

#### **General Description**

The MAX836/MAX837 micropower voltage monitors contain a 1.204V precision bandgap reference and a comparator in a SOT143 package. The MAX836 has an open-drain, n-channel output driver, while the MAX837 has a push-pull output driver. Two external resistors set the trip threshold voltage.

### **Features**

- ♦ ±1.25% Precision Voltage Threshold
- ♦ SOT143 Package
- **♦ Low Cost**
- ♦ < 5µA Typical Supply Current
- ♦ Open-Drain Output (MAX836) **Push-Pull Output (MAX837)**

### **Applications**

Precision Battery Monitor Load Switching Battery-Powered Systems **Threshold Detectors** 

### **Ordering Information**

PART*	PART* TEMP RANGE		TOP MARK	
MAX836EUS-T	-40°C to +85°C	4 SOT143-4	EQAA	
MAX837EUS-T	-40°C to +85°C	4 SOT143-4	ERAA	

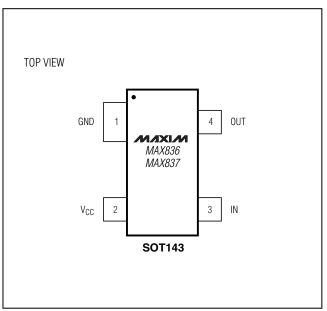
<sup>\*</sup>All devices available in tape-and-reel only. Contact factory for availabilitv.

Devices are available in both leaded and lead-free packaging. Specify lead-free by replacing "-T" with "+T" when ordering.

### **Typical Operating Circuit**

# MAX836 GND OUT 1.204V MIXIM MAX836 MAX837 0.1μF

### **Pin Configuration**



MIXIM

Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

V <sub>CC</sub> , OUT to GND (MAX836)0.3V to 12V IN, OUT to GND (MAX837)0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)	Rate of Rise, V <sub>CC</sub> 100V/µs Continuous Power Dissipation
Input Current	4-Pin SOT143 (derate 4mW/°C above +70°C)320mW
V <sub>CC</sub> 20mA	Operating Temperature Range40°C to +85°C
IN10mA	Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
Output Current, OUT20mA	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

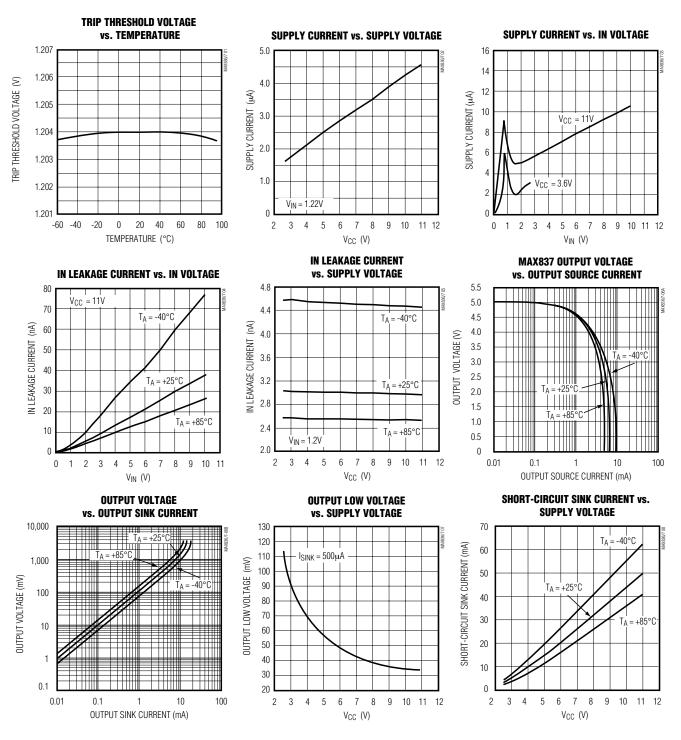
 $(V_{CC} = +2.5V \text{ to } +11.0V, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL		CONDITIO	NS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Voltage Range (Note 1)	Vcc				2.5		11.0	V
		V 440V	Vcc = 3.6V	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		3.5	6.5	
	laa	V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.16V, OUT = low	VCC = 3.6V	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$			10	1
Supply Current (Note 2)			V <sub>CC</sub> = full opera	V <sub>CC</sub> = full operating range			15	
Supply Culterit (Note 2)	Icc	V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.25V, OUT = high	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		2.0	5.0	- μΑ
				$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$			8.0	
			V <sub>CC</sub> = full opera	ting range			13	
Trip Threshold Voltage	VTH	V <sub>IN</sub> falling	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		1.185	1.204	1.215	V
The Theshold Voltage	VIH	VIIN railing	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +80^{\circ}C$	85°C	1.169	1.204	1.231	V
Trip Threshold Voltage Hysteresis	V <sub>H</sub> YST	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, IN	= low to high			6		mV
IN Operating Voltage Range (Note 1)	VIN						V <sub>CC</sub> - 1	V
IN Leakage Current (Note 3)	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>TH</sub>				±3	±12	nA
Propagation Delay	tpL	V <sub>C</sub> C = 5.0V, 5	50mV overdrive			80		μs
Glitch Immunity		$V_{CC} = 5.0V, 1$	00mV overdrive			35		μs
OUT Rise Time	t <sub>RT</sub>	$V_{CC} = 5.0V, r$	no load (MAX837 d	only)		260		ns
OUT Fall Time	tFT	Vcc = 5.0V, r	no load (MAX836 p	oull-up = $10$ kΩ)		680		ns
Output Leakage Current (Note 4)	ILOUT	VIN > VTHMA>	(MAX836 only)				±1	μΑ
Output-Voltage High	Voн	VIN > VTHMA>	(, ISOURCE = 500µ	ıA (MAX837 only)	Vcc - 0.5	5		V
Output-Voltage Low	V <sub>OL</sub>	VIN < VTHMIN	, ISINK = 500µA				0.4	V

- Note 1: The voltage-detector output remains in the direct state for V<sub>CC</sub> down to 1.2V when V<sub>IN</sub> ≤ V<sub>CC</sub>/2.
- Note 2: Supply current has a monotonic dependence on V<sub>CC</sub> (see the *Typical Operating Characteristics*).
- Note 3: IN leakage current has a monotonic dependence on Vcc (see the Typical Operating Characteristics).
- Note 4: The MAX836 open-drain output can be pulled up to a voltage greater than V<sub>CC</sub>, but may not exceed 11V.

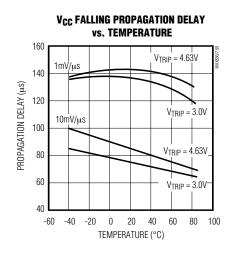
### Typical Operating Characteristics

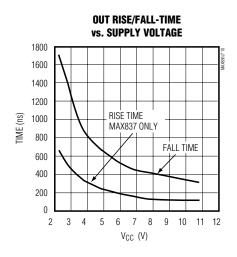
 $(V_{CC} = +5V, R_{LOAD} = 1M\Omega, R_{PULLUP} = 10k\Omega (MAX836 only), T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 



#### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, R_{LOAD} = 1M\Omega, R_{PULLUP} = 10k\Omega$  (MAX836 only),  $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.)





#### **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	GND	System Ground
2	Vcc	System Supply Input
3	IN	Noninverting Input to the Comparator. The inverting input connects to the internal 1.204V bandgap reference.
4	OUT	Open-Drain (MAX836) or Push-Pull (MAX837) Output

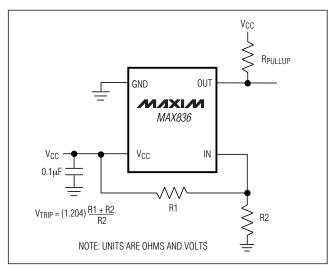


Figure 1. Programming the Trip Voltage, VTRIP

#### **Detailed Description**

The MAX836/MAX837 micropower voltage monitors contain a 1.204V precision bandgap reference and a comparator (see the *Typical Operating Circuit*). The only difference between the two parts is the structure of the comparator output driver. The MAX836 has an open-drain n-channel output driver that can be pulled up to a voltage higher than V<sub>CC</sub>, but under 11V. The MAX837's output is push-pull, and can both source and sink current.

#### **Programming the Trip Voltage**

Two external resistors set the trip voltage, VTRIP (Figure 1). VTRIP is the point at which the applied voltage (typically VCC) toggles OUT. The MAX836/MAX837's high input impedance allows large-value resistors without compromising trip-voltage accuracy. To minimize current consumption, select a value for R2 between  $500k\Omega$  and  $1M\Omega$ , then calculate R1 as follows:

$$R1 = R2 \left( \frac{V_{TRIP}}{V_{TH}} - 1 \right)$$

where  $V_{TRIP}$  = desired trip voltage (in volts),  $V_{TH}$  = threshold trip voltage (1.204V).

### **Applications Information**

#### **Adding Hysteresis**

Hysteresis adds noise immunity to the MAX836/MAX837 and prevents repeated triggering when  $V_{\text{IN}}$  is near the threshold trip voltage. Figure 2 shows how to add hysteresis to the comparator. The technique is similar for

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both parts. For the MAX836, select the ratio of resistors R1 and R2 so that IN sees 1.204V when the monitor voltage falls to or rises above the desired trip point (VTRIP). R3 adds hysteresis and is typically an order of magnitude larger than R1 or R2. The current through R1 and R2 should be at least 500nA to ensure that the 12nA maximum input current does not shift the trip point significantly. Capacitor C1 adds additional noise rejection.

#### **Monitoring Voltages Other than Vcc**

The MAX836/MAX837 can monitor voltages other than VCC (Figure 3). Calculate VTRIP as shown in the *Programming the Trip Voltage* section. The monitored voltage (VMON) is independent of VCC. VIN must be 1V less than VCC.

#### **Heater Temperature Control**

Figure 4 shows a basic heater temperature-control circuit. Upon power-up, OUT is high and the n-channel MOSFET turns on. Current flows through the heating element (R4), warming the surrounding area. R2 is a negative-temperature-coefficient thermistor and as temperature increases, its resistance decreases. As the thermistor heats up and its resistance decreases, the MAX837's voltage at IN decreases until it reaches the 1.204V threshold voltage. At this point, OUT goes low, turning off the heating element. The thermistor cools and the voltage at IN rises until it overcomes the MAX837's hysteresis (6mV). OUT returns high when this point is reached, turning on the heating element again. This cycle repeats as long as power is applied.

Determine the thermistor's resistance (R2) at the desired temperature. Then, using R2's resistance and half the resistance of R3, calculate R1's value with the following formula:

$$R1 = (R2 + R3) \left( \frac{V_{CC}}{1.204} - 1 \right)$$

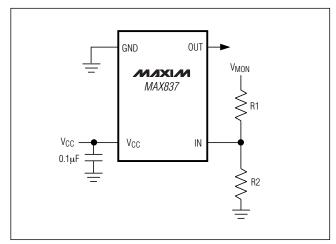


Figure 3. Monitoring Voltages Other than VCC

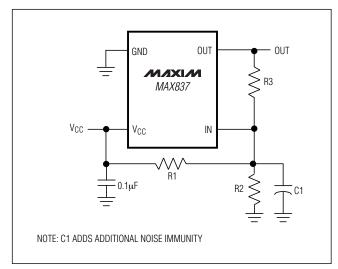


Figure 2. Adding Hysteresis to the Comparator

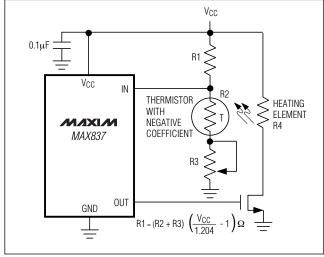


Figure 4. Heater Temperature Control

\_\_\_\_\_Chip Information
TRANSISTOR COUNT: 54

#### **Package Information**

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	DOCUMENT NO.		
4 SOT143	U4-1	21-0052		

\_\_\_\_\_\_*NIXI/N* 

### **Revision History**

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED	
0	9/96	Initial release	_	
1	3/04	Updated top mark information in the Ordering Information.	1	
2	12/05	Added lead-free notation.	1	
3	5/08	Updated top mark information in the Ordering Information.	1	

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