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2N2646 Unijunction Transistor TO-18 Package

Description:

The 2N2646 is designed for use in pulse and timing circuits, sensing circuits and thyristor trigger circuits.

Features:

- Low Peak Point Current: 5μA (Max)
- Low Emitter Reverse Current: .005μA (Typ)
- Passivated Surface for Reliability & Uniformity

Absolute Maximum Ratings: (T_A = +25°C unless otherwise specified)

Power Dissipation (Note 1), P _D	300mW
RMS Emitter Current, I _{E(RMS)}	50mA
Peak Pulse Emitter Current (Note 2), i _E	2A
Emitter Reverse Voltage, V _{B2E}	30V
Interbase Voltage, V _{B2B1}	35V
Operating Junction Temperature Range, T _J	-65° to 125°C
Storage Temperature Range, T _{stg}	-65° to +150°C

Note 1 Derate 3mW/°C increase in ambient temperature. The total power dissipation (available power to Emitter and Base-Two) must be limited by the external circuitry.

Note 2 Capacitor discharge – 10μF or less, 30 volts or less

Electrical Characteristics: (T_A = +25°C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Intrinsic Standoff Ratio	η	V _{B2B1} = 10V, Note 3	0.56	–	0.75	–
Interbase Resistance	r _{BB}	V _{B2B1} = 3V, I _E = 0	4.7	7.0	9.1	kΩ
Interbase Resistance Temperature Coefficient	ar _{BB}		0.1	–	0.9	%/°C

Note 3. Intrinsic standoff ratio, η is defined by equation:

$$\eta = \frac{V_P - V_F}{V_{B2B1}}$$

where V_P = Peak Point Emitter Voltage
 V_{B2B1} = Interbase Voltage
 V_F = Emitter to Base-One Junction Diode Drop (~ 0.45V @ 10μA)

Electrical Characteristics (Cont'd): ($T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{EB1(sat)}$	$V_{B2B1} = 10\text{V}, I_E = 50\text{mA}$, Note 4	-	3.5	-	V
Modulated Interbase Current	$I_{B2(mod)}$	$V_{B2B1} = 10\text{V}, I_E = 50\text{mA}$	-	15	-	mA
Emitter Reverse Current	I_{EB20}	$V_{B2E} = 30\text{V}, I_{B1} = 0$	-	0.005	12	μA
Peak Point Emitter Current	I_P	$V_{B2B1} = 25\text{V}$	-	1	5	μA
Valley Point Current	I_V	$V_{B2B1} = 20\text{V}, R_{B2} = 100\Omega$	4	6	-	mA
Base-One Peak Pulse Voltage	V_{OB1}		3	5	-	V

Note 4. Use pulse techniques: Pulse Width $\sim 300\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$ to avoid internal heating due to interbase modulation which may result in erroneous readings.

