

USB Type-C Power Delivery Controller

BM92A13MWV-Z

General Description

BM92A13 is a full function USB Type-C Power Delivery (PD) controller that supports USB Power Delivery using base-band communication. It is compatible with USB Type-C Specification and USB Power Delivery specification.

BM92A13 includes support for the PD policy engine and communicates with an Embedded Controller or the SoC via host interface. It supports SOP, SOP' and SOP' signaling, allowing it to communicate with cable marker ICs, support alternate modes.

Features

- USB Type-C Specification compatible
- USB PD Specification compatible (BMC-PHY)
- Connected the required initial voltage is 15V
- Request current depends on the far-end device
- Start of automatic power receiving without Ext-MCU
- Two channel power path control using N-channel MOSFET drivers with back flow prevention
- Type-C cable orientation detection
- Built-in VCONN Switch and VCONN controller
- Direct VBUS powered operation
- Initial Role is UFP mode (Supports DFP/DRP mode)
- Supports Dead Battery operation
- SMBus Interface for Host Communication

Applications

 Consumer Applications Laptop PCs, Tablet PCs

Key Specifications

VBUS Voltage Range: 4.75V to 20V
Power Sink Voltage Range: 4.75V to 20V
Power Source Voltage Range: 4.75V to 5.5V

■ Power Consumption at Sleep Power: 0.4mW(Typ)

Power Consumption at Sleep Power: 0.4mvv(1yp)
 Operating Temperature Range: -30°C to +105°C

Package UQFN40V5050A

W (Typ) x D (Typ) x H (Max) 5.00mm x 5.00mm x 1.00mm



Typical Application Circuit

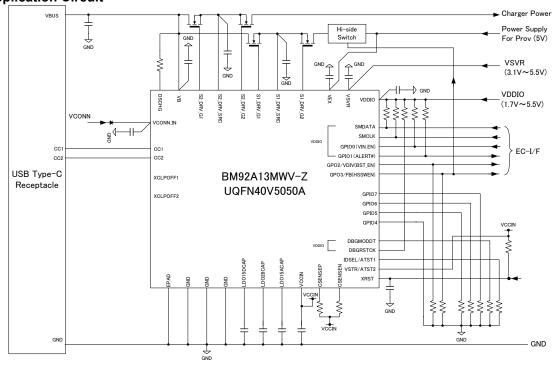


Figure A. Typical Application Circuit

OProduct structure: Silicon monolithic integrated circuit OThis product has no designed protection against radioactive rays

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Notation

Category	Notation	Description				
Unit	V	Volt (Unit of voltage)				
	Α	Ampere (Unit of current)				
	Ω, Ohm	Ohm (Unit of resistance)				
	F	Farad (Unit of capacitance)				
	deg., degree	degree Celsius (Unit of Temperature)				
	Hz	Hertz (Unit of frequency)				
	s (lower case)	second (Unit of time)				
	min	minute (Unit of time)				
	b, bit	bit (Unit of digital data)				
	B, byte	1 byte = 8 bits				
Unit prefix	M, mega-, mebi-	2^{20} = 1,048,576 (used with "bit" or "byte")				
	M, mega-, million-	$10^6 = 1,000,000$ (used with " Ω " or "Hz")				
	K, kilo-, kibi-	2 ¹⁰ = 1,024 (used with "bit" or "byte")				
	k, kilo-	$10^3 = 1,000$ (used with " Ω " or "Hz")				
	m, milli-	10 ⁻³				
	μ, micro-	10 ⁻⁶				
	n, nano-	10 ⁻⁹				
	p, pico-	10 ⁻¹²				
Numeric value	xxh, xxH	Hexadecimal number. "x": any alphanumeric of 0 to 9 or A to F.				
	xxb	Binary number; "b" may be omitted. "x": a number, 0 or 1 "_" is used as a nibble (4-bit) delimiter. (eg. "0011_0101b" = "35h")				
Address	#xxh	Address in a hexadecimal number. "x": any alphanumeric of 0 to 9 or A to F.				
Data	bit[n]	n-th single bit in the multi-bit data.				
	bit[n:m]	Bit range from bit[n] to bit[m].				
Signal level	"H", High	High level (over V _{IH} or V _{OH}) of logic signal.				
	"L", Low	Low level (under V _{IL} or V _{OL}) of logic signal.				
	"Z", "Hi-Z"	High impedance state of 3-state signal.				

Reference

Name	Reference Document	Release Date	Publisher
USB Type-C	"USB Type-C Specification Release 1.1"	3.Apr.2015	USB.org
USB PD	"Power Delivery Specification Revision2.0 Version1.1"	7.May.2015	USB.org
SMBus	"System Management Bus (SMBus) Specification Version 2.0"	3.Aug.2000	System Management Implementers Forum

1. Pin Configuration

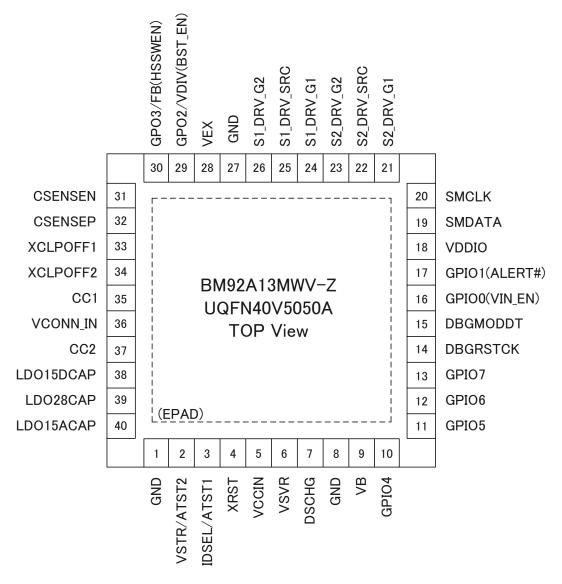


Figure 1-1 Pin configuration

2. Pin Description

Table 2-1 Pin Description

PKG PIN#	Pin Name	BLOCK	I/O	Туре	Digital I/O Level	Description
1	GND	GND	I	GND		Ground
2	VSTR/ATST2	TEST/Debug	Ю	Analog		Analog TEST/ Debug Pin2
3	IDSEL/ATST1	TEST/Debug	I	Analog	VCCIN	SMBus ID (device address) selection "H":1Ah, "L":18h /Debug Pin1
4	XRST	Interface	I	Digital	VCCIN	Digital block Reset
5	VCCIN	USB-PD	0	Analog		Internal Power supply (For internal use, need to connect capacitor to GND
6	VSVR	POWER	I	Power		5V SVR INPUT and SPDSRC_FET_SRC voltage
7	DSCHG	Interface	Ю	Analog		Discharge NMOS Drain
8	GND	GND	I	GND		Ground
9	VB	POWER	I	Power		Power Source from VBUS
10	GPIO4	Interface	I	Digital		Mode fixation (Fix: L)
11	GPIO5	Interface	I	Digital		NC pin
12	GPIO6	Interface	I	Digital		NC pin
13	GPIO7	Interface	I	Digital		NC pin
14	DBGRSTCK	TEST	Ю	Digital	VDDIO	Test for logic
15	DBGMODDT	TEST	Ю	Digital	VDDIO	Test for logic
16	GPIO0 (VIN_EN)	Interface	I	Digital	VDDIO	VIN_EN signal
17	GPIO1 (ALERT#)	Interface	O ^(Note 1)	Digital	VDDIO	Alert signal
18	VDDIO	POWER	I	Power		Interface Voltage
19	SMDATA	Interface	Ю	Digital	VDDIO	SMBus Data
20	SMCLK	Interface	I	Digital	VDDIO	SMBus Clock
21	S2_DRV_G1	FET Gate Control	0	Analog		Power Path FET Gate Control SPDSNK_G1
22	S2_DRV_SRC	FET Gate Control	I	Analog		Power Path FET BG/SRC Voltage SPDSNK_SRC
23	S2_DRV_G2	FET Gate Control	0	Analog		Power Path FET Gate Control SPDSNK_G2
24	S1_DRV_G1	FET Gate Control	0	Analog		Power Path FET Gate Control SPDSRC_G1
25	S1_DRV_SRC	FET Gate Control	I	Analog		Power Path FET BG/SRC Voltage SPDSRC_SRC
26	S1_DRV_G2	FET Gate Control	0	Analog		Power Path FET Gate Control SPDSRC_G2

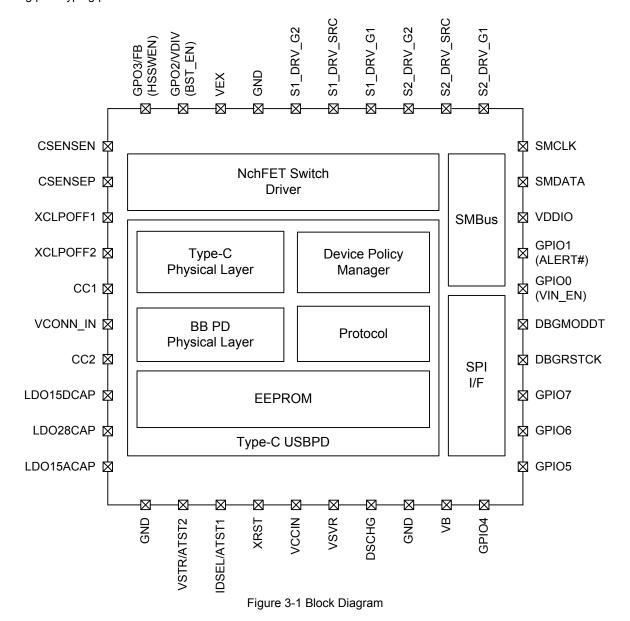
(Note 1) N-ch Open Drain

PKG PIN#	Pin Name	BLOCK	I/O	Туре	Digital I/O Level	Description
27	GND	GND	I	GND		Ground
28	VEX	POWER	I	Power		Extension Power Input
29	GPO2/VDIV (BST_EN)	Interface	0	Digital	VCCIN	Boost Enable signal
30	GPO3/FB (HSSWEN)	Interface	0	Digital	VCCIN	Hi-side Switch Enable signal
31	CSENSEN	Interface	I	Analog	VCCIN	Pin 29,30 Configuration (Pin31,Pin32)=(H,H):GPO mode
32	CSENSEP	Interface	1	Analog	VCCIN	Pin 29,30 Configuration (Pin31,Pin32)=(H,H):GPO mode
33	XCLPOFF1	ССРНҮ	I	Analog	VCCIN	Disable Clamper of CC1 L:Dead-battery not support Open: Dead-battery support
34	XCLPOFF2	ССРНҮ	I	Analog	VCCIN	Disable Clamper of CC2 L:Dead-battery not support Open: Dead-battery support
35	CC1	CCPHY	Ю	Analog		Configuration channel 1 for Type-C
36	VCONN_IN	CCPHY	I	Analog		Input power for VCONN
37	CC2	ССРНҮ	Ю	Analog		Configuration channel 2 for Type-C
38	LDO15DCAP	POWER	0	Analog		Internal LDO 1.5V for Digital Need Capacitor
39	LDO28CAP	POWER	0	Analog		Internal LDO 2.8V for Analog Need Capacitor
40	LDO15ACAP	POWER	0	Analog		Internal LDO 1.5V for Analog Need Capacitor

3. Block Diagram

BM92A13 is a full function USB Type-C PD controller that supports USB Power Delivery using base-band communication. It is compatible with USB Type-C Specification and USB Power Delivery Specification

BM92A13 includes the following functional blocks: Type-C Physical Layer (base-band PHY), BMC encoder / decoder, USB-PD Protocol engine, two N-ch MOSFET switch drivers to control each, OVP, Discharge FET and SMBus interface for communicating with the host controller. It requires an external embedded controller that includes Device Policy Manager and GPIOs for USB Type-C PD operation. BM92A13 is able to operate independently in a dead battery condition where the embedded controller is not operational. BM92A13 includes an EEPROM, enabling code updates via the SMBus interface during prototyping phase.



Electrical Characteristics

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 4-1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Conditions
Maximum Supply Voltage1 (VB, VEX, DSCHG, S2_DRV_G1, S2_DRV_G2,S2_DRV_SRC, S1_DRV_G1,S1_DRV_SRC, S1_DRV_G2)	VIN1	-0.3 to +28	V	(Note 2) (Note 3)
Maximum Supply Voltage2 (VDDIO, VSVR, DBGRSTCK, DBGMODDT, GPIO0, GPIO1, SMDATA, SMCLK, XRST, VCONN_IN, VSTR/ATST2, IDSEL/ATST1, VCCIN, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6, GPIO7, GPO2/VDIV, GPO3/FB, CSENSEN, CSENSEP, XCLPOFF1, XCLPOFF2, CC1, CC2, LDO28CAP)	VIN2	-0.3 to +6.5	V	
Maximum Supply Voltage3 (LDO15DCAP, LDO15ACAP)	VIN3	-0.3 to +2.1	V	
Maximum different Voltage (S2_DRV_G1 - S2_DRV_SRC, S2_DRV_G2 - S2_DRV_SRC, S1_DRV_G1 - S1_DRV_SRC, S1_DRV_G2 - S1_DRV_SRC)	Vdiff	-0.3 to +6.5	V	(Note 3)
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C	

(Note 2)When the DSCHG pin is applied voltage should by way of resistance more than 1kΩ. (Note 3)The different voltage between S*DRV_G* and S*DRV_SRC is defined "Symbol Vdiff". S*_DRV_G*=S*_DRV_SRC+6.0V (typ)

Caution: Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins and the internal circuitry. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

Thermal Resistance (Note 4) 4.2.

Table 4-2 Thermal Resistance

Deventer	Cruma la a l	Thermal Res	Linit		
Parameter	Symbol	1s ^(Note 6)	2s2p ^(Note 7)	Unit	
UQFN40V5050A					
Junction to Ambient	θ_{JA}	125.0	43.0	°C/W	
Junction to Top Characterization Parameter ^(Note 5)	Ψ_{JT}	21	14	°C/W	

(Note 4)Based on JESD51-2A(Still-Air)

(Note 5)The thermal characterization parameter to report the difference between junction temperature and the temperature at the top center of the outside surface of the component package.
(Note 6)Using a PCB board based on JESD51-3

Layer Number of Measurement Board	Material	Board Size
Single	FR-4	114.3mm x 76.2mm x 1.57mmt
Тор		
Copper Pattern	Thickness	
Footprints and Traces	70µm	
·	•	-

(Note 7)Using a PCB board based on JESD51-5, 7

Layer Number of	Material	Board Size	Thermal \	√ia ^(Note 8)		
Measurement Board	Material	Doard Size	Pitch	Diam	eter	
4 Layers	FR-4	114.3mm x 76.2mm	1.20mm	Ф0.30mm		
Тор		2 Internal Layers		Botto	om	
		Copper Pattern Thickness				
Copper Pattern	Thickness	Copper Pattern	Thickness	Copper Pattern	n Thi	ckness

(Note 8) This thermal via connects with the copper pattern of all layers.

4.3. Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 4-3 Recommended Operating Conditions

(Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Range	Unit	Conditions
VB, VEX Voltage	VB, VEX	4.75 to 20	V	
VSVR Voltage	VSVR	3.1 to 5.5	V	
VDDIO Voltage	VDDIO	1.7 to 5.5	V	
VCONN_IN Input Voltage	VCONN	4.75 to 5.5	V	
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-30 to +105	°C	

4.4. Internal Memory Cell Characteristics

Table 4-4 Internal Memory Cell Characteristics

(Ta=25°C, VB=VEX=4.75 to 20V, VSVR=3.1 to 5.5V)

léana	Limit			Unit	Conditions
Item	Min	Тур	Max	Onit	Conditions
Data rewriting number (Note 9)	1000	-	-	time	Ta≦25°C
	100	-	-	time	Ta≦105°C
Data retention life (Note 9)	20	-	-	year	Ta≦25°C
Data reterition life	10	-	-	year	Ta≦105°C

(Note 9)Not 100% TESTED

Caution: Customer is permitted to rewrite EEPROM on BM92A13 only in case of being provided technical support from ROHM.

4.5. Circuit Power Characteristics

Table 4-5 Common Characteristics

Electrical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Item	Cumbal	Limit		Unit	Conditions			
item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Onit	Conditions		
[Circuit Power]								
Sleep power (Note 10)	PST	-	0.4	-	mW	VSVR=3.3V, VB=open, VEX=open, VDDIO=3.3V		
Standby power (Note 11)	POP	-	3.5	-	mW	VSVR=3.3V, VB=open, VEX=open, VDDIO=3.3V		

(Note 10) Sleep power: Power consumption at unattached plug. (Note 11) Standby power: Power consumption at attached plug.

4.6. Digital Pin DC Characteristics

Table 4-6 Digital Pin DC Characteristics

Electrical Characteristics (Ta=25°C, VSVR=3.3V, VB=open, VEX=open, VDDIO=3.3V, VCCIN=VSVR)

Item	Symbol		Limit		Unit	Comment
item	Зушьог	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Digital characteristics (VDDIO Power:	PIO0, GPIO1, S	SMDATA, SI	MCLK)			
Input "H" level	VIH1	0.8× VDDIO	-	VDDIO+ 0.3	٧	
Input "L" level	VIL1	-0.3	-	0.2× VDDIO	٧	
Input leak current	IIC1	-5	0	5	μA	Power: VDDIO
Output Voltage when "H"	VOH1	0.7× VDDIO	-	1	٧	Source=1mA
SMDATA pin "L" level voltage (SMDATA)	VOL SMDATA	-	-	0.4	٧	Sink=350µA Max
Output Voltage when "L" (GPIO0, GPIO1)	VOL1	-	1	0.3	٧	Sink=1mA
Digital characteristics (VCCIN Power:	XRST, GPIO2, (GPIO3, GPI	04, GPIC	05, GPIO6, G	SPIO7)	
Input "H" level	VIH2	0.8× VCCIN	-	VCCIN+ 0.3	V	
Input "L" level	VIL2	-0.3	ı	0.2× VCCIN	>	
Input leak current	IIC2	-5	0	5	μΑ	Power: VCCIN
Output Voltage when "H" (GPIOs)	VOH2	0.7× VCCIN	-	-	V	Source=1mA
Output Voltage when "L" (GPIOs)	VOL2	-	-	0.3	V	Sink=1mA

4.7. Power Supply Management

4.7.1. Outline

BM92A13 has a power selector. It select the lowest power supply voltage from VSVR, VEX, or VB for low power consumption. Internal Power Supply (VCCIN) gives priority in order of VSVR, VEX, and VB. VCCIN supplied from the power selector is used to BM92A13 main power source. LDOs (for internal only) are supplied from VCCIN, and output each internal supply voltage.

Each power supply input have UVLO and OVLO. And POR (power on reset) signal is generated from detection of LDO28OK, LDO15DOK, LDO15AOK, and VCCIN.

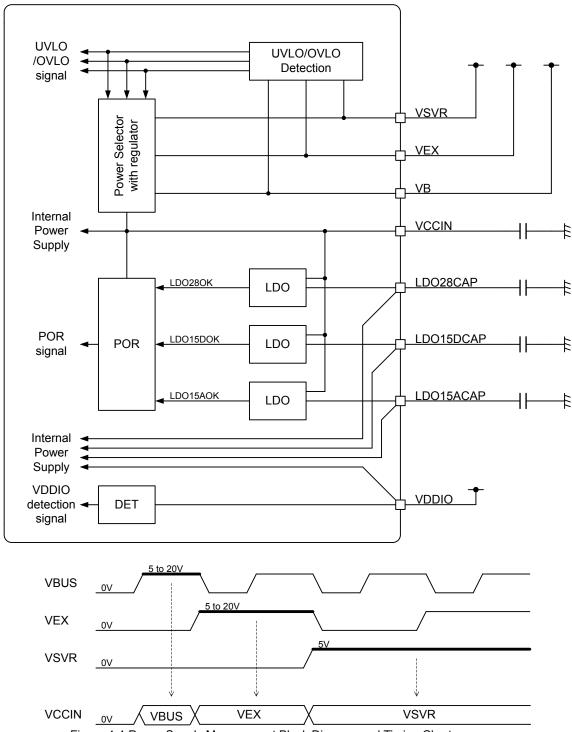


Figure 4-1 Power Supply Management Block Diagram and Timing Chart

4.7.2. Electrical Characteristics

Table 4-7 Power Supply Management Characteristics

lto	Complete of		Limit		11:4	Comment		
ltem	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	- Unit	Comment		
[Analog characteristics] Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, GND=0V, C _{VCCIN} =4.7µF(Ceramic), C _{LDO28} =C _{LDO15D} =C _{LDO15A} =1µF(Ceramic) Input Analog Pins: VSVR, VEX, VB								
UVLO rising threshold voltage 1	VUVLO1H	-	2.8	-	V	VSVR		
UVLO rising threshold voltage 2	VUVLO2H	-	3.5	_	V	VEX, VB		
UVLO falling threshold voltage	VUVLOL	-	2.7	-	V	VSVR, VEX, VB		
OVLO rising threshold voltage	VOVLO5	-	6.4	-	V	VSVR		
OVLO rising threshold voltage	VOVLO20	-	28	-	V	VEX, VB		
OVLO hysteresis voltage 1	VOV5HYS	-	240	_	mV	VSVR		
OVLO hysteresis voltage 2	VOV20HYS	-	920	_	mV	VEX, VB		
Power ON reset threshold voltage	VPOR	-	2.6	_	V	VCCIN		
VDDIO detection voltage	VDB	1.7	-	_	V	For Dead Battery Operation		
LDO28CAP output voltage	V28	-	2.8	_	V	No Load, VSVR=5V		
LDO15DCAP output voltage	V15D	-	1.5	_	V	No Load, VSVR=5V		
LDO15ACAP output voltage	V15A	-	1.5	_	V	No Load, VSVR=5V		

4.8. CC_PHY

4.8.1. Outline

CC_PHY has below functions of USB Type-C. (Refer to USB Type-C Spec)

- Defining Port Mode
 - > DFP Mode Condition
 - > UFP Mode Condition
 - > DRP Mode Condition
- DFP-to-UFP Attach / Detach Detection
- Plug Orientation / Cable Twist Detection
- USB Type-C VBUS Voltage Detection and Usage
- VCONN (Supply for SOP') Control
- Base-Band Power Delivery Communication (BBPD communication)

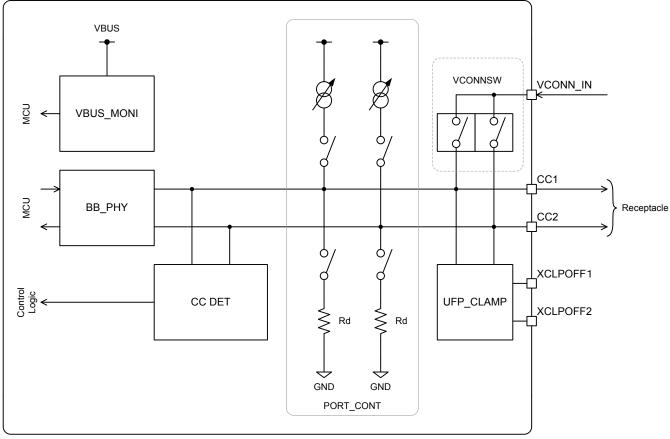


Figure 4-2 CC_PHY Block Diagram

[PORT CONT]

This block chose the port mode according to the setting from MCU.

(DFP)

Variable current source is connected to CC terminal. These currents of each mode are Default Current, Medium Current and High Current.

(UFP)

Pull-down resistor is connected to CC terminal.

(DRP)

Changing DFP and UFP is repeated frequently.

[CC DET]

CC_DET has functions of "Attach / Detach Detection", "Plug Orientation / Cable Twist Detection", "Discovery and detect extension mode" and "USB Type-C VBUS Current Detection".

Attach / Detach is detected with monitoring voltage of CC terminal. When the voltage of CC terminal become under a threshold voltage at DFP, attach is detected. Oppositely, when the voltage of CC terminal become over a threshold voltage, detach is detected. When the voltage of CC terminal become over a threshold voltage at UFP, attach is detected.

Plug orientation and cable twist is detected from the relationship of two CC terminals. Because only one wire is connected to Rd, the difference between two CC terminals is generated.

UFP can detect the maximum current of the power source by monitoring the voltage of CC terminal.

[UFP CLAMP]

Clamp is used for UFP emulation at dead-battery condition.

[VBUS MONI]

UFP detect Attach / Detach by existence of VBUS voltage. VBUSDET detects Attach when VBUS voltage over the threshold voltage. And it detects Detach when VBUS under the threshold voltage.

[VCONNSW]

VCONNSW is the power switch for VCONN source. It has OCP function.

[BB_PHY]

If Type-C controller supports BBPD, CC terminal can output BBPD communication signal. (Refer to BB_PHY)

4.8.2. Electrical Characteristics

Table 4-8 CC_PHY Characteristics

ltem	Cumbal		Limit		Unit	Comment	
item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Comment	
[PORT_CONT characteristics] Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, VSVR=VB=5V, VCONN_IN=5V, VDDIO=3.3V, GND=0V, C _{VCCIN} =4.7μF(Ceramic), C _{LDO28} =C _{LDO15D} =C _{LDO15A} =1μF(Ceramic) Input Analog Pins: CC1, CC2							
Default current	CCPUP1	64	80	96	μA		
Medium current	CCPUP2	166	180	194	μA		
High current	CCPUP3	304	330	356	μA		
Pull down resistor	CCPDN	4.6	5.1	5.6	kΩ		
Ta=25°C, VSVR=VB=5V, VCONN_I =1μF(Ceramic) Input Analog Pins: CC1, CC2		1	1			cramic), OLDO28-OLDO15D-OLDO15A	
CCx terminal input impedance	CCZin	126	-	-	kΩ		
CCx clamp voltage	CCCLP	0.7	-	1.3	V		
[VBUS MONI] Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, VSVR=5V, VCONN_IN=5V, VDDIO=3.3V, GND=0V, C _{VCCIN} =4.7µF(Ceramic), C _{LDO28} =C _{LDO15D} =C _{LDO15A} =1µF(Ceramic) Input Analog Pins: VB							
Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, VSVR=5V, VCONN_IN=	5V, VDDIO=3	.3V, GI	ND=0V,	C _{VCCIN} =	4.7μF(Ce	lin=64 to 356μA eramic), C _{LDO28} =C _{LDO15D} =C _{LDO15A}	
Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, VSVR=5V, VCONN_IN= =1µF(Ceramic)	5V, VDDIO=3 CCVBDET	.3V, Gl	ND=0V,	C _{VCCIN} =	4.7μF(Ce		
Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, VSVR=5V, VCONN_IN= =1µF(Ceramic) Input Analog Pins: VB VBUS presence detection level [VCONNSW] Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, VSVR=VB=5V, VCONN_I =1µF(Ceramic)	CCVBDET N=5V, VDDIO=	-	3.42	-	V	eramic), C _{LDO28} =C _{LDO15D} =C _{LDO15A}	
Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, VSVR=5V, VCONN_IN= =1µF(Ceramic) Input Analog Pins: VB VBUS presence detection level [VCONNSW] Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, VSVR=VB=5V, VCONN_I	CCVBDET N=5V, VDDIO=	-	3.42	-	V	eramic), C _{LDO28} =C _{LDO15D} =C _{LDO15A}	

4.9. **Voltage Detection**

4.9.1. **Outline**

VDET Block detects the voltage level of VB. It can detect follow conditions;

- -OVP (over voltage protection) detection -VBUS voltage drop detection

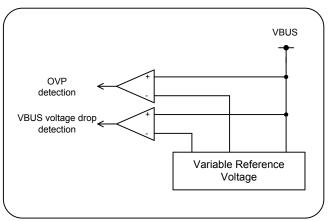


Figure 4-3 Voltage Detection Block Diagram

4.9.2. Electrical Characteristics

Table 4-9 Voltage Detection characteristics

Item	Symbol		Limit		Unit	Comment	
item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Onit	Comment	
[VDET characteristics] Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, VSVR=5V, VCONN_IN=5V, VDDIO=3.3V, GND=0V, C _{VCCIN} =4.7µF(Ceramic), C _{LDO28} =C _{LDO15D} =C _{LDO15A} =1µF(Ceramic), Vnom=PD negotiation Voltage Input Analog Pins: VB							
Over voltage protection detection rate	OVP	17	20	23	%	Standard voltage=Vnom	
VBUS voltage drop detection rate	VB_DROP	-27	-25	-23	%	Standard voltage=Vnom	

4.10. VBUS Discharge

4.10.1. Outline

NMOS switch is prepared for VBUS discharging.

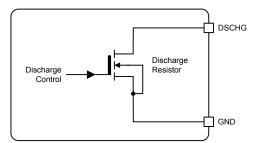


Figure 4-4 VBUS Discharge Block Diagram

4.10.2. Electrical Characteristics

Table 4-10 VBUS Discharge Characteristics

Item	Cumbal		Limit		Unit	Comment	
item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Onit	Comment	
[Discharge characteristics] Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, VSVR=VB=5V, VCONN_I =1µF(Ceramic) Input Analog Pins: DSCHG	N=5V, VDDIO=	=3.3V, (GND=0V,	C _{VCCIN} =	-4.7μF(C	eramic), C _{LDO28} =C _{LDO15D} =C _{LDO15A}	
MOSFET Switch ON Resistance	RDSCHG	-	25	-	Ω		

4.11. Power FET Gate Driver (SINK & SOURCE)

4.11.1. Outline

FET Gate Driver is the NMOS switch driver for power line switch.

- External Nch-FET gate control: S1, S2

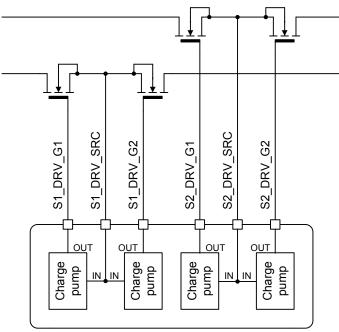


Figure 4-5 Power FET Gate Driver Block Diagram

4.11.2. Electrical Characteristics

Table 4-11 Power FET Gate Driver Characteristics

Item	Symbol		Limit		Unit	Comment
item	Syllibol	Min	Тур	Max	Ullit	Comment
[Discharge characteristics] Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, VSVR=VB=5V, VCONN_IN=5V, VDDIO=3.3V, GND=0V, C _{VCCIN} =4.7μF(Ceramic), C _{LDO28} =C _{LDO15D} =C _{LDO15A} =1μF(Ceramic) Input Analog Pins: S1_DRV_SRC, S2_DRV_SRC=0V Output Analog Pins: S1_DRV_G1, S1_DRV_G2, S2_DRV_G1, S2_DRV_G2						
FET control voltage between gate and source	VGS	-	6.0	-	٧	S1_DRV_G1 - S1_DRV_SRC S1_DRV_G2 - S1_DRV_SRC S2_DRV_G1 - S2_DRV_SRC S2_DRV_G2 - S2_DRV_SRC

4.12. Power On Sequence

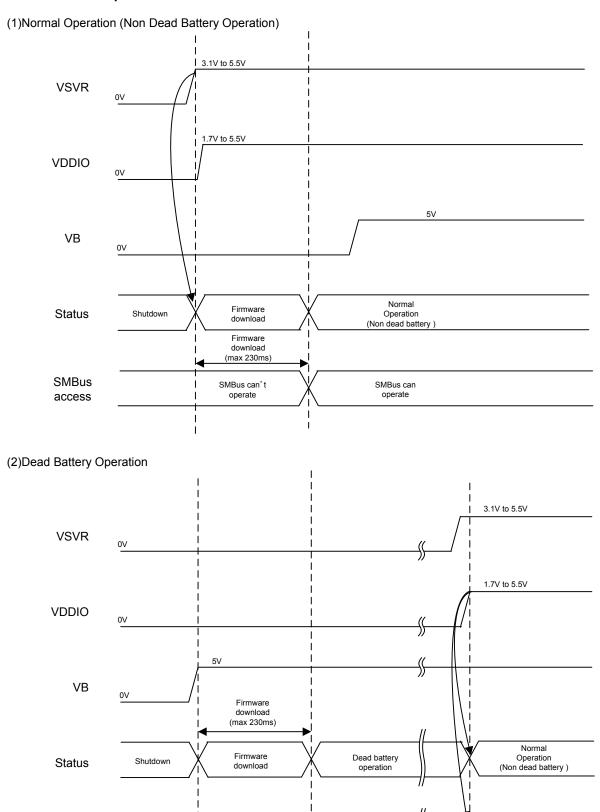


Figure 4-6 Power On Sequence

SMBus can't

operate

SMBus

access

SMBus can

operate

4.12.1. Reset Timing

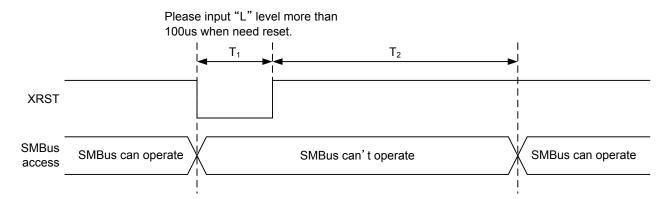


Figure 4-7 Reset Timing Chart

Table 4-12 Reset Timing Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Limit			Unit	Comment		
item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Oill	Comment		
Reset Timing	Reset Timing							
XRST Minimum Pulse	T1	100	-	-	μs			
SMBus access Start after XRST release	T2	230	-	-	ms			

4.13. Power Off Sequence

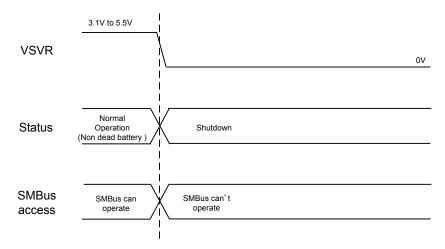
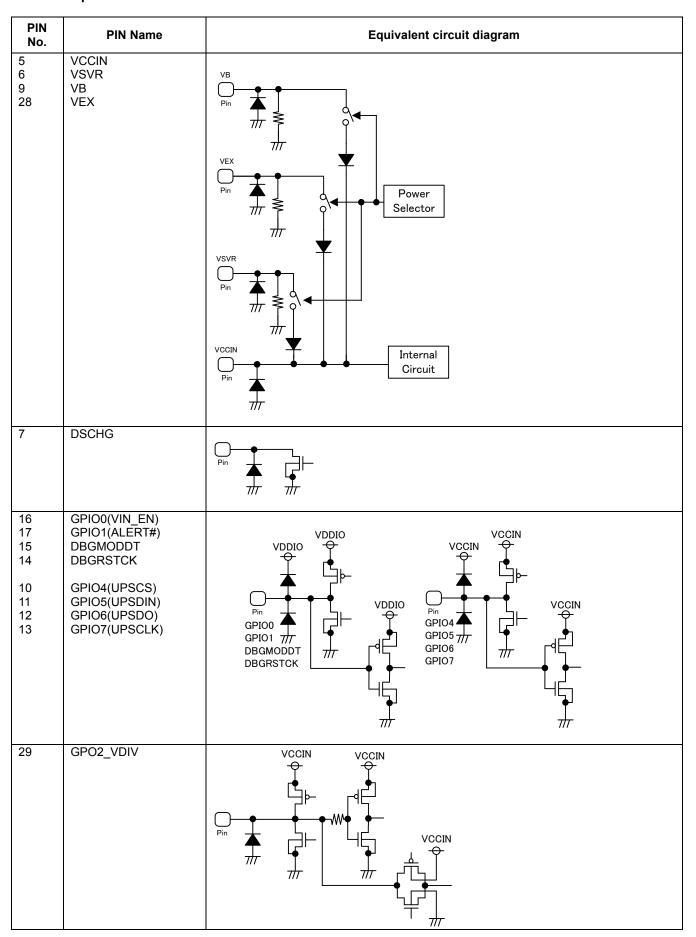
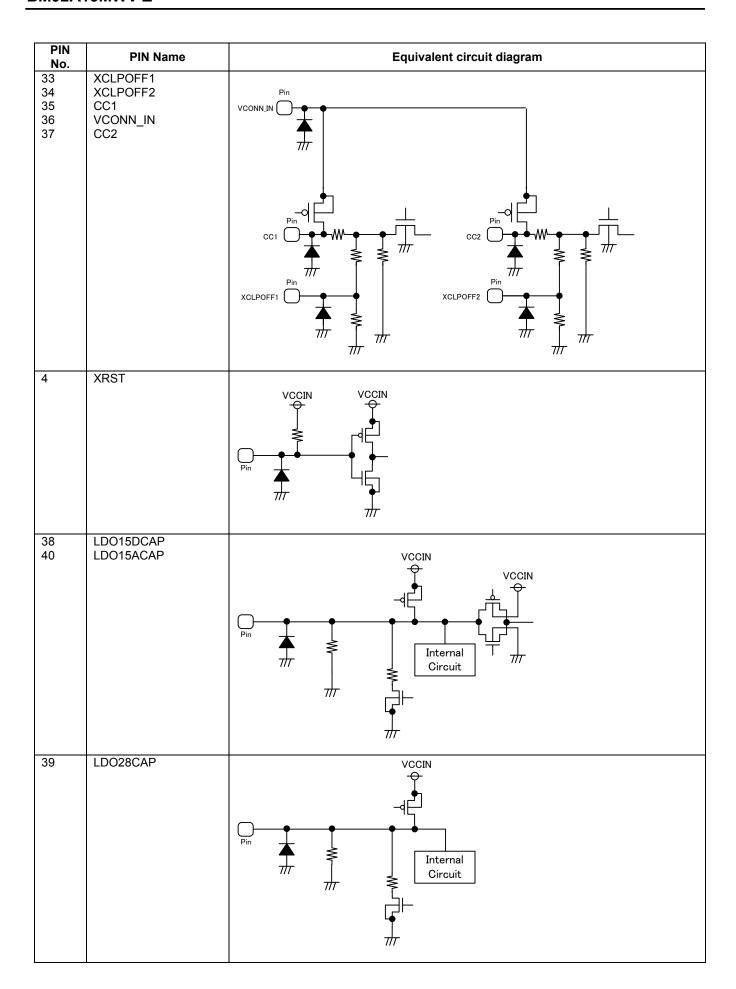


Figure 4-8 Power Off Sequence

4.14. I/O Equivalence Circuit



PIN No.	PIN Name	Equivalent circuit diagram
30	GPO3_FB	VCCIN VCCIN VCCIN Pin Pin W
18	VDDIO	I/O Interface Circuit
32 31	CSENSEP CSENSEN	VCCIN Pin
19 21	SMDATA SMCLK	VDDIO Pin W W W W W W W W W W W W W
32 22 23 24 25 26	S2_DRV_G1 S2_DRV_SRC S2_DRV_G2 S1_DRV_G1 S1_DRV_SRC S1_DRV_G2	Pin Sx_DRV_G1 Sx_DRV_G2 Sx_DRV_SRC Pin



PIN No.	PIN Name	Equivalent circuit diagram
2	VSTR/ATST2	VCCIN Pin
3	IDSEL/ATST1	VCCIN Pin

5. **Application Example** Q1 Charger Power ±10µF 03 Power Supply Hi-side Switch For Prov (5V) GND 0.01 **VSVR** ≶ıkΩ ŶΩND 1μF (3.1V~5.5V) GND GND VDDIO € S2_DRV_G1 S2_DRV_SRC S2_DRV_G2 S1_DRV_G1 S1_DRV_SRC S1_DRV_G2 έx VDDIO (1.7V~5.5V) VCONN SMDATA 8 SMCLK CC1 CC1 EC-I/F GPIO1 (ALERT#) CC2 GPO2/VDIV(BST_EN) USB Type-C GPO3/FB(HSSWEN) BM92A13MWV-Z XCLPOFF1 Receptacle UQFN40V5050A XCLPOFF2 GPI06 GPIOS GPIO-DBGMODDT DBGRSTCK IDSEL/ATST1 VSTR/ATST2 ±0.01μF GND GND GND GND

Figure 5-1 Application Example

5.1. Selection of Components Externally connected

Table 5-1 Selection of Components Externally Connected

lta	0hl	Limit				0
Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Comment
VCCIN Capacitance ^(Note 12)	C _{VCCIN}	0.60	4.7	10	μF	
LDO15ACAP Capacitance ^(Note 12)	C _{LDO15A}	0.47	1.0	2.2	μF	
LDO15DCAP Capacitance ^(Note 12)	C _{LDO15D}	0.47	1.0	2.2	μF	
LDO28CAP Capacitance (Note 12)	C _{LDO28}	0.47	1.0	2.2	μF	
Q1,Q2,Q3,Q4 Gate-Source Capacitance	C _{Qx_gs}	220p	-	0.5µ	F	

(Note 12) Please set the capacity of the condenser not to be less than the minimum in consideration of temperature properties, DC bias properties.

6. Initial values of BM92A13

This section shows the initial values of BM92A13.

Table 6-1 Initial values of BM92A13

Code	Command	Protocols	Data size	Initial Values
02h	ALERT# Status	Read Word	2	0000h
03h	Status1	Read Word	2	0000h
04h	Status2	Read Word	2	0000h
05h	Command	Write Word	2	0000h
06h	Controller Configuration 1	Read/Write Word	2	CCC0h
07h	Device Capability	Read Word	2	00A6h
08h	PDOs Src Cons	Read Block	28	All '0'
17h	Controller Configuration 2	Read/Write Word	2	0000h
19h	DisplayPort Alert Enable	Read/Write Word	2	0000h
1Ah	Vendor Configuration (Vendor specified)	Read/Write Word	2	0000h
20h	AutoNgtSnk Info Non-Battery	Read/Write Block	4	(04h) *1 12C4B3FFh
23h	AutoNgtSnk Info Battery	Read/Write Block	4	(00h) *1 00000000h
26h	System Configuration 1	Read/Write Word	2	8549h
27h	System Configuration 2	Read/Write Word	2	0046h
28h	Current PDO	Read Block	4	0000h
2Bh	Current RDO	Read Block	4	0000h
2Eh	ALERT# Enable	Read/Write Word	4	FFFFh
2Fh	System Configuration 3	Read/write Word	2	A400h
30h	Set RDO	Read/Write Block	4	0000h
33h	PDOs Snk Cons	Read/Write Block	16	(08h) *1 1401900Ah 0004B000h Others are '0'
3Ch	PDOs Src Prov	Read/Write Block	28	(00h) *1 All '0'
4Bh	Firmware Type (Vendor specific)	Read Word	2	0301h
4Ch	Firmware Revision (Vendor Specific)	Read Word	2	1369h
4Dh	Manufacturer ID	Read Word	2	04B5h
4Eh	Device ID	Read Word	2	04B1h
4Fh	Revision ID	Read Word	2	4002h
50h	Incoming VDM	Write Block	28	(00h) *1 All '0'
60h	Outgoing VDM	Read Block	28	(00h) *1 All '0'

Note *1: This value is a byte count in the Read Block of SMBus protocol.

Table 6-2 PDOs Snk Cons Details of BM92A13

PDOs Snk Cons 1 Details

Туре	00b (Fixed)
Dual-Role Power	0b
Higher Capability	1b
Externally Powered	0b
USB Communications Capable	1b
Data Role Swap	0b
Voltage in 50mV units	0001100100b (5V)
Maximum Current in 10mA units	0000001010b (0.1A)

PDOs Snk Cons 2 Details

Туре	00b (Fixed)
Voltage in 50mV units	0100101100b (15V)
Maximum Current in 10mA units	000000000b *2

Note *2: It is the current value of 15V PDO which far-end device has.

7. Operational Notes

(1) Reverse Connection of Power Supply

Connecting the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions against reverse polarity when connecting the power supply, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply pins.

(2) Power Supply Lines

Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance supply lines. Separate the ground and supply lines of the digital and analog blocks to prevent noise in the ground and supply lines of the digital block from affecting the analog block. Furthermore, connect a capacitor to ground at all power supply pins. Consider the effect of temperature and aging on the capacitance value when using electrolytic capacitors.

(3) Ground Voltage

Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below that of the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

(4) Ground Wiring Pattern

When using both small-signal and large-current ground traces, the two ground traces should be routed separately but connected to a single ground at the reference point of the application board to avoid fluctuations in the small-signal ground caused by large currents. Also ensure that the ground traces of external components do not cause variations on the ground voltage. The ground lines must be as short and thick as possible to reduce line impedance.

(5) Thermal Consideration

Should by any chance the power dissipation rating be exceeded the rise in temperature of the chip may result in deterioration of the properties of the chip. In case of exceeding this absolute maximum rating, increase the board size and copper area to prevent exceeding the Pd rating.

(6) Recommended Operating Conditions

These conditions represent a range within which the expected characteristics of the IC can be approximately obtained. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

(7) Inrush Current

When power is first supplied to the IC, it is possible that the internal logic may be unstable and inrush current may flow instantaneously due to the internal powering sequence and delays, especially if the IC has more than one power supply. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of ground wiring, and routing of connections.

(8) Operation Under Strong Electromagnetic Field

Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.

(9) Testing on Application Boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

Operational Notes - continued

(10) Inter-pin Short and Mounting Errors

Ensure that the direction and position are correct when mounting the IC on the PCB. Incorrect mounting may result in damaging the IC. Avoid nearby pins being shorted to each other especially to ground, power supply and output pin. Inter-pin shorts could be due to many reasons such as metal particles, water droplets (in very humid environment) and unintentional solder bridge deposited in between pins during assembly to name a few.

(11) Unused Input Pins

Input pins of an IC are often connected to the gate of a MOS transistor. The gate has extremely high impedance and extremely low capacitance. If left unconnected, the electric field from the outside can easily charge it. The small charge acquired in this way is enough to produce a significant effect on the conduction through the transistor and cause unexpected operation of the IC. So unless otherwise specified, unused input pins should be connected to the power supply or ground line.

(12) Regarding the Input Pin of the IC

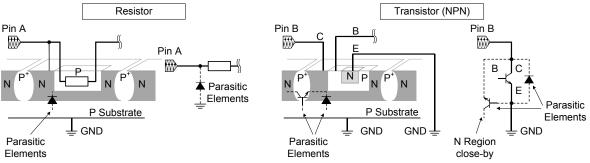
This monolithic IC contains P+ isolation and P substrate layers between adjacent elements in order to keep them isolated. P-N junctions are formed at the intersection of the P layers with the N layers of other elements, creating a parasitic diode or transistor. For example (refer to figure below):

When GND > Pin A and GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic diode.

When GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic transistor.

Parasitic diodes inevitably occur in the structure of the IC. The operation of parasitic diodes can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Therefore, conditions that cause these diodes to operate, such as applying a voltage lower than the GND voltage to an input pin (and thus to the P substrate) should be avoided.

Figure xx. Example of monolithic IC structure



(13) Ceramic Capacitor

When using a ceramic capacitor, determine the dielectric constant considering the change of capacitance with temperature and the decrease in nominal capacitance due to DC bias and others.

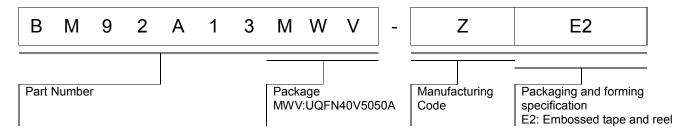
(14) Area of Safe Operation (ASO)

Operate the IC such that the output voltage, output current, and power dissipation are all within the Area of Safe Operation(ASO)

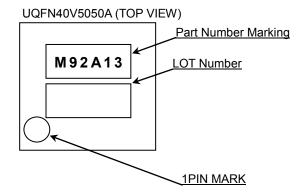
(15) Over Current Protection Circuit (OCP)

This IC incorporates an integrated overcurrent protection circuit that is activated when the load is shorted. This protection circuit is effective in preventing damage due to sudden and unexpected incidents. However, the IC should not be used in applications characterized by continuous operation or transitioning of the protection circuit.

8. Ordering Information



9. Marking Diagrams



10. Physical Dimension Tape and Reel Information Package Name UQFN40V5050A 5.0±0.1 0±0 1PIN MARK 0.035+8:818 (0.203) 0.08S CO.2 3.6±0.1 40 Detail A 4±0. 0.282 Ö 0.082 31 30 0.2±0.05 0.4 (U I NT : mm) PKG: UQFN40V5050A Drawing No. EX001-0014 <Tape and Reel information> Embossed carrier tape Tape 2500pcs Quantity Direction The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper left when you hold reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand of feed Direction of feed 1pin Reel *Order quantity needs to be multiple of the minimum quantity

11. Revision History

Date	Revision	Changes	
02.Feb.2017	001	New Release	
06.Mar.2017	002	P.1,4,26 Part name changed P.31 Ordering Information changed	

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BM92A13MWV - Web Page

Distribution Inventory

Part Number	BM92A13MWV
Package	UQFN40V5050A
Unit Quantity	2500
Minimum Package Quantity	2500
Packing Type	Taping
Constitution Materials List	inquiry
RoHS	Yes