Product data sheet

1. Product profile

1.1 General description

NPN silicon microwave transistor for high speed, medium power applications in a plastic, 4-pin SOT223 package.

The BFU580G is part of the BFU5 family of transistors, suitable for small signal to medium power applications up to 2 GHz.

1.2 Features and benefits

- Low noise, high linearity, high breakdown RF transistor
- AEC-Q101 qualified
- Minimum noise figure (NF_{min}) = 0.75 dB at 900 MHz
- Maximum stable gain 15.5 dB at 900 MHz
- 11 GHz f_T silicon technology

1.3 Applications

- Applications requiring high supply voltages and high breakdown voltages
- Broadband amplifiers up to 2 GHz
- Low noise, high linearity amplifiers for ISM applications
- Automotive applications (e.g., antenna amplifiers)

1.4 Quick reference data

Table 1. Quick reference data

 $T_{amb} = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V_{CB}	collector-base voltage	open emitter	-	-	24	V
V_{CE}	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	-	12	V
		shorted base	-	-	24	V
V_{EB}	emitter-base voltage	open collector	-	-	2	V
I _C	collector current		-	30	60	mA
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_{sp} \le 120 ^{\circ}C$	1 -	-	1000	mW
h _{FE}	DC current gain	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}$	60	95	130	
C _c	collector capacitance	V _{CB} = 8 V; f = 1 MHz	-	1.1	-	pF
f _T	transition frequency	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}; f = 900 \text{ MHz}$	-	11	-	GHz



Table 1. Quick reference data ...continued

 $T_{amb} = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$G_{p(max)}$	maximum power gain	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}; f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ [2]	-	15.5	-	dB
NF_{min}	minimum noise figure	I_C = 5 mA; V_{CE} = 8 V; f = 900 MHz; Γ_S = Γ_{opt}	-	0.75	-	dB
P _{L(1dB)}	output power at 1 dB gain compression	I_C = 30 mA; V_{CE} = 8 V; Z_S = Z_L = 50 Ω ; f = 900 MHz	-	13	-	dBm

- [1] T_{sp} is the temperature at the solder point of the collector lead.
- [2] If K > 1 then $G_{p(max)}$ is the maximum power gain. If K < 1 then $G_{p(max)} = MSG$.

2. Pinning information

Table 2. Discrete pinning

Pin	Description	:	Simplified outline	Graphic symbol
1	emitter			,
2	base		4	4
3	emitter			2 —
4	collector		1 2 3	1, 3
				mbb 159

3. Ordering information

Table 3. Ordering information

Type number	Package)	
	Name	Description	Version
BFU580G	-	plastic surface-mounted package with increased heatsink; 4 leads	SOT223
OM7966	-	Customer evaluation kit for BFU580G and BFU590G [1]	-

- [1] The customer evaluation kit contains the following:
 - a) Unpopulated RF amplifier Printed-Circuit Board (PCB)
 - b) Unpopulated RF amplifier Printed-Circuit Board (PCB) with emitter degeneration
 - c) Four SMA connectors for fitting unpopulated Printed-Circuit Board (PCB)
 - d) BFU580G and BFU590G samples
 - e) USB stick with data sheets, application notes, models, S-parameter and noise files

4. Marking

Table 4. Marking

Type number	Marking
BFU580G	BFU580

BFU580G

5. Design support

Table 5. Available design support

Download from the BFU580G product information page on http://www.nxp.com.

Support item	Available	Remarks
Device models for Agilent EEsof EDA ADS	yes	Based on Mextram device model.
SPICE model	yes	Based on Gummel-Poon device model.
S-parameters	yes	
Noise parameters	yes	
Customer evaluation kit	yes	See Section 3 and Section 10.
Solder pattern	yes	
Application notes	yes	See Section 10.1

6. Limiting values

Table 6. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CB}	collector-base voltage	open emitter	-	30	V
V_{CE}	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	16	V
		shorted base	-	30	V
V_{EB}	emitter-base voltage	open collector	-	3	V
Ic	collector current		-	100	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
V _{ESD}	electrostatic discharge voltage	Human Body Model (HBM) According to JEDEC standard 22-A114E	-	±150	V
		Charged Device Model (CDM) According to JEDEC standard 22-C101B	-	±2	kV

7. Recommended operating conditions

Table 7. Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V_{CB}	collector-base voltage	open emitter	-	-	24	V
V _{CE}	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	-	12	V
		shorted base	-	-	24	V
V_{EB}	emitter-base voltage	open collector	-	-	2	V
Ic	collector current		-	-	60	mA
Pi	input power	$Z_S = 50 \Omega$	-	-	10	dBm
Tj	junction temperature		-40	-	+150	°C
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	T _{sp} ≤ 120 °C	[1] _	-	1000	mW

^[1] T_{sp} is the temperature at the solder point of the collector lead.

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NPN wideband silicon RF transistor

8. Thermal characteristics

Table 8. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Тур	Unit
$R_{th(j-sp)}$	thermal resistance from junction to solder point	<u>[1]</u>	30	K/W

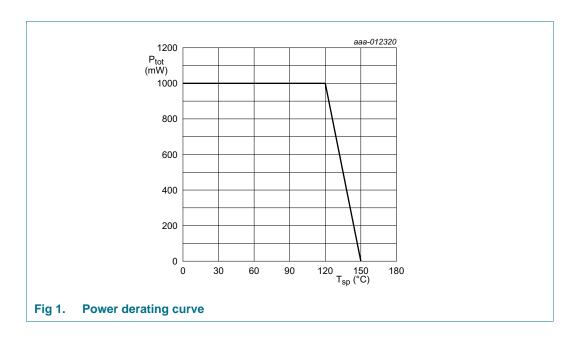
[1] T_{sp} is the temperature at the solder point of the collector lead.

 T_{sp} has the following relation to the ambient temperature $T_{amb}\!:$

 $T_{sp} = T_{amb} + P \times R_{th(sp-a)}$

With P being the power dissipation and $R_{th(sp-a)}$ being the thermal resistance between the solder point and ambient. $R_{th(sp-a)}$ is determined by the heat transfer properties in the application.

The heat transfer properties are set by the application board materials, the board layout and the environment e.g. housing.



9. Characteristics

Table 9. Characteristics

T_{amb} = 25 °C unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{(BR)CBO}	collector-base breakdown voltage	I _C = 100 nA; I _E = 0 mA	24	-	-	V
V _{(BR)CEO}	collector-emitter breakdown voltage	I _C = 150 nA; I _B = 0 mA	12	-	-	V
I _C	collector current		-	30	60	mA
I _{CBO}	collector-base cut-off current	$I_E = 0 \text{ mA}; V_{CB} = 8 \text{ V}$	-	<1	-	nA
h _{FE}	DC current gain	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}$	60	95	130	
Ce	emitter capacitance	V _{EB} = 0.5 V; f = 1 MHz	-	1.5	-	pF
C _{re}	feedback capacitance	V _{CE} = 8 V; f = 1 MHz	-	0.54	-	pF
C _c	collector capacitance	V _{CB} = 8 V; f = 1 MHz	-	1.1	-	pF
f _T	transition frequency	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}; f = 900 \text{ MHz}$	-	11	-	GHz

BFU580G

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 Table 9.
 Characteristics ...continued

T_{amb} = 25 °C unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
G _{p(max)}	maximum power gain	f = 433 MHz; V _{CE} = 8 V				
		I _C = 5 mA	-	20	-	dB
		I _C = 20 mA	-	22	-	dB
		I _C = 30 mA	-	22.5	-	dB
		$f = 900 \text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}$				
		I _C = 5 mA	-	16	-	dB
		I _C = 20 mA	-	15.5	-	dB
		I _C = 30 mA	-	15.5	-	dB
		$f = 1800 \text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}$				
		I _C = 5 mA	-	9.5	-	dB
		I _C = 20 mA	-	10	-	dB
		I _C = 30 mA	-	10.5	-	dB
$ s_{21} ^2$	insertion power gain	f = 433 MHz; V _{CE} = 8 V				
		I _C = 5 mA	-	18	-	dB
		I _C = 20 mA	-	20	-	dB
		I _C = 30 mA	-	20.5	-	dB
		f = 900 MHz; V _{CE} = 8 V				
		I _C = 5 mA	-	12.5	-	dB
		I _C = 20 mA	-	14	-	dB
		I _C = 30 mA	-	14.5	-	dB
		f = 1800 MHz; V _{CE} = 8 V				
		I _C = 5 mA	-	7.5	-	dB
		I _C = 20 mA	-	8.5	-	dB
		I _C = 30 mA	-	8.5	-	dB
NF _{min}	minimum noise figure	$f = 433 \text{ MHz}$; $V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}$; $\Gamma_{S} = \Gamma_{opt}$				
		I _C = 5 mA	-	0.65	-	dB
		I _C = 20 mA	-	1.05	-	dB
		I _C = 30 mA	-	1.25	-	dB
		f = 900 MHz; V_{CE} = 8 V; Γ_{S} = Γ_{opt}				
		I _C = 5 mA	-	0.75	-	dB
		I _C = 20 mA	-	1.1	-	dB
		I _C = 30 mA	-	1.3	-	dB
		f = 1800 MHz; V_{CE} = 8 V; Γ_{S} = Γ_{opt}				
		I _C = 5 mA	-	0.9	-	dB
		I _C = 20 mA	-	1.2	-	dB
		I _C = 30 mA	-	1.4	-	dB
		0		1		



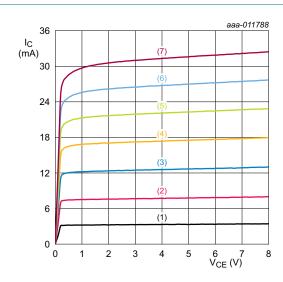
Table 9. Characteristics ... continued

T_{amb} = 25 °C unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
G _{ass}	associated gain	f = 433 MHz; V_{CE} = 8 V; Γ_{S} = Γ_{opt}				
		I _C = 5 mA	-	19.5	-	dB
		I _C = 20 mA	-	20.5	-	dB
		I _C = 30 mA	-	20.5	-	dB
		f = 900 MHz; V_{CE} = 8 V; Γ_{S} = Γ_{opt}				
		I _C = 5 mA	-	13.5	-	dB
		I _C = 20 mA	-	14.5	-	dB
		I _C = 30 mA	-	14.5	-	dB
		f = 1800 MHz; V_{CE} = 8 V; Γ_{S} = Γ_{opt}				
		I _C = 5 mA	-	8.5	-	dB
		I _C = 20 mA	-	9	-	dB
		I _C = 30 mA	-	9	-	dB
P _{L(1dB)}	output power at 1 dB gain compression	$f = 433$ MHz; $V_{CE} = 8$ V; $Z_{S} = Z_{L} = 50$ Ω				
		I _C = 20 mA	-	12.5	-	dBm
		I _C = 30 mA	-	15.5	-	dBm
		$f = 900 \text{ MHz}$; $V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}$; $Z_{S} = Z_{L} = 50 \Omega$				
		I _C = 20 mA	-	12.5	-	dBm
		I _C = 30 mA	-	14.5	-	dBm
		$f = 1800 \text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}; Z_{S} = Z_{L} = 50 \Omega$				
		I _C = 20 mA	-	12	-	dBm
		I _C = 30 mA	-	14	-	dBm
IP3 _o	output third-order intercept point	f_1 = 433 MHz; f_2 = 434 MHz; V_{CE} = 8 V; Z_S = Z_L = 50 Ω				
		I _C = 20 mA	-	22	-	dBm
		I _C = 30 mA	-	25	-	dBm
		f_1 = 900 MHz; f_2 = 901 MHz; V_{CE} = 8 V; Z_S = Z_L = 50 Ω				
		I _C = 20 mA	-	22	-	dBm
		I _C = 30 mA	-	24	-	dBm
		f_1 = 1800 MHz; f_2 = 1801 MHz; V_{CE} = 8 V; Z_S = Z_L = 50 Ω				
		I _C = 20 mA	-	21.5	-	dBm
		I _C = 30 mA	-	23.5	-	dBm
	+	-		+	+	

^[1] If K > 1 then $G_{p(max)}$ is the maximum power gain. If K < 1 then $G_{p(max)} = MSG$.

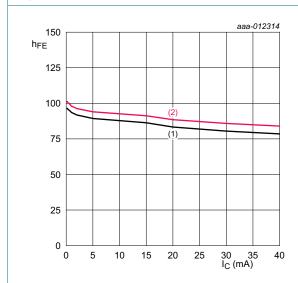
9.1 Graphs



 T_{amb} = 25 °C.

- (1) $I_B = 25 \mu A$
- (2) $I_B = 75 \mu A$
- (3) $I_B = 125 \mu A$
- (4) $I_B = 175 \mu A$
- (5) $I_B = 225 \mu A$
- (6) $I_B = 275 \mu A$
- (7) $I_B = 325 \mu A$

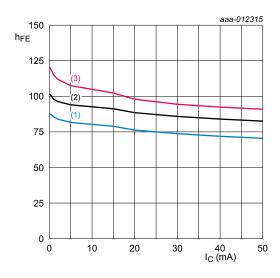
Fig 2. Collector current as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values



 $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$.

- (1) $V_{CE} = 3.0 \text{ V}$
- (2) $V_{CE} = 8.0 \text{ V}$

Fig 3. DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values



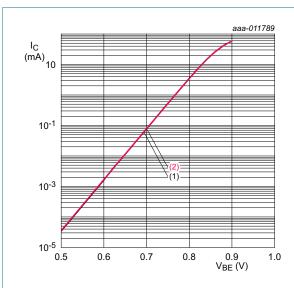
 $V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}.$

- (1) $T_{amb} = -40 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (2) $T_{amb} = +25 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (3) $T_{amb} = +125 \, ^{\circ}C$

Fig 4. DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values

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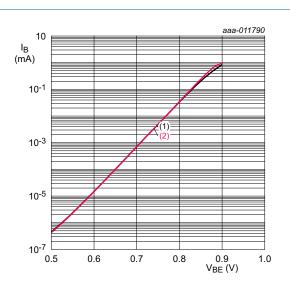
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 T_{amb} = 25 °C.

- (1) $V_{CE} = 3.0 \text{ V}$
- (2) $V_{CE} = 8.0 \text{ V}$

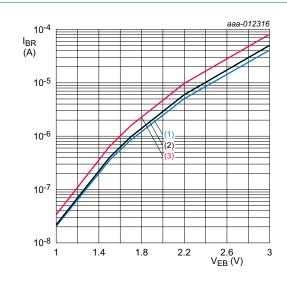
Fig 5. Collector current as a function of base-emitter voltage; typical values



 $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C.$

- (1) $V_{CE} = 3.0 \text{ V}$
- (2) $V_{CE} = 8.0 \text{ V}$

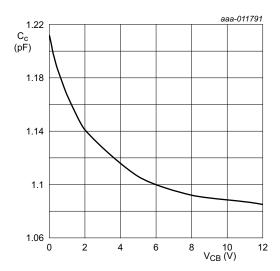
Fig 6. Base current as a function of base-emitter voltage; typical values



 $V_{CE} = 3 \text{ V}.$

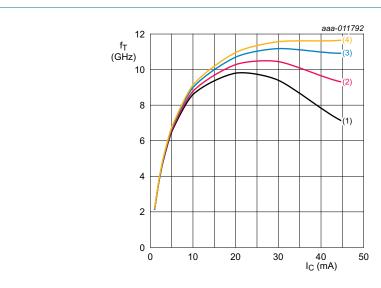
- (1) $T_{amb} = -40 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (2) $T_{amb} = +25 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (3) $T_{amb} = +125 \, ^{\circ}C$

Fig 7. Reverse base current as a function of emitter-base voltage; typical values



 I_C = 0 mA; f = 1 MHz; T_{amb} = 25 °C.

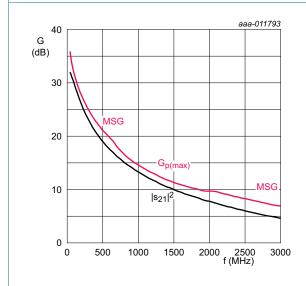
Fig 8. Collector capacitance as a function of collector-base voltage; typical values



 $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C.$

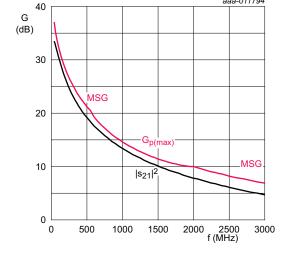
- (1) $V_{CE} = 3.3 \text{ V}$
- (2) $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
- (3) $V_{CE} = 8.0 \text{ V}$
- (4) $V_{CE} = 12.0 \text{ V}$

Fig 9. Transition frequency as a function of collector current; typical values



 I_C = 20 mA; V_{CE} = 8 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C.

Fig 10. Gain as a function of frequency; typical values



 I_{C} = 30 mA; V_{CE} = 8 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C.

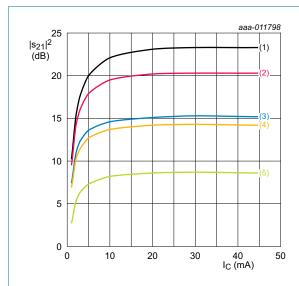
Fig 11. Gain as a function of frequency; typical values

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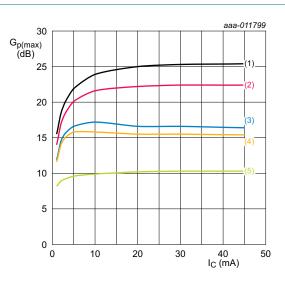
NPN wideband silicon RF transistor



 V_{CE} = 8 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C.

- (1) f = 300 MHz
- (2) f = 433 MHz
- (3) f = 800 MHz
- (4) f = 900 MHz
- (5) f = 1800 MHz





 V_{CE} = 8 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C.

If K >1 then $G_{p(max)}$ = maximum power gain. If K < 1 then $G_{p(max)}$ = MSG.

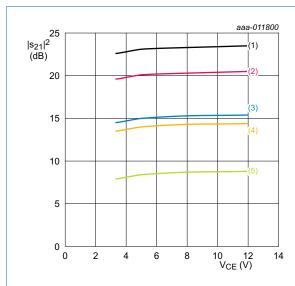
- (1) f = 300 MHz
- (2) f = 433 MHz
- (3) f = 800 MHz
- (4) f = 900 MHz
- (5) f = 1800 MHz

Fig 13. Maximum power gain as a function of collector current; typical values

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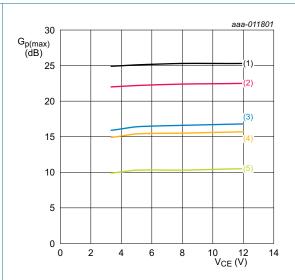
NPN wideband silicon RF transistor



 I_C = 20 mA; T_{amb} = 25 °C.

- (1) f = 300 MHz
- (2) f = 433 MHz
- (3) f = 800 MHz
- (4) f = 900 MHz
- (5) f = 1800 MHz

Fig 14. Insertion power gain as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values

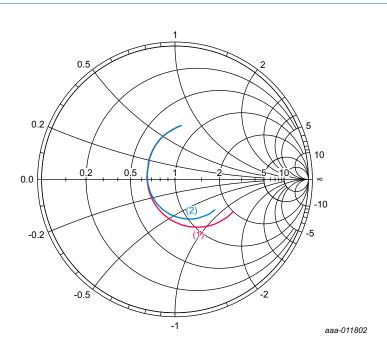


 I_C = 30 mA; T_{amb} = 25 °C.

If K >1 then $G_{p(max)}$ = maximum power gain. If K < 1 then $G_{p(max)}$ = MSG.

- (1) f = 300 MHz
- (2) f = 433 MHz
- (3) f = 800 MHz
- (4) f = 900 MHz
- (5) f = 1800 MHz

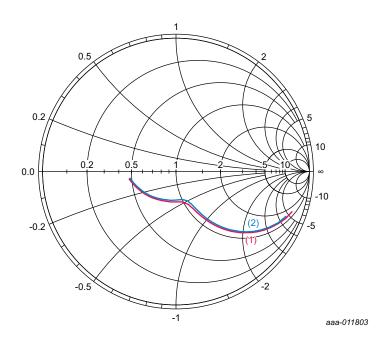
Fig 15. Maximum power gain as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values



 V_{CE} = 8 V; 40 MHz \leq f \leq 3 GHz.

- (1) $I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$
- (2) $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$

Fig 16. Input reflection coefficient (s₁₁); typical values



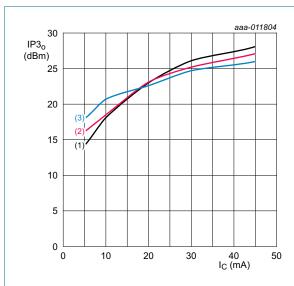
 V_{CE} = 8 V; 40 MHz \leq f \leq 3 GHz.

- (1) $I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$
- (2) $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$

Fig 17. Output reflection coefficient (s_{22}) ; typical values

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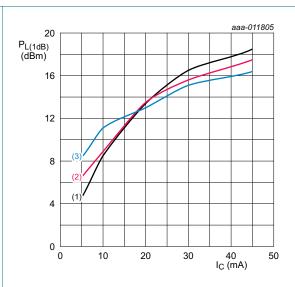
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 $V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}.$

- (1) $f_1 = 433 \text{ MHz}$; $f_2 = 434 \text{ MHz}$
- (2) $f_1 = 900 \text{ MHz}$; $f_2 = 901 \text{ MHz}$
- (3) $f_1 = 1800 \text{ MHz}$; $f_2 = 1801 \text{ MHz}$

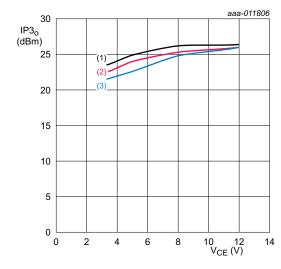
Fig 18. Output third-order intercept point as a function of collector current; typical values



 $V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}.$

- (1) f = 433 MHz
- (2) f = 900 MHz
- (3) f = 1800 MHz

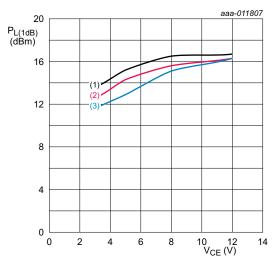
Fig 19. Output power at 1 dB gain compression as a function of collector current; typical values



 $I_C = 30$ mA; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C.

- (1) $f_1 = 433 \text{ MHz}$; $f_2 = 434 \text{ MHz}$
- (2) $f_1 = 900 \text{ MHz}$; $f_2 = 901 \text{ MHz}$
- (3) $f_1 = 1800 \text{ MHz}$; $f_2 = 1801 \text{ MHz}$

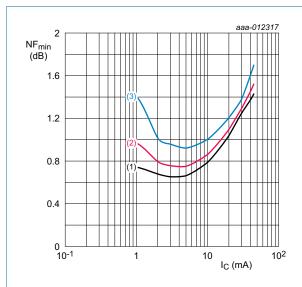
Fig 20. Output third-order intercept point as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values



 $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$; $T_{amb} = 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$.

- (1) f = 433 MHz
- (2) f = 900 MHz
- (3) f = 1800 MHz

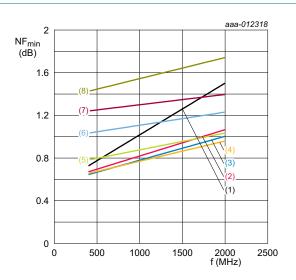
Fig 21. Output power at 1 dB gain compression as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values



 $V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}; \Gamma_{S} = \Gamma_{opt}.$

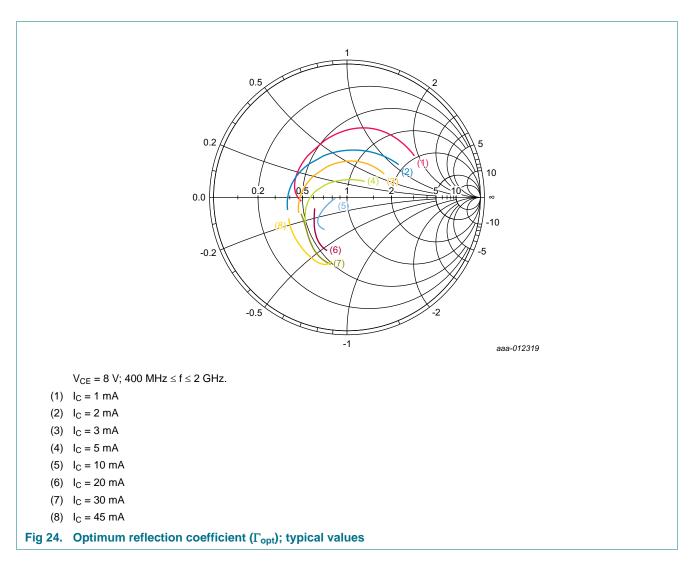
- (1) f = 433 MHz
- (2) f = 900 MHz
- (3) f = 1800 MHz

Fig 22. Minimum noise figure as a function of collector current; typical values



 $V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}; \Gamma_{S} = \Gamma_{opt}.$

- (1) $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$
- (2) $I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$
- (3) $I_C = 3 \text{ mA}$
- (4) $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$
- (5) $I_C = 8 \text{ mA}$
- (6) $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ (7) $I_C = 15 \text{ mA}$
- (8) $I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$
- Fig 23. Minimum noise figure as a function of frequency; typical values



10. Application information

More information about the following application example can be found in the application notes. See Section 5 "Design support".

The following application example can be implemented using the evaluation kit. See Section 3 "Ordering information" for the order type number.

The following application example can be simulated using the simulation package. See Section 5 "Design support".

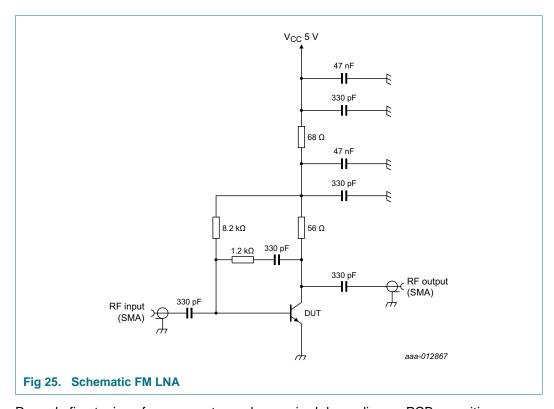
Product data sheet

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10.1 Application example: FM LNA

FM LNA, optimized for low noise.

More detailed information of the application example can be found in the application note: *AN11500*.



Remark: fine tuning of components maybe required depending on PCB parasitics.

Table 10. Application performance data at 98 MHz I_{CC} = 25 mA; V_{CC} = 5 V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$ s_{21} ^2$	insertion power gain		-	22	-	dB
NF	noise figure		-	1.6	-	dB
IP3 _o	output third-order intercept point	f = 88 MHz to 108 MHz; carrier spacing = 100 kHz	-	15	-	dBm

11. Package outline

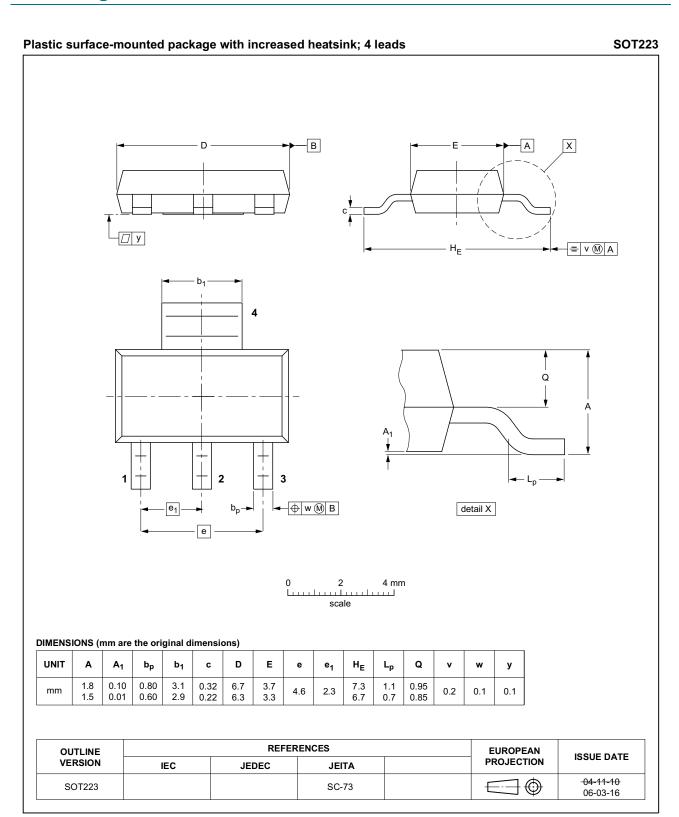


Fig 26. Package outline SOT223

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12. Handling information

CAUTION



This device is sensitive to ElectroStatic Discharge (ESD). Observe precautions for handling electrostatic sensitive devices.

Such precautions are described in the ANSI/ESD S20.20, IEC/ST 61340-5, JESD625-A or equivalent standards.

13. Abbreviations

Table 11. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
AEC	Automotive Electronics Council
FM	Frequency Modulation
ISM	Industrial, Scientific and Medical
LNA	Low-Noise Amplifier
MSG	Maximum Stable Gain
NPN	Negative-Positive-Negative
SMA	SubMiniature version A

14. Revision history

Table 12. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
BFU580G v.1	20140428	Product data sheet	-	-

15. Legal information

15.1 Data sheet status

Document status[1][2]	Product status[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

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