Cortex | | | |
| | M0+ | | | |
| Clock Speed | 48 MHz | | | |
| Flash Memory | 256 КВ | | | |
| SRAM | 32 KB | | | |
| NB-IoT Module | Quectel BG96 | | | |
| Dimension | 48mm (width) by 52 mm (length) | | | |
| Weight | 18 grams | | | |
| Dowor Supply | DC Power Supply (3.8-5V), USB (5V), VIN (3.8-5V), | | | |
| Power Supply | or Battery | | | |
| LED | LED1, LED2, Power LED, Status LED, Netlight LED | | | |
| Interfacing Logic Voltage Level (Operating | 3.3V | | | |
| Voltage) | 5.5V | | | |
| Voltage output | 5V, 3.3V | | | |
| RESET buttons | Two; one for MCU and one for BG96 | | | |
| User-defined Button | 1 connected to MCU | | | |
| General-purpose digital I/O Pins | 14 (A0-A5, PA6, PA7, SS, MOSI, MISO, SCK, SDA, | | | |
| General-pul pose digitar 1/0 Pilis | SCL) | | | |
| GPIO | 2 connected to BG96 | | | |
| ADC | 2 connected to BG96 | | | |
| USB | 2 | | | |
| I ² C | 1 | | | |
| SPI | 1 | | | |
| UART | 1 | | | |
| ADC pins | 6 (8/10/12-bit ADC channels) | | | |
| DAC pin | 1 (10-bit DAC) | | | |
| External interrupts | 14 (All general-purpose PINs) | | | |
| PWM pin | 6 | | | |
| DC Current per I/O Pin | 10 mA | | | |
| JTAG Debug | Cortex Debug Connector (Single Wire Debug) | | | |
| USIM | Nano | | | |
| GNSS | GPS, GLONASS, BeiDou/Compass, Galileo, QZSS | | | |
| Antenna | 1 main antenna and 1 GPS antenna | | | |
| | LTE-FDD, B1/B2/B3/B4/B5/B8/B12/ | | | |
| Band | B13/B18/B19/B20/B26/B28 | | | |
| | LTE-TDD: B39 (for Cat M1 only) | | | |
| Certification | FCC, CE | | | |
| Mobile Operator Certification | Verizon and currently for AT&T | | | |

Notes:

- UART can be programmed through any of general-purpose pins.
- SPI can be programmed through any of general-purpose pins.

2.8 PIN Description

| PIN | DIRECTION | Description | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|---|--|--|--|
| DC Power Jack | I | The board can be supplied with power either from the DC power jack (3.8V-5V), the USB connector (5V), or the VIN pin of the board (3.8V-5V) | | | |
| LED (PWR) | 0 | LED is lighted on when the board is power on from the MCU USB port | | | |
| LED1 (USER) | 0 | LED which can be controlled from MCU (D25). When the pin is HIGH value, the LED is on, when the pin is LOW, it is off | | | |
| LED2 (USER) | 0 | LED which can be controlled from MCU (D26). When the pin is HIGH value, the LED is on, when the pin is LOW, it is off | | | |
| LED (NET) | 0 | Indicate the BG96 operation status | | | |
| LED (STAT) | 0 | Indicate the BG96 network activity status | | | |
| MCU RESET button | I | Reset the MCU | | | |
| BG96 RESET button | I | Reset the BG96 module | | | |
| User Button | I | Connected to digital pin, D0, of MCU and can be used for user- defined purposes | | | |
| IOREF | 0 | Provides the voltage reference with which the MCU operates. A device can read the IOREF pin voltage and select the appropriate power source or enable voltage translators on the outputs for working with the 5V or 3.3V | | | |
| 3.3V | 0 | 3.3V generated by the on-board regulator. Maximum current drawn is 300 mA. The regulator also provides power to the MCU and BG96 | | | |
| 5V | 0 | 5V generated from the board. The board can be supplied with power either from the DC power jack (3.3V - 5V), the USB connector (5V), or the VIN pin of the board (3.3-5V). Supplying voltage via the 5V or 3.3V pins bypasses the regulator and can damage the board if it is not sufficiently regulated (This is not recommended) | | | |
| GND | | Ground | | | |
| VIN | I | Input voltage to the board when it uses an external power source (as opposed to 5 volts from the USB connection or other regulated power source). You can supply voltage through this pin, or if supplying voltage via the power jack, access it through this pin | | | |
| A0 | 10 | Six analog inputs which can provide up to 12 bits of resolution | | | |
| A1 | IO | (i.e. 4096 different values). By default, each input measures | | | |
| A2 | IO | from ground to 3.3 volts, though is it possible to change the | | | |
| A3 | IO | upper end of their range using the AREF pin | | | |
| A4 | IO | A0 can also be used as a DAC output and provides a 10 bit | | | |
| A5 | 10 | voltage output with <u>analogWrite()</u> function Analog pins can be used as GPIOs | | | |
| SCL | IO | I2C. The SCL (clock line). Can be used as GPIO | | | |
| SDA | 10 | I2C. The SDA (data line). Can be used as GPIO | | | |

| AREFA | 1 | Input reference voltage for the analog inputs used for either he |
|--------------|----|--|
| , | • | ADC or the DAC |
| SCK | IO | SPI Interface. Can be used as GPIO |
| MISO | IO | SPI Interface. Can be used as GPIO |
| MOSI | IO | SPI Interface. Can be used as GPIO |
| SS | IO | SPI Interface. Can be used as GPIO |
| PA7 | IO | GPIO. Can be used as GPIO |
| PA6 | IO | GPIO. Can be used as GPIO |
| Cortex Debug | 10 | Using Single Wire Debug to burn bootloader and debug the |
| Connector | 10 | board |
| ADC0 | I | Connected to BG96. General purpose analogue to digital converter |
| ADC1 | I | Connected to BG96. General purpose analogue to digital converter |
| GPIO26 | IO | Connected to BG96. General purpose IO |
| GPIO64 | IO | Connected to BG96. General purpose IO |
| USIM | I | Used to insert a Nano USIM. Connected to BG96 |
| | | Connected to BG96. Force the BG96 to enter emergency download |
| USB Boot | I | mode |
| USB1 | IO | Connected to MCU |
| USB2 | IO | Connected to BG96 |

Precaution

The board runs at 3.3V. The maximum voltage that the I/O pins can tolerate is 3.3V. Applying voltages higher than 3.3V to any I/O pin could damage the board

2.9 BG96 chipset

All functionality of the BG96 shipset shall be implemented excluding the following features. That is, the following features are not supported [1][2].

- Audio, Earphone, and Codes are not supported.
- PCM and I2C are not supported
- PSM_IND and AP_READY are not supported

2.10 Interface between SAM21D and BG96

The Microcontroller communicates with the BG96 through UART interfaces:

- UART1: (PA12/PA13/PA14/PA15). Used for data transmission and AT command communication 115200bps by default. The default frame format is 8N1 (8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit) Support RTS and CTS hardware flow control.
- **UART3:** (PB23/PB22). Used for outputting GNSS data or NEMA sentences 115200bps baud rate.

3 Using the Board with Arduino IDE

3.1 Installing the Software

To use the board with Arduino IDE and starts running Arduino projects and sketches, install the following software:

- 1- Install Arduino IDE for Windows from the following web site https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software
- 2- Download and Install Quectel Driver here: This will install Quectel driver on Windows. <u>https://github.com/5ghub/5G-NB-IoT/tree/master/Driver</u>
- 3- Download and Install QNavigator tool for Quectel BG96 here: https://github.com/5ghub/5G-NB-IoT/tree/master/Tools
- 4- Download and save the file **5G-NB-IoT_Arduino.zip** here: <u>https://github.com/5ghub/5G-NB-IoT</u>

All the following software can be installed from the GitHub location here:

https://github.com/5ghub/5G-NB-IoT

3.2 Setting Up Arduino IDE

- 1- Connect a USB cable from the **computer USB** to the **USB_SAMD21 port** to power on the board.
- 2- Connect a USB cable from the **computer USB** to the **USB_BG96 port** to connect to the BG96.
- 3- Launch Arduino IDE and choose **File->Preferences**. In the Additional Boards Manager URLs, insert the following URL:

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/5ghub/5G-NB-IoT/master/package_5G-NB-IoT_index.json

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| sketch jul01a | | | |
| void setup() (| | | ^ |
| // put your setup code here, to run once: | | | |
| 1 | Preferences X | | |
| void loop() { | Settings Network | | |
| <pre>// jut your main code here, to run repeatedly:</pre> | Sketchbook location: | | |
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| | Editor font size: 12 | | |
| | Interface scale: Automatic 100 2 % (requires restart of Arduino) | | |
| | Theme: Default theme ~ (requires restart of Arduino) | | |
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| | Compiler warnings: None V | | |
| | Display line numbers | | |
| | Enable Code Folding | | |
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| | Obe external extor Appressively cache compiled core | | |
| | C Check for updates on startup | | |
| | ✓ Update sketch files to new extension on save (.pde -> .ino) | | |
| | Save when verifying or uploading | | |
| | Additional Boards Manager URLs: https://raw.gthubusercontent.com/5ghub/5G-NB-boT/master/package_5G-NB-IoT_ind+ | | |
| | More preferences can be edited directly in the file | | |
| | C:\Users\hossa\AppData\Local\Arduno15\preferences.bit | | |
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4- In Arduino IDE, choose **Tools->Board->Boards Manager**, select and install **"5G-NB-IoT SAMD Boards**".

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| <pre>void loop() {</pre> | 5G-NB-IoT. Online help | |
| <pre>// put your main code here, to</pre> | More info Install | |
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5- Choose "5G NB-IoT (Native USB Port)"

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| sketch jun08 | Fix Encoding & Reload | | | | | | | | |
| void setup() | Manage Libraries | Ctrl+Shift+I | | | | | | | ^ |
| // put you | Serial Monitor | Ctrl+Shift+M | | | | | | | ~ |
| | Serial Plotter | Ctrl+Shift+L | | | | | | | |
| } | WiFi101 / WiFiNINA Firmware Upda | | Boards Manager | | | | | | |
| <pre>void loop() // put you</pre> | Board: "5G-NB-IoT (Native USB Port | | Arduino/Genuino Mega or Mega 2560 | | | | | | |
| // put jot | Port | , | Arduino/Genuino Mega or Mega 2560 Arduino Mega ADK | | | | | | |
| } | Get Board Info | | Arduino Leonardo | | | | | | |
| | | | Arduino Leonardo ETH | | | | | | |
| | Programmer: "AVRISP mkII" | > | Arduino/Genuino Micro | | | | | | |
| | Burn Bootloader | | Arduino Esplora | | | | | | |
| | | | Arduino Lispiora Arduino Mini | | | | | | |
| | | | Arduino Ethernet | | | | | | |
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| | | | Arduino NG or older | | | | | | |
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| | | | Arduino Robot Motor | | | | | | |
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| | | | Arduino Industrial 101 | | | | | | |
| | | | Linino One | | | | | | |
| | | | Arduino Uno WiFi | | | | | | |
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6- In the Arduino IDE, Choose **Port** and select the serial port where the board appears.

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| sketch_jun19a | Fix Encoding & Reload | | | | | | |
| <pre>void setup()</pre> | Manage Libraries Serial Monitor | Ctrl+Shift+I Ctrl+Shift+M | | | | | ^ |
| // put you | Serial Plotter | Ctrl+Shift+L | | | | | |
| } | WiFi101 / WiFiNINA Firmware Updater | | | | | | |
| void loop() | Board: "5G-NB-IoT (Native USB Port)" | > | | | | | |
| // put you | Port: "COM5 (5G-NB-IoT (Native USB Port |))" > | Serial ports | | | | |
| } | Get Board Info | | COM3 | | | | |
| | Programmer: "AVRISP mkli" | x | COM5 (5G-NB-IoT (Native USB Port)) | | | | |
| | Burn Bootloader | | | | | | |
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7- In the Arduino IDE, Choose Sketch->Include Library->Add .Zip Library and select the file 5G-NB-IoT_Arduino.zip

You are now ready to start running Arduino sketches and projects.

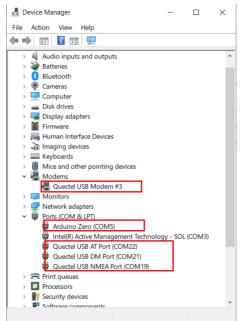
| 💿 sketch_ju | n19a Arduino 1.8.9 | | | | - | | \times |
|---------------|---|--|--|--------------|---------------------------|------------|----------|
| File Edit Ske | tch Tools Help | | | | | | |
| sketch | Verify/Compile Upload Upload Using Programmer Export compiled Binary | Ctrl+R Ctrl+U Ctrl+Shift+U Ctrl+Alt+S | | | | | |
| // pi | Show Sketch Folder | Ctrl+K : | | | | | |
| | Include Library | > | Δ | | | | |
| } | Add File | | Manage Libraries | Ctrl+Shift+I | | | |
| void loop | () { | | Add .ZIP Library | | | | |
| // put ; } | your main code here, 4 | to run repe« | Arduino libraries Bridge Esplora Ethernet Firmata GSM Keyboard LiquidCrystal Mouse Robot Control Robot IR Remote Robot Motor SD Servo SpacebrewYun Stepper TFT Temboo WiFi | | | | |
| Error down | loading https://raw.g | ithubuserco | Contributed libraries 5G-NB-IoT HID I2S | | master/package_5G-NB-IoT_ | index.; | json |
| | | | SAMD_AnalogCorrection | n | 5G-NB-IoT (Native USI | Port) on (| COME |
| | | | SPI | | 56-INB-IOT (INAINE OSI | | JOINIO |

3.3 Running Arduino Sketch

1- Using Arduino IDE, open the Arduino sample TurnOnAllPins.ino, choose Sketch->Upload.



2- In the Device manager, the Arduino and Quectel USB Modem and ports shall show up as in this screen shoot:



After compiling and uploading the Arduino sketch, the LEDs will blink and the BG96 is enabled as in the following picture:



PWR, STAT LEDs are ON LD1, LD2 LED are blinking

The following table show different five LEDs status after uploading this sketch

| LED | Behavior | Description |
|-------|--|----------------------------------|
| PWR | ON | Indicates the MCU is powered on |
| STATE | ON | Indicates the BG96 is powered on |
| NET | Flicker slowly (200ms High/1800ms Low) | Network Searching |
| | Flicker slowly (1800ms High/200ms Low) | Idle |
| | Flicker slowly (125ms High/125ms Low) | Data transfer is ongoing |
| LD1 | Blinking | User controlled LED |
| LD2 | Blinking | User controlled LED |

4 Using the Arduino Sketches with Serial Interface

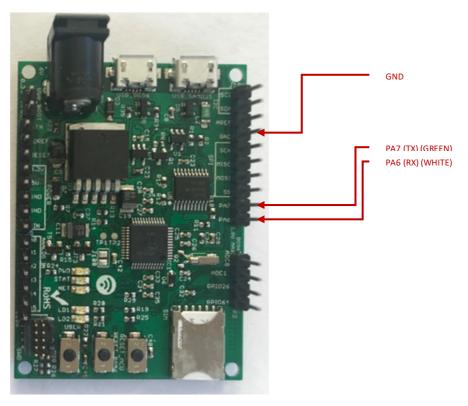
The board has a serial interface where output can be sent via the serial interface to the computer. Use USB-to-Serial cable such as the Prolific USB-to-Serial cable.



Connect the USB-to-Serial cable to the PC, and the device manager shall display a new COM port.

| 🛃 Device Manager — | [| | × |
|--|---|-----|---|
| File Action View Help | | | |
| | | | |
| V 📩 LAPTOP-HOSSAMF | | | ^ |
| > 💐 Audio inputs and outputs | | | |
| > 嵾 Batteries | | | |
| > 🚯 Bluetooth | | | |
| > 👰 Cameras | | | |
| > 💻 Computer | | | |
| > 🕳 Disk drives | | | |
| > 🔙 Display adapters | | | |
| > 🎬 Firmware | | | |
| > 🛺 Human Interface Devices | | | |
| > 🚠 Imaging devices | | | |
| > 🔤 Keyboards | | | |
| > II Mice and other pointing devices | | | |
| > 🛄 Monitors | | | |
| > 🚽 Network adapters | | | |
| 🗸 🛱 Ports (COM & LPT) | | | |
| 🖷 Arduino Zero (COM5) | | | |
| Intel(P) Active Management Technology - SC | | 13) | |
| Prolific USB-to-Serial Comm Port (COM4) | | | |
| Print queues | | | |
| > Processors | | | |
| > I Security devices | | | |
| > 📑 Software components | | | |
| Software devices | | | |

The board has the serial interface on the J101 as in the following figure.



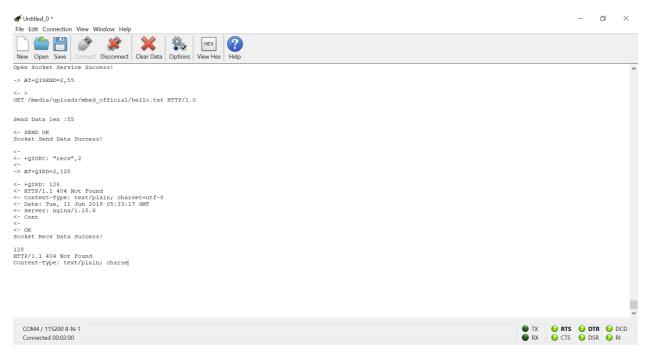
Connect the USB-to-Serial cable from the PC to the board as shown.



Launch any serial port software to connect to the board serial board. Set the COM speed to 115200.

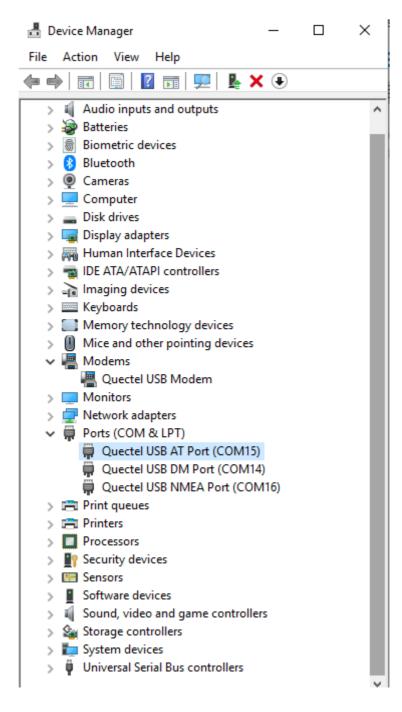
| ✓ Untitled_0 * | | | | | | _ | o × |
|--|---|---|--|---|--|-------|-----|
| File Edit Connection View Window Help | onnection Options (Untitled_(| D) | | | | | |
| New Open Save Connect Disconnect Clear Data Option | Serial Port Terminal Receive Transmit Miscellaneous | Serial Port Optio Port: Baudrate: Data Bits: Parity: Stop Bits: Flow Control: | ns COM4 115200 8 Come Come Come | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| COM4 / 115200 8-N-1 Disconnected | | | Cancel OK | (| | CTS D | |

Click connect and the Arduino sketch output shall be displayed on the terminal software



5 Procedure for Operating the BG96 Wireless Unit

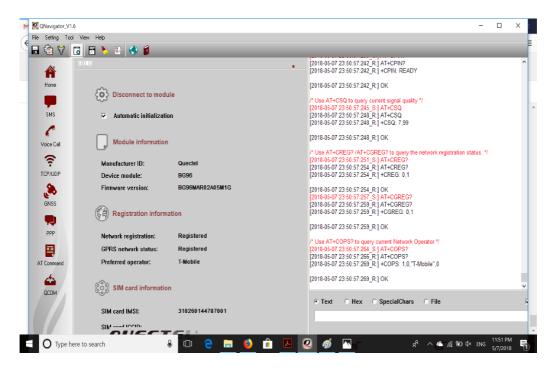
- 1. Insert a USIM (or a test USIM) into the USIM slot on the hardware board.
- 2. Connect the LTE/GPS Antenna to the MAIN and GNSS antenna ports respectively on the board.
- 3. Connect the two USB cables to the board and to the PC (Windows 10 PC).
- 4. In the Device manager, the Quectel USB Modem and ports are shown up.



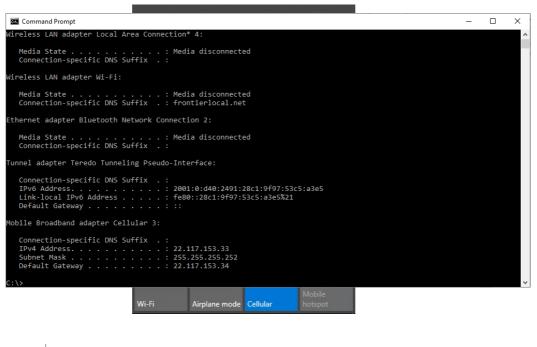
5. Launch QNavigator. Choose the correct Quectel USB AT port in Settings->Serial Port Parameter Set.

| File Setting Tool | 🖪 🛃 🌭 🖭 👶 🧃 | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|
| Home to the second | Home | | | [2019-03-22 22:12:30:87 [2019-03-22 22:12:30:88 [2019-03-22 22:12:30:88 | 30_R:] +QCCID: 8901260143747870016F | ^ |
| - | ري. ا | | | 12019-03-22 22:12:30:88 | | |
| SMS | Automatic initialization | Serial port paramet | er set | > | < R:] AT+CSQ R:] +CSQ: 18,0 | |
| Voice Call | Module information | | Serial port | | R:] OK REG? to query the network registration status. */ | |
| (î: | Manufacturer ID: Qu | Port: | Quectel USB AT Port (COM15) | • | S:] AT+CREG? R:] AT+CREG? | |
| TCP/UDP | Device module: BO | Baudrate: | 115200 | | R:] +CREG: 0,1 | |
| یک | Firmware version: BO | DataBits: | 8 | • | R:] OK S:] AT+CGREG? | |
| GNSS | Registration information | StopBits: Parity: | 1 None | • | R:] AT+CGREG? R:] +CGREG: 0,1 R:] OK | |
| PPP | Network registration: R | FlowCtrl: | H₩ Ctrl | • | | |
| | GPRS network status: Ri Preferred operator: T- | | | | y current Network Operator */ S:] AT+COPS? R:] AT+COPS? | |
| AT Command | SIM card information | | ОК С | ancel | R:] +COPS: 0,0,"T-Mobile",0 _R:] OK | ~ |
| | SIM card IMSI: 31 | 10260144787001 | | • Text • Hex | 🔿 SpecialChars 🔿 File | I |

6. Click "Connect". The board will connect to Mobile operator. Screen shot below shows it connects to T-Mobile network.



7. On the Windows PC, disable all network connections (WiFi or Ethernet) except the Quectel cellular Modem. You can, for example, do a "Ping" to any IP address and this illustrates transmitting and receiving from the T-Mobile cellular network. This is illustrated as in this screen shot:

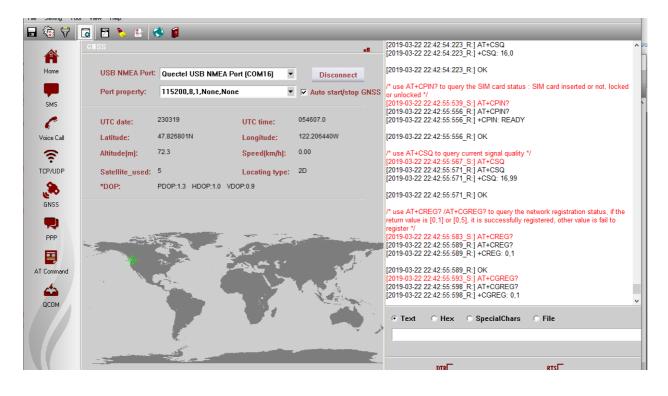


| 🔤 Command Prompt - ping yahoo.com -4 -n 1000 | - | × |
|---|---|---|
| | | ^ |
| Pinging yahoo.com [98.137.246.8] with 32 bytes of data: | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=166ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=198ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=2032ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=2592ms_TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=547ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=580ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=174ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=603ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=608ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=634ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=185ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=730ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=163ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=769ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=1522ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=3267ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=569ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=1436ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=841ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=653ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=202ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=523ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=215ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=242ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=428ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=882ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=554ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=1723ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=979ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=183ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=923ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=1848ms TTL=52 | | |
| Request timed out. | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=961ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=1732ms TTL=52 | | |
| Reply from 98.137.246.8: bytes=32 time=910ms TTL=52 | | |

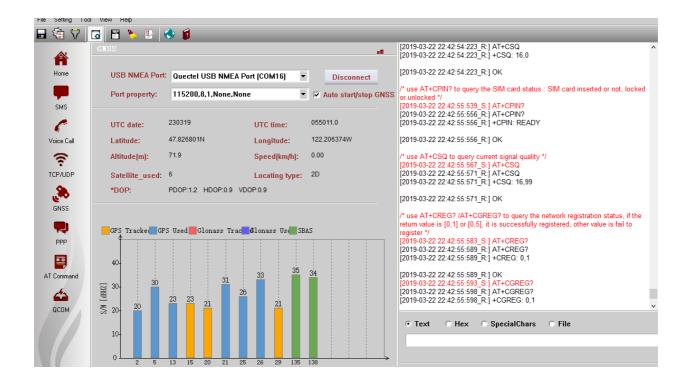
6 Running the GNSS

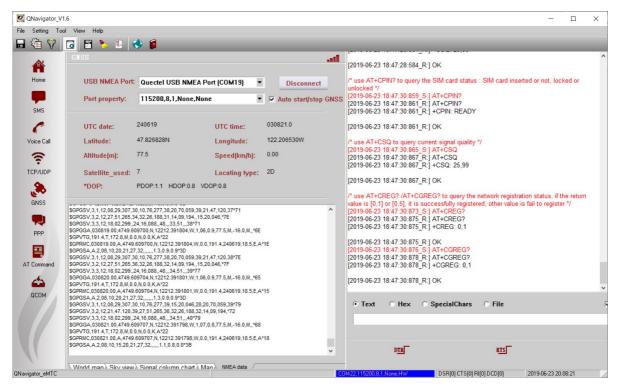
You can use the GNSS module to get location and position information:

 Connect the second Antenna to the GNSS antenna port on the board. In the QNavaigator, click "GNSS" and then "Connect". You will get location and positioning information. Sample screen shots as below:



| 🖬 ⁄ 🔄 🗸 🔯 👘 | |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| CRSS [2019-03-22 22:42:54:223_R:] AT+CSQ [2019-03-22 22:42:54:223_R:] +CSQ: 16,0 | |
| Home USB NMEA Port: Quectel USB NMEA Port (COM16) USB NMEA PORT (CO | |
| Port property: 115200,8,1,None,None VAuto start/stop GNSS /* use AT+CPIN? to query the SIM card status or unlocked '/ | s : SIM card inserted or not, locked |
| SMS [2019-03-22 22:42:55:556], S;] AT+CPIN? [2019-03-22 22:42:55:556], R;] AT+CPIN? [2019-03-22 22:42:55:556], R;] AT+CPIN? [2019-03-22 22:42:55:556], R;] AT+CPIN? | (|
| Voice Call Latitude: 47.826800N Longitude: 122.206375W [2019-03-22.22:42:55:556_R:] OK | |
| Altitude(m): 72.1 Speed(km/h): 0.00 /* use AT+CSQ to query current signal quality [2019-03-22 22:42:55:567_S:] AT+CSQ | /*/ |
| TCP/UDP Satellite_used: 6 Locating type: 2D [2019-03-22 22:42:55:571_R:] AT+CSQ *DOP: PDOP:12 HDOP:08 VDOP:0.9 [2019-03-22 22:42:55:571_R:] +CSQ: 16,99 | |
| [2019-03-22 22:42:55:571_R:] OK | |
| // use AT+CREG? /AT+CGREG? to query the return value is [0,1] or [0,5], it is successfully register */ | |
| PPP 315 45 [2019-03-22 22:42:55:583_S:] AT+CREG? [2019-03-22 22:42:55:589_R:] AT+CREG? | |
| 300 40 60 [2019-03-22 22:42:55:589]R:] +CREG: 0,1 AT command 000 220 220 75 [2019-03-22 22:42:55:589]R:] OK | |
| 280 4 42 4/0 [2019-03-22 22:42:55:593_S:] AT+CGREG? [2019-03-22 22:42:55:598_R:] AT+CGREG? | |
| QCOM (221) (21) (22) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20 | |
| 255 240 120 | ⊖ File |
| 225 225 135 | |
| 210 195 S 165 DIR | RIS |





7 AT Commands

The QNavigator can be used to communicated with the transmitter and receiver. For example, you can use the following AT commands:

- a. **ATI:** The ATI command displays the module information, such as the name and version
- b. **AT+CFUN?:** This commands sets up phone functionality in the module. In our case it is 1, because we require full functionality.
- c. **AT+CSQ:** This command is used to get the signal strength and it makes sure that the USIM is receiving signals.
- d. **AT+CREG?:** This command is used to enquire about the network registration status. Response 1 means registered.
- e. AT+CGREG?: This command is also used to enquire the network registration status.
- f. **AT+COPS?:** This commands returns the current mode and currently selected operator. (e.g. T-Mobile).
- g. AT+QCFG = "BAND", f,400a0e189f,a0e189f: In order for the USIM to get registered with the 5G NB network we set up the device to look for the above frequency band configuration.
- h. **AT+QCFG = "NWSCANMODE",1:** This command is used to set the scan mode. We set it to 1 to scan for GSM networks to register.
- i. **AT+QCFG = "iotopmode",1:** This command is used to specify the network category which is to be searched under the LTE network mode. We set it to 1 to search for LTE Cat.NB1.
- j. AT+QCFG = "NWSCANSEQ",010302: This command configures the sequence of searching for the network. Our sequence means GSM→LTE Cat.NB1→LTE Cat.M1
- k. AT+CGDCONT=1,"IPV4V6": This command sets the PDP context, we have set the PDP context to IPV4 and V6.

- I. **AT+CGPADDR:** This command returns a list of PDP addresses.
- m. **AT+QNWINFO:** This command queries the network information such as access technology, operator's numeric code, the band and channel ID.
- n. **AT&WO**: Use this command to stores the current AT command settings to a user defined profile in non-volatile memory

For GNSS to work with QNavigator, make sure the following is issued:

o. **AT+QGPSCFG="outport", "usbnmea"**: Use this command to configure various GNSS settings, including NMEA sentences output to the BG96 USB port.

The BG96 is connected to two GPIOs (GPIO26 and GPIO64) which produces a maximum of 1.8V. You can set them using the following commands:

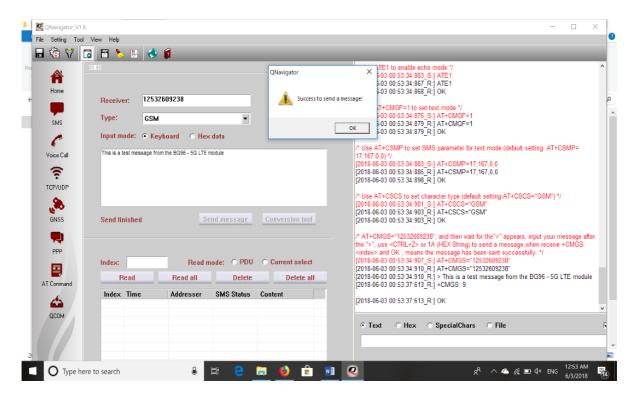
AT+QCFG="gpio",1,26,1,0,7 //configure pin 26 as output, no pull, 17mA drive, clean last configuration AT+QCFG="gpio",3,26,1 // write pin 26 high value, clean last configuration AT+QCFG="gpio",1,64,1,0,7 //configure pin 64 as output, no pull, 17mA drive, clean last configuration

AI+QCFG="gpio",1,64,1,0,7 //configure pin 64 as output, no pull, 17mA drive, clean last configuration AT+QCFG="gpio",3,64,1 // write pin 64 high value, clean last configuration

The following are screen shots of some of these AT commands:

| QNavigator_V | 1.6 | | | | | | | | × |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------------------|-----|----------|------------------------------|-----------|--|---|---|
| File Setting To | ol View | Help | | | | | | | |
| 🖬 🖄 Ϋ | | 1 🌭 🖭 🌖 🧃 | | | | | | | |
| | QCOL | | | | | .1 | [2019-03-22 20:06:19:205_R:] AT+CFUN? [2019-03-22 20:06:19:205_R:] +CFUN: 1 | | ^ |
| Home | 💌 Cho | oose all commands | Hex | 💌 En | ter | Delay(ms) | [2019-03-22 20:06:19:205_R:] OK | | |
| | ☑ 1 | AT+CSQ | | V | 1 | 500 | [2019-03-22 20:06:20:192_S:] AT+COPS? [2019-03-22 20:06:20:192_R:] AT+COPS? | | |
| | ₹ 2 | AT+CPIN? | | 7 | 2 | 500 | [2019-03-22 20:06:20:192_R:] +COPS: 0,0,"T-Mobile",0 | | |
| SMS | ₹ 3 | AT+CREG? | - | V | 3 | 500 | [2019-03-22 20:06:20:192 R:] OK | | |
| C | | AT+CGREG? | | | 4 | 500 | [2019-03-22 20:06:21:781_S:] AT+QCFG = "BAND", f,400a0e189f,a0e189f | | |
| Voice Call | · 4 ▼ 5 | AT+GSN | | | 5 | 500 | [2019-03-22 20:06:21:781_R:] AT+QCFG = "BAND", f,400a0e189f,a0e189f [2019-03-22 20:06:21:781_R:] OK | | |
| | ₩ 5 ₩ 6 | AT+QCCID | | V | | 500 | [2019-03-22 20:06:23:241_S:] AT+QCFG = "NWSCANMODE",1 | | |
| হি | | | | | 6 | | [2019-03-22 20:06:23:257_R:] AT+QCFG = "NWSCANMODE",1 [2019-03-22 20:06:23:257 R:] OK | | |
| TCP/UDP | ₹ 7 | ATI | | | 7 | 500 | [2019-03-22 20:06:24:641_S:] AT+QCFG = "iotopmode",1 | | |
| <u>6</u> | 8 🕅 | AT+CFUN? | | 7 | 8 | 500 | [2019-03-22 20:06:24:641_R:] AT+QCFG = "iotopmode",1 [2019-03-22 20:06:24:641 R:] OK | | |
| ی کھی | ₽ 9 | AT+COPS? | | | 9 | 500 | [2019-03-22 20:06:25:666_S:] AT+QCFG = "NWSCANSEQ",010302 | | |
| GNSS | ⊠ 10 | AT+QCFG = "BAND", f,400a0e18 | | ~ | 10 | 500 | [2019-03-22 20:06:25:666_R:] AT+QCFG = "NWSCANSEQ",010302 [2019-03-22 20:06:25:682_R:] OK | | |
| - | M 11 | AT+QCFG = "NWSCANMODE",1 | | | 11 | 500 | [2019-03-22 20:06:27:370_S:] AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP" | | |
| PPP | ☑ 12 | AT+QCFG = "iotopmode",1 | | ~ | 12 | 500 | [2019-03-22 20:06:27:370_R:] AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP" [2019-03-22 20:06:27:385 R:] OK | | |
| | ☑ 13 | AT+QCFG = "NWSCANSEQ",010 | | ~ | 13 | 500 | [2019-03-22 20:06:29:421_S:] AT+CGPADDR | | |
| | ☑ 14 | AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP" | | V | 14 | 500 | [2019-03-22 20:06:29:421_R:] AT+CGPADDR [2019-03-22 20:06:29:421 R:] +CGPADDR: 1.0.0.0.0 | | |
| AT Command | ☑ 15 | AT+CGPADDR | - | V | 15 | 500 | | | |
| 4. | ☑ 16 | AT+QNWINF0 | Ē | v | 16 | 500 | [2019-03-22 20:06:29:421_R:] OK [2019-03-22 20:06:31:480_S:] AT+QNWINFO | | |
| 📫 🔶 | ☑ 17 | AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","fast.t-mot | | | 17 | 500 | [2019-03-22 20:06:31:495_R:] AT+QNWINFO | - | ~ |
| QCOM | | | | | and the second second second | | • Text | | |
| | ☑ 18 | AT&WO | | v | 18 | 500 | e rext e riex e opecial citars e rite | | |
| | 1 9 | | | • | 19 | | | | |
| | E 20 | | | | 20 | | | | |

2. You can send SMS from the SMS pane of the QNavigator. Screenshots below shows the SMS transmitted by the device and received on the phone.







8 References

- [1] Quectel_BG96_Hardware_Design_V1.2.pdf
- [2] Quectel_BG96_Reference_Design_Rev.A_20170814.pdf
- [3] Quectel_Antenna_Design_Note_V2.0.pdf
- [4] Quectel_RF_Layout_Application_Note_V2.2.pdf
- [5] Quectel_QFlash_User_Guide_V2.3
- [6] Arduino IDE, <u>https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software</u>
- [7] Arduino IDE, <u>https://www.arduino.cc/en/Guide/ArduinoZero</u>
- [8] Microchip, "Low-Power, 32-bit Cortex-M0+ MCU with Advanced Analog and PWM"

APPENDIX A – SCHEMATIC

